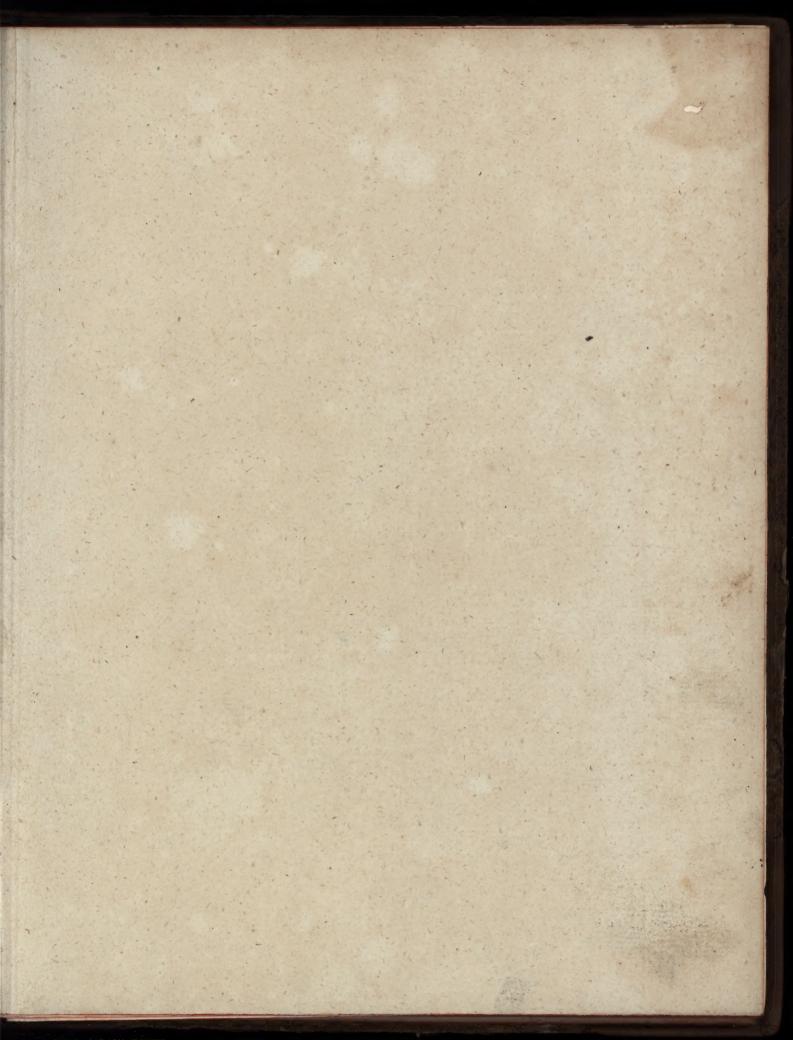
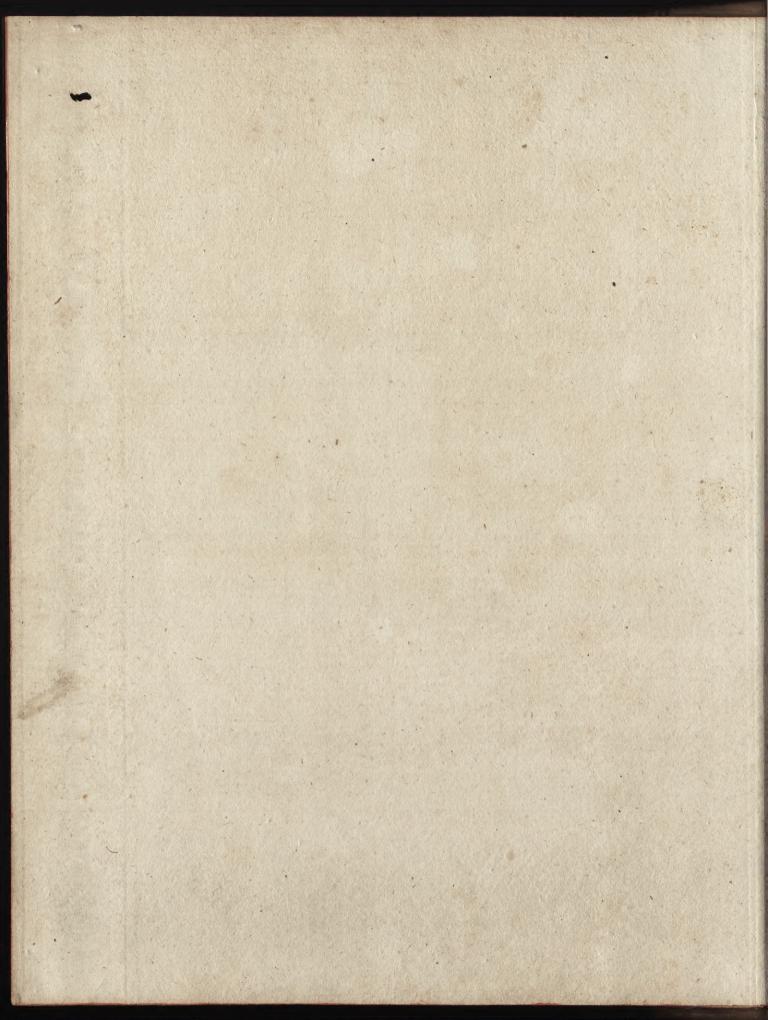


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# HISTORICAL ACCOUNT

OF THE

# ROYAL HOSPITAL

FOR

## SEAMEN

AT

### GREENWICH.

M, DCC, LXXXIX.

Garrula securi narrare pericula Nauta.

JUV. SAT.

#### LONDON:

SOLD FOR THE AUTHORS BY

G. NICOL, PALL-MALL; T. CADELL, STRAND; J. WALTER, CHARING-CROSS; G. G. J. AND J. ROBINSON, PATER-NOSTER-ROW;

AND

AT THE CHAPEL OF THE HOSPITAL.

Entered at Stationers-Hall.

ATTERIOR TO THE TANK OF THE PARTY OF T

#### RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS AND OTHERS

#### COMMISSIONERS AND GOVERNORS

OFTHE

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR SEAMEN AT GREENWICH,

THE FOLLOWING HISTORICAL ACCOUNT,

COLLECTED BY PERMISSION.

FROM ORIGINAL PAPERS AND RECORDS,

AND EMBELLISHED WITH ENGRAVINGS,

I S,

WITH THE GREATEST RESPECT

AND DEFERENCE,

INSCRIBED, BY

THE AUTHORS,

JOHN COOKE, A.M. Chaplains.

Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, September 22d, 1789. THE RESERVE OF THE WHAT THE WATER WATER WATER

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## INTRODUCTION.

THERE is nothing which reflects greater honor upon human nature, than those Institutions which owe their rife to motives of Benevolence, and of fuch there are many and excellent in their kinds, the glory and ornament of these Kingdoms. But where we find attention to the relief of private distress, joined to the most effectual care of the public interests, we cannot help admiring the political wifdom of fuch an Institution, whilst we are delighted with the reflection that it is the fource of happiness to individuals. Inflitutions of this fort, however, requiring ability proportionable to the beneficial effects which they are meant to produce, cannot be supported unless cherished by the streams of public Munificence, and the invigorating rays of Royal Favor.

With regard to that which it is our purpose to trace from its Origin to its present state of Splendor,

dor, every one who wishes well to this Country must with pleasure remark, how much its Interests have been thought worthy the attention of our Sovereigns, from the glorious Founders of it, to the Prince who now sits upon the Throne, whose peculiar happiness it is to promote and encourage every undertaking which tends to the Good of his People.

The Character of piety and humanity which (a) History has given to the Consort of William the Third, appears to have been justly founded; many effects of her excellent disposition remaining to this day. The first idea of that noble Institution, of which we are now treating, is with every appearance of justice ascribed to (b) her. It was impossible to find Objects who deserved better of the Public, or in a situation more deplorable, than those whose Strength had been exhausted, or who had been mutilated or

" mentioned History.

<sup>(</sup>a) See her character as drawn by Mr. Boyer in his History of King William and Queen Mary.

<sup>(</sup>b) "And the last great Project that her Thoughts were working upon, with relation to a noble and royal Provision for disabled Seamen at

<sup>&</sup>quot;Greenwich, was particularly defigned to be fo conflituted as to put them in a probable way of ending their Days in the Fear of God."—See Boyer's above-

want of a fafe harbour wherein they might anchor, and an Afylum wherein they might repose, after the fatigues, hardships and dangers which they had encountered, sew only escaped from the accumulated distresses of poverty, infirmity, and pain. To behold the Protectors of a Nation which she loved, cruelly abandoned under such circumstances, excited her Royal Compassion; and one of the last acts of her exemplary Life was the proposal of an Institution, which should provide for those unfortunate, but highly deserving, Sufferers.

King William, sensible of its utility, readily acceded to the wishes of his Royal Consort. Before her demise, the following Grant was made of a House built by King Charles the Second, with certain Lands in the Manor of East Greenwich; and it will appear that, after the irreparable Loss which the Country and the King sustained by the Queen's decease, this Institution was honored by his Majesty's singular Protection.

Copy of King William's and Queen Mary's Original Grant of King Charles the Second's Palace at East-Greenwich, and of the Ground thereto belonging, for the Use of an Hospital, for the Relief of Seamen, their Widows and Children.

VILLIAM and MARY, by the Grace of God King & Queene of England, Scotland, France & Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. to all to whome these Presents shall come Greeting. Whereas it is our Royal Intent and Regital of Inpurpose to erect and found an Hospital within our Mannor an Hospital for of East Greenwich in our County of Kent for the reliefe and fupport of Seamen ferving on board the Shipps or Vessells belonging to the Navy Royall of Us our Heires or Successors or imploy'd in our or their Service at Sea who by reason of Age Wounds or other disabilities shall be uncapable of further Service at Sea and be unable to maintain themselves And And for Suffenfor the Sustentation of the Widows and the Maintenance dows, Children, and Relief of and Education of the Children of Seamen happening to be Seamen, &c. flaine or disabled in such Sea Service and Also for the further reliefe and Encouragement of Seamen and Improvement of Navigation. Now to the End our Royal Purpose and Intention in the Premises may the better take Effect Know yee that Wee of our especial Grace certain Knowledge and

meere Motion have givin and granted, and by these Presents,

for us Our Heires and Successours doe give and grant unto our right trufty and right well-beloved Counsellor Sr John Grant to certain Somers Knt Keeper of our great Seale of England, our right trusty and right entirely beloved Cousin & Counsellor Thomas Duke of Leeds President of our Privy Council our right trufty and right well-beloved Coufin & Counfellor Thos Earle of Pembrooke and Montgomery Keeper of our Privy Seale, our right trusty & right entirely beloved Cousin & Counsellor Charles Duke of Shrewsbury one of our Principall Secretaries of State, our right trusty and well-beloved Counfellor Sidney Lord Godolphin first Commissioner of our Treasury, & our right trusty and well-beloved Counfellors Sr John Trenchard Knt one of our Principall Secretaries of State and Edwd Ruffell Esqre. our first Commissioner for executing the office of our High Admirall of England, Admirall of our Navy Royall and our Treasurer for the fame, and our right trusty and well beloved Sr Stephen Fox Knight one of the Commissioners of our Treasury, Sr John Lowther of Whit haven Baronett one of the Commissioners for executing the Office of our high Admirall, Sr Wm Ashurst

of Ground in East Greenwich.

Description of

All that piece or parcell of Ground fituate lying and being within the parish of East Greenwich in the said. County of Kent and being parcell or reputed parcell of our Mannor of East Greenwich aforesaid containing in the whole by Admeasurement eight Acres two roods and 32 Square perches be the same more or lesse as the said Ground is now marke'd staked or otherwise set outs. In which admeas

Knight Mayor of our City of London, S' Robert Clayton. Knight, Sir Patience Ward Knight Sir John Moor Knight:

& Sir Wm Pritchard Knight.

admeasureme the Ground designe'd for a way or passage to lead thorow the premises and herein aftermentioned to be excepted is comprehended or reckoned Which faid piece or parcell of Ground is bounded with our River of Thames towards the North and containes by Admeasuremt along by the sd. River from the Tenement there late in the occupation of Nicholas Smithys or his Assignes to the East End of the Edifice called the vestry there six hundred seventy three feet of Affize be the same more or lesse, and the sa piece or parcell of Ground abutts in part on the publique Way leading from the Crane there to the Lane called the back Lane towards the East and containeth towards the faid publique way three hundred fiftie eight feet of Assize be the same more or lesse, and then returnes more Eastward 72 feet of Affize litle more or lesse And then the sd. piece or parcell of Ground abutts in other part towards the East upon the sd. Lane called the Back Lane and containes by Admeafurement agth the st back Lane one hundred ninety nine feet of Affize litle more or leffe, And the sd. piece or parcell of Ground from East to West towards the South containes by Admeasuremt six hundred sistie eight feet of Assize more or leffe including the thickness of the Brick Walls on both fides and doth abutt towards the South upon part of the ground of the old Tilt-yard and upon part of the Garden called the Queen's Garden the North Ends of the Ground of the old Tilt yard and of the sd. Garden and abt. halfe the Edifice there now used for the service of our Ordinance being comprehended within these dimensions as part of the Ground thereby intended to be passed, And the said piece or parcell of Ground towards the West containes in length from North to South by admeasurem. seaven hundred and eighteen B 2

In Truft, to be converted into an Hospital,

and when a Corporation shall be establifhed.

fors to the Intent neverthelesse that the aforesaid Premises and every Part thereof shall be converted & imployed unto and for the Use & Service of such an Hospitall as aforesaid. and that as foon as the Buildings thereof shall be finished & that wee our Heires or Successors shall create and establish a Corporation or Body Politique for the Government of the faid Hospital and the revenues thereof that then the faid Sr John Somers Thomas Duke of Leeds Thomas Earle of Pembrooke & Montgomery Charles Duke of Shrewsbury Sidney Lord Godolphin Sr John Trenchard Ed Russell Sr Stephen Fox Sr John Lowther Sr Wm Ashurst Sr Robt Clayton Sr Patience Ward Sr John Moor and Sr Wm Pritchard and the Survivors and Survivor of them his & their Heires and Affignes doe and shall by the Command or to convey to such Appointment of us our Heires or Successors convey the st Premises and all their Estate therein unto such Body Po-

Corporation, Subject to such other Rules, &c.

litique & their Successors for ever. To be subject to such orders Statutes Rules Constitutions & Appointments as Wee our Heires or Successors by Letters Patents under the great Seale of England shall be pleased to make or establish for or concerning the Foundation Rule & good Government of the faid Hospitall & the Revenues and Possessions of the same and to & for none other use Intent or Purpose whatsoever. Provided always and we doe hereby promife grant & declare that the faid Sr John Somers Thomas Duke of Leeds Thomas Earle of Pembrooke and Montgomery Charles Duke of felves their Ex- Shrewsbury Sidney Lord Godolphin Sr John Trenchard Edward Ruffel Sr Stephen Fox Sr John Lowther Sir William Ashurst Sir Robert Clayton Sir Patience Ward Sir John Moor and Sir William Pritchard their Heires and Affignes shall from Time to Time by or out of the Profitts of the Premises

Truffees may reimburse thempences.

Premises be reimbursed all such Charges and Expences as they or any of them shall be necessarily put to in the Execution of the Trust hereby reposed in them. And Lastly our Will and Pleasure is and Wee do hereby for us our Heires and Successors grant and declare that these our Letters Patents & every Article Clause Matter and Thing therein contained shall be good valid firms & effectual in the Law Grant good saccording to the true Intent and meaning of the same and shall be soe construed adjudged and taken in all our Courts of Record and elsewhere any Matter Cause or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding. In Witnesse whereof wee have caused these our Letters to be made Patents Witnesse ourselves at Westminster the five and twentieth of October in the sixth year of our Reigne by Writt of privy Seale.

Pigott.

THE MAINTERS

#### Tertia Pars PATEN de Anno BR. GULIELMI tertii SEPTIBD.

Danie et al de Erectione Hospital apud Greenwich.

(2)

D. Comis.
Georgio Principi TIIILIAM the Third by the Grace of God, &c. To our dearly beloved Brother in Law Prince George Hereditary of Denmark The most Reverend Father in God Thomas Arch Bishop of Canterbury Primate and Metropolitan of all England and the Arch Bishop of Canterbury for the Time being our Right Trufty and Wellbeloved Councellour Sir John Sommers Knight Keeper of our Great Seale of England and our Chancellor of England Keeper and Commissioners of our Great Seale for the Time being our Right Trufty and Right Entirely Beloved Coufin and Councellor Thomas Duke of Leeds President of our Privy Councill and the President of our Privy Councill for the Time being our Right Trusty and Right Wellbeloved Cousin and Councellor Thomas Earle of Pembrook and Montgomery Keeper of our Privy Seale and the Keeper of our Names of Com. Privy Seale for the Time being our Right Trufty and Right Entirely Beloved Coufins and Councellors Henry Duke of Norfolke Earl Marshall of England William Duke of Devonshire Steward of our Household Charles Duke of Bolton Charles Duke of Shrewsbury one of our Principall Secretaries of State and William Duke of Bedford our Right Trusty and Entirely Beloved Cousins and Councellors John Marquesse of Normanby and Charles Paulett Esquire commonly called Marquesse of Winchester our Right Trusty

missioners.

State

Trusty and Wellbeloved Cousins and Councellors Robert Names of Com-Earle of Lindsey Great Chamberlaine of England Charles Earle of Dorsett and Middlesex Chamberlaine of our Household Aubrey Earle of Oxford John Earle of Bridgwater Thomas Earle of Stamford John Earle of Bath Daniell Earle of Nottingham Lawrence Earle of Rochester William Earle of Portland Thomas Earle of Fauconberg Charles Earle of Monmouth Ralph Earle of Mountague Richard Earle of Scarborough Francis Earle of Bradford Henry Earle of Romney Master of our Ordnance and the Master of our Ordnance for the Time being Richard Earle of Ranelagh in our Kingdome of Ireland Paymaster of our Forces our Right Trusty and Wellbeloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Lord Durfley commonly called Viscount Dursley Son and Heire Apparent of our Right Trusty and Right Wellbeloved Coufin George Earle of Berkley The Right Reverend Father in God Henry Bishop of London and the Bishop of that See for the Time being our Right Trusty and Wellbeloved Councellors Robert Lord Lexington Charles Lord Cornwallis Sidney Lord Godolphin First Commissioner of our Treasury Henry Lord Capell Thomas Lord Coningeshy in our Kingdome of Ireland Charles Mountague Esquire one of the Commissioners of our Treafury Chancellor and Under Treasurer of our Exchequer and the Chancellor and Under Treasurer of our Exchequer for the Time being Sir John Trevor Knight Speaker of our House of Commons and Master of our Rolles and the Master of our Rolles for the Time Time being Sir Robert Exd. Howard Knight Auditor of the Receipt of our Excheq; Thomas Wharton Esquire Comptroller of our Household Sir John Trenchard Knight our Principall Secretary of

State and our Principall Secretarys of State for the Time Names of Com- being Sir John Holt Knight Cheife Justice affigned to hold Pleas before us and the Cheif Justice to be assigned to hold: Pleas before us for the Time being Sir John Lowther of Lowther Baronett Sir Henry Goodrick Knight and Baronett Leuitenant Generall of our Ordnance Edward Russell Esquire First Commissioner of our Admiralty Treasurer of our Navy and Admirall of our Navy Royall Richard Hampden and Hugh Boscowen Equires our Trusty and Wellbeloved Sir Stephen Fox Knight one other of the Commissioners of our Treasury Sir William Trumball Knight one other of the Commissioners of our Treasury. John Smith Esquire one other of the Commissioners of our Treasury and the Treasurer of England Treasurer of our Exchequer and Commissioners of our Treasury, for the Time being Sir John Lowther of Whitehaven Baronett Henry Preistman Esquire Robert Austen Esquire Sir Robert Rich Knight and Baronett Sir George Rooke and Sir John Houblon Knightes (which fix last mencioned are alfoe Commissioners of our Admiralty) and the High Admirall of England or the Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admirall of England for the Time being Our Right Trusty and Right Wellbeloved Cousins William Earle of Craven Charles Bodvile Earle of Radnor George Earle of Berkley and Arthur Earle of Torrington Our Trusty and Wellbeloved Sir William Gregory Knight Sir Giles Eyre Knight and Samuell Eyre Justices affigned to hold Pleas before us and the Justices to be affigned to hold Pleas before us for the Time being Sir George Treby Knight Cheife Justice of our Court of Common Pleas Sir Edward Nevill Knight Sir Thomas Rokeby Knight and

Exd.

Sir John Powell Knight Justices of our Court of Common Names of Commissioners. Pleas and the Cheife Justice and Justices of the same Court for the Time being Sir Nicholas Lechmere Knight Sir John Turton Knight Sir John Powell Knight Barons and George Bradbury Esquire Cursitor Baron of our Court of Exchequer and the Cheife Baron Barons of the Coife and Cursitor Baron of our Court of Exchequer for the Time being The most Revered Father in God John Arch Bishop of York Primate and Metropolitan of England and the Arch Bishop of Yorke for the Time being The Right Reverend Fathers in God Nathaniell Bishop of Duresme Peter Bishop of Winchester William Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry William Bishop of Llandasse Edward Bishop of St. Afaph Thomas Bishop of Rochester Thomas Bishop of Carlisle Jonathan Bishop of Exon Thomas Bishop of St. Davides Gilbert Bishop of Sarum Humphry Bishop of Bangor Edward Bishop of Worcester Simon Bishop of Ely Gilbert Bishop of Hereford Nicholas Bishop of Chester John Bishop of Oxford John Bishop of Norwich Richard Bishop of Peterborow Edward Bishop of Gloucester Robert Bishop of Chichester Richard Bishop of Bath and Welles John Bishop of Bristoll and James Bishop of Lincolne and the severall Bishops of the same Sees for the Time being Our Trusty and Wellbeloved Sir Edward Ward Knight our Attorney Generall Sir Thomas Trevor Knight our Sollicitor Generall Samuell Travers Esquire Surveyor Generall of our Landes Sir Christopher Wrenn Knight Surveyor Generall of our Workes Our Trusty and Wellbeloved Sir Thomas Lane Knight Mayor of our City of London and the Mayor of the same City for the Time being Sir Robert Clayton Sir Patience Ward Sir John Moor Sir William

C 2

Pritchard

Names of Com- Pritchard Sir Robert Jeffery Sir Thomas Stamp Sir John Fleet Sir William Ashurst Sir Jonathan Raymond Sir Peter Daniel Sir Samuell Dashwood Sir Thomas Kensey Sir John Parsons Sir Edward Clarke Sir Humphry Edwin Sir Francis Child Sir Richard Levett Sir William Gore Sir Thomas Cooke Sir James Houblon Sir Thomas Abney Sir William Hedges Knightes Thomas Darwin and Joseph Smart: Esquires Aldermen of our City of London and all and every the Aldermen of the same City for the Time being Our Trufty and Wellbeloved Edmund Bowyer of Camberwell Esquire Michaell Godfrey Esquire Sir Leonard Robinfon Knight Chamberlaine of London Sir John Morden Sir John Bankes Sir Josiah Child Sir Peter Vandeputt Sir William Ruffell Sir Jeremy Sambrooke Sir Gabriell Robertes Sir John Foche Sir Henry Furnes Sir William Scawen Sir Joseph Herne Knightes Sir Richard Onslow Baronett John Lock Gilbert Heathcott and Arthur Shallett Efquires Our Trusty and Wellbeloved Sir Richard Haddocke Sir Cloudesley Shovell Knightes Edmund Dummer Charles Sergifon Samuel Pett Thomas Willshaw Dennis Liddall Benjamin Timewell Esquires Principall Officers of our Navy and the Principall Officers in the Nature of Commiffioners of our Navy for the Time being and our Trusty and Wellbeloved Sir Charles Hedges Knight Judge of our Supreme Court of Admiralty Henry Guy Esquire Thomas Pavillon Efquire Thomas Westerne Esquire Charles Duncomb Esquire Peter Houblon Esquire Edmund Bolter Esquire Thomas Firmin and William Lowndes Gentleman Our Trusty and Well Beloved John Hill Esquire Master and Affistant of Trinity House of Deptford Strond Captain Samuell Rutter Captain John Bowers Captain John Conaway Captain

Captain Roger Paxton Captain John Benbow Sir Mathew Andrews Captain John Nicholles Captain Ralph Sanderson Robert Lord Lucas Sir Henry Sheere Knight James Sotherne Esquire Captain Robert Fisher Captain George Phenney Captain Samuell Atkinson Captain Henry Greenhill Captain Henry Rifbe Captaine Balchazar St. Michell Captain Humphrey Ayles Captain John Jacob Captain William Crust Captain William Gutteridge Captain John Haslewood and the Master and all and every the Wardens Assistantes and Elder Brethren of Trinity House of Deptford Strond for the Time being Greeting Whereas wee are extremely Recital-Defire desirous that the Trade Navigacion and Navall Strength of Naval Strength of the Realm. this our Realme of England (whereupon the Safety and Flourishing State thereof doth foe much depend) should by all proper Meanes be promoted and advanced and Whereas wee are perswaded that nothing will more effectually con-But nothing will tribute thereto then the endeavouring by due and fitting contribute there to than Encouragementes to encrease the Numbers of Encouragements. Encouragementes to encrease the Numbers of English Seamen ragement to Seamen. as well for the Strengthening of our Navy Royall and better performeing the Navall Services of us our Heires and Succeffors as for the supplying and carrying on the Occacions and Bufinesse of our Merchantes and other our Loving Subjects interested in Trade Commerce Fishing Plantacion Discovery and other Affaires relating to Navigacion Milbereas the Seafaring Men of this Kingdome have for a That the Sealong Time distinguisht themselves throughout the World by Kingdom have for a long Time their Industry and Skillfullnesse in their proper Employmentes distinguished themselves, &c. and by their Courage and Constancy manifested in Engagementes and Hazardes for the Defence Honour of their Native Country and nothing is more likely to continue this Nothing more their Ancient Reputacion and to invite greater Numbers of tinue.

our

Their Reputation, and invite greater Numbers. &c. than making a com-petent Provision for Seamen,

our Subjectes to betake themselves to the Sea then the

their Widows and Children.

to erect an Hof-

of 25th October tees in Fce

makeing fome competent Provision that Seamen who by Age Woundes or other Accidentes shall become disabled for further Service at Sea and shall not be in a Condicion to mainetaine themselves comfortably may not fall under Hardships and Miseries but may be supported at the Publick Charge and that the Children of fuch Difabled Seamen and also the Widowes and Children of such Seamen as shall happen to be Slain in Sea Service may in some reasonable manner be provided for and Educated and Whereas haveing frequently reflected on the Premisses since our Ac-Determination cession to the Crowne Wee have determined with ourselves to erect and establish A Hospitall for the Purposes aforesaid and altho' by Reason of the Expensive Warr in which wee have been and are at present engaged wee have not been able to carry on the faid good and pious Purpofes to fuch Effect as wee have defired Let in Order to begin to put the fame in Execucion Wee and our late most deare Consort Revifal of Grant the Queen Dit by our Letters Patentes under the Great to certain Trus- Seale of England bearing Date the five and twentyeth Day of October last past Give and Grant unto you the said Sir John Sommers Thomas Duke of Leedes Thomas Earle of Pembroke and Montgomery Charles Duke of Shrewsbury Sidney Lord Godolphin Sir John Trenchard Edward Ruffell Sir Stephen Fox Sir John Lowther of Whitehaven Sir William Ashurst Sir Robert Clayton Sir Patience Ward

Sir John Moore and Sir William Pritchard and to your of certain Lands Heires and Assignes for ever All that Peice or Parcell of Ground scituate lying and being within the Parish of East Greenwich in our County of Kent and being Parcell or reputed Parcell of our Mannor of East Greenwich aforesaid containing containing in the whole by Admeasurement Eight Acres Twoe Rodds and Thirty twoe Square Perches be the fame Exd. more or lesse as the faid Ground is now marked staked or otherwise set out IN WHICH Admeasurement the Ground. defigned for a Way or Passage to lead through the Premisses. and therein mentioned to be excepted is comprehended and reckoned WHICH faid Peice or Parcell of Ground is butted and bounded as in the faid Letters Patentes is expressed and all that Capitall Messuage lately built or in building by and capital our Royall Uncle King Charles the fecond and still remaining Unfinished commonly called by the Name of our Palace at Greenwich standing upon the Peice or Parcell of Ground. aforesaid and several other Edifices and Buildinges and other Thinges in the faid Letters Patentes mencioned Except as therein is excepted To the Intent neverthelesse That the aforesaid Premisses and every Part thereof shall be converted To be converted into and emand employed unto and for the Use and Service of our Hof-ployed as an Hospital for pitall for the Releife of Seamen theire Widdows and Children Seamen, their Widdows and Children Widows and and Encouragement of Navigacion in such Manner as is Children, &c. therein expressed and as by the Letters Patentes aforesaid. (Relacion being thereunto had) may more fully appeare And as wee are fully fatisfyed That the Erecting of fuch an Hospitalle as aforesaid will be of great Benefit and Advantage to this our Kingdome So also takeing into our Royall Confideracion that the constituting and establishing Rules and Staa Foundacion of that Nature and the Frameing of Rules framed. and Statutes for the Government thereof in fuch a Manner as may best answer what is thereby intended and defigned. is a Matter of great Difficulty and fuch as does require mature Deliberacion and Advice know pee therefore That wee reposeing especiall Trust and Confidence in your. known.

appointed.

known Discrecions Abilityes and Integrityes Dave nominated authorized and constituted and not by these Presentes nominate authorize and appoynt you the faid Prince George Hereditary of Denmark Thomas Arch Bishopp of Canterbury and the Arch Bishopp of Canterbury for the Time being Sir John Sommers and our Chancellor of England Keeper and Commissioners of our Great Seale for the Time being Thomas Duke of Leedes and the President of our Privy Councill for the Time being Thomas Earl of Pembrook and Montgomery and the Keeper of our Privy Seale for the Time being Henry Duke of Norfolke William Duke of Devonshire Charles Duke of Bolton Charles Duke of Shrewsbury and William Duke of Bedford John Marquess of Normanby and Charles Paulett Esquire commonly called Marquesse of Winchester Robert Earl of Lindsey Charles Earl of Dorfett and Middlesex Aubery Earle of Oxford John Earl of Bridgwater Thomas Earl of Stamford Names of Com- John Earl of Bath Daniell Earl of Nottingham Lawrence Earl of Rochester William Earl of Portland Thomas Earl of Fauconberg Charles Earl of Monmouth Ralph Earl of Mountague Richard Earl of Scarborough Francis Earl of Bradford Henry Earl of Romney and the Master of our Ordnance for the Time being Richard Earl of Ranelagh Charles Lord Dursley commonly called Viscount Dursley Henry Bishop of London and the Bishop of that See for the Time being Robert Lord Lexington Charles Lord Cornwallis Sidney Lord Godolphin Henry Lord Capell Thomas Lord Coningesby Charles Mountague and the Chancellor and Under Treasure of our Exchequer for the Time being Sir John Trevor and the Master of our Rolles for the Time being Sir Robert Howard Thomas Wharton Sir John Trenchard

Exd.

missioners.

Trenchard and our Principall Secretaries of State for the Commissioners Names. Time being Sir John Holt and the Cheife Justice to be affigned to hold Pleas before us for the Time being Sir John Lowther of Lowther Sir Henry Goodrick Edward Ruffell Richard Hampden Hugh Buscowen Sir Stephen Fox Sir William Trumbull John Smith and the Treasurer of England Treasurer of our Exchequer and Commissioners of our Treasury for the Time being Sir John Lowther of Whitehaven Henry Preistman Robert Austen Sir Robert Rich Sir George Rooke and Sir John Houblon and the High Admirall of England or the Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admirall of England for the Time being William Earle of Craven Charles Bodvile Earl of Radnor George Earl of Berkley and Arthur Earl of Torrington Sir William Gregory Sir Giles Eyre and Samuell Eyre and the Justices to be affigned to hold Pleas before us for the Time being Sir George Treby Sir Edward Nevill Sir Thomas Rokeby and Sir John Powell and the Cheife Justice and Justices of the Court of Common Pleas for the Time being Sir Nicholas Letchmere Sir John Turton Sir John Powell and George Bradbury and the Cheife Baron Barons of the Coife and Cursitor Baron of our Court of Exchequer for the Time being John Arch Bishop of York and the Arch Bishop of York for the Time being Nathaniel Bishop of Duresme Peter Bishop of Winchester William Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry William Bishop of Landaffe Edward Bishop of St. Asaph Thomas Bishop of Rochester Thomas Bishop of Carlisle Jonathan Bishop of Exon Thomas Bishop of St. Davides Gilbert Bishop of Sarum Humphry Bishop of Bangor Edward Bishop of Worcester Simon Bishop of Ely Gilbert Bishop of Hereford Nicholas

Commissioners Names. Bishop of Chester John Bishop of Oxford John Bishop of Norwich, Richard Bishop of Peterborow Edward Bishop of Gloucester Robert Bishop of Chichester Richard Bishop of Bath and Wells John Bishop of Bristoll and James Bishop of Lincolne and the severall Bishops of the same Sees for the Time being Sir Edward Ward Sir Thomas Trevor Samuell Travers Sir Christopher Wrenn Sir Thomas Lane and the Mayor of our City of London for the Time being Sir Robert Clayton Sir Patience Ward Sir John Moor Sir William Pritchard Sir Robert Jeffery Sir Thomas Stamp Sir John Fleet Sir William Ashurst Sir Jonathan Raymond Sir Peter Daniell Sir Samuell Dashwood Sir Thomas Kensey Sir John Parsons Sir Edward Clarke Sir Humphry Edwin Sir Francis Child Sir Richard Levett Sir William Gore Sir Thomas Cooke Sir James Houblon Sir Thomas Abney Sir William Hedges Thomas Darwin and Joseph Smart and all and every the Aldermen of the same City for the Time being Edmund Bowyer Michael Godfrey Sir Leonard Robinson Sir John Morden Sir John Bankes Sir Josiah Child Sir Peter Vandeputt Sir William Russell Sir Jeremy Sambrooke Sir Gabriel Robertes Sir John Foche Sir Henry Furnes Sir William Scawen Sir Joseph Herne Sir Richard Onslow Baronett John Lock Gilbert Heathcott and Arthur Shallett Efquires Sir Richard Haddock Sir Cloudesley Shovell Edmund Dummer Charles Sergison Samuell Pett Thomas Wilshaw Dennis Liddall Benjamin Timewell and the Principall Officers in the Nature of Commissioners of our Navy for the Time being Sir Charles Hedges Henry Guy Thomas Papillon Thomas Westerne Charles Duncomb Peter Houblon Edmund Bolter Thomas Firmin and William Lowndes John Hill Captaine Samuell Rutter

Rutter (Commissionets Captain John Conaway Cap-Commissionets tain Rogard axton Captain John Bendbow Sir Mathew Andrewees Cotain John Nicholles Captain Ralph Saunderson Rober Lord Lucas Sir Henry Shere James Sotherne Captain Robrt Fisher Captaine George Shenney Captain Samuell Akison Captain Henry Greenhill Captain Balchazar St. Mchell Captain Humphry Ayles Captain John Jacob (Captai William Crust Captain William Gutteridge Captaim JohnHazlewood and the Master and all and every the Warrdens Affistantes and Elder Brethren of Trinity House of Detford Strond for the Time being to be our Commissioner for the Purposes herein after mencioned and to tipe Go That our Royall Purpose and Intencion herein imay the better take Effect Our Will and Pleasure is AND weee do hereby order direct and appoint that you do from Time to Time meet together at some convenient Place Commissioners for the Execcion of this our Commission and that at your first or ome other Subsequent Meeting or Meetinges fo many of you as shall be then present (of whom any one of whom one or more of you being of our Privy Councill and any one or one Commissionmore of you the Commissioners of our Treasury and any fury and of the Admiralty to be one or more of you the Commissioners for executing the three, Office off our High Admirall of England for the Time being to be three at the least) doe consider of such proper to consider of and fitt Methodes as you shall Judge most expedient to be cuting the Comobserved in executing the same and wee doe also by these Presents authorize and impower you our faid Commissioners or any seaven or more of you (of whom any one or more of commissioners you our Privy Councellors and any one or more of you the or any 7 of them Commissioners of our Treasury and any one or more of you the Commissioners for executing the Office of our High Ad-D 2

mirall

Commission.

And out of their own Number appoint Sub-Committees.

And invest them

And revoke and zenew fuch Committees,

Exd.

Commissioners with Affilance Artifts to confider what Part of the Structures will be unfit for the Hospital,

and how the present Structures may be best prepared for the Use of the Hospital,

mirall of England for the Time being to be three at the may call Persons least) to call to your Aid and Assistance such Persons as you ance in the Exe-shall think fitt to affist and advise you in the due and effectuall Execucion of this our Commission and out of your owne Number (as often as you shall judge it expedient) to appoynt and constitute such and soe many Sub Committees for the better manageing and carrying on our faid Purpose and Inwith Powers &c. tencion in this our Commission and to invest them with fuch Powers as you shall think fitt to intrust them with purfuant to the Powers hereby given to yourselves and to revoake or make void the fame and to revive and make anew the faid Sub Committees fo often as you shall think needful as aforesaid and wee doe by these Presents authorize and require you our faid Commissioners or any seaven or more of you (of whom any one or more of you our Privy Councellors. and any one or more of you the Commissioners of our Treasury and any or more of you the Commissioners for executing the Office of our High Admirall of England for. of Surveyor Ge- the Time being to be three at the least) calling to your Affistance our Surveyor Generall of our Workes and also such other Artistes and Persons as you shall think fitt) to consider what Part and how much of the Structures and Buildinges now standing upon the Peices or Parcelles of Ground contained in our Grant above mencioned will be unfitt or not ferviceable for the Hospitall hereby intended to be erected and. in what manner such of the present Structures as you shall think fitt to stand may best be altered fitted and prepared for the Use and Service of the said Hospitall in order to represent the same to us with all convenient Speed wee doe also authorize and require you our said Commisfioners or any feaven or more of you (of whom three or more

more to be fuch as aforesaid) forthwith according to the best of your Judgmentes and Discreccions to prepare one or To prepare Models of Buildings more Modell or Modelles of fuch Buildinges Workes Erec- to be erected, cions and Conveniencies as you shall think most fitt and proper to be erected and made in and upon the Premisses by us granted as aforesaid for the Use of the said intended Hofpitall with fuch Schemes or Draughtes as may best explaine with such Schemes and the fame and with all convenient Speed to present such Modell Drafts as may explain them. or Modelles to us for our Royal Approbacion and wee do further hereby authorize and impower you our faid Commissioners or any seaven or more of you (of whom three or more to be fuch as aforefaid calling to your Affiftance our And with the Attorney or Sollicitor Generall or any other of our Councill Attorney and Solicitor General learned in the Law for the Time being or fuch others as you shall think meet) to confider of and prepare a Charter or to confider of Charters of Foundacion of such Hospitall and also such Charter of Statutes Constitucions Orders and Ordinances as may be And also Staproper for the Foundacion perpetual Management Order Rule for the perpetual and good Governement of the fame and of the Poor People the poor People, Officers Servantes and others that shall be entertained in and ex. about the same and for and concerning all other Matters and Things relating thereto and to present the same to us for our Royall Confideracion And Whereas the greate and. earnest desire which we have to set about soe good and pious a Work has engaged us to begin the same at this Time altho" by reason of the present Necessity of our Affaires wee cannot advance for confiderable Summes for the beginning and carrying on the faid Work as wee doe defire and intend and by God's Bleffing in Times of Peace shall be enabled to doe Let neverthelesse as a further Instance of our Princely Zeale for advanceing the faid Defigne wee have refolved and determined:

determined and doe hereby declare and make knowne that from thenceforth wee will yearely cause to be issued and paid out of our Treasure at and upon the Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ in every Yeare or at such other Time in every Yeare as shall be defired by our said Commissioners or any seaven or more of them the sum of two thousand 2000l. to be paid Poundes for and towards the edifying perfecting and endow-

yearly out of the Hospital. Commissioners of the Treasury to pay fame without further Warrant.

Exd.

Treasury owards ing the faid Hospitall and to that End wee doe hereby for us our Heires and Successors require the Commissioner of our Treasury and Under Treasurer of our Exchequer now being and the Treasurer of our Exchequer and Commissioners of the Treasury and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer of us our Heires or Successors for the Time being withou any further or other Warrant to be had or obtained from us our Heires or Successors in that Behalfe from Time to Time to direct their Warrantes or Orders for the Payment of the faid Yearely Summe of two thousand Poundes as aforesaid out of fuch of our Treasure of us our Heires or Successors as shall not be appropriated to other Uses to the said Treasurer for the faid Hospitall hereby appointed or to such other Treasurer or Treasurers as shall be appointed as herein after is directed at the faid Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ in every Yeare or at fuch other Times in every Yeare as shall be defired by our faid Commissioners or any seaven or more of them as aforesaid during the Continuance of this our Commission and having no Doubt but that great Numbers of our good Subjectes will be disposed to follow our Example and will with great Chearfulnesse and Readinesse contribute to the advanceing so charitable a Designe which besides the Releife of so many poor disabled and necessitous Persons will prove of great Advantage to the Kingdome in the increafing

creafing the Navigacion and Navall Strength thereof by encouraging fitt Persons to betake themselves to Sea Service as foon as our Royall Intencions in the Premisses shall be made knowne and that their affifting us in the Building and Endowing the faid Hospitall will be most highly acceptable to us wee doe by these Presentes authorize and impower you our faid Comissioners or any seaven or more of you and Wee doe by these Presents Give and Grant to you or any Commissioners may receive seaven or more of you full Power and Authority to take and Griptions of any feriptions of any receive from fuch of our good Subjects as shall be piously &cc. Money, Goods, disposed to contribute towards the erecting and endowing of the faid Hospitall All such voluntary Giftes or Subscriptions of or for any Summe or Summes of Money Goodes or Chattelles or of any Estate or Interest in any Mannors Landes Tenementes Rentes Hereditamentes or other Mat- or of any Effate or Interest in any ters or Thinges whatfoever which any Person or Persons & which any shall be willing to give limitt appoint or bestowe for or willing to give towardes the Building Furnishing or Endowing of the Hof towards endowing the Hospitals pitall aforefaid. And for caufing to be collected and received whatfoever shall be given contributed bequeathed designed or appointed for that Use by the Handes of the Treasurer that shall be hereafter appointed to receive the same and to the End that our Intencion in the Premisses may be better known to our Loving Subjectes wee doe require you to cause Publick Notificacion of these Presentes or the Tenor or Forme thereof to be made in fuch Places or by fuch Wayes and Meanes as you shall think most conduceable to the Furtherance of the faid Charity and wee doe also by these Presentes authorize and impower you our said Commissioners or any seaven or more of you (of whom any one or more of you our Privy Councellors and any one or more

of you the Commissioners of our Treasury and any one or more of you the Commissioners for executing the Office of our High Admirall of England for the Time being to be three at the least) in case you shall find the same to be necessary for carrying on the Designe and Intencion of this our Commission by Instrumentes or Writinges under your Deputies to take Handes and Seales to depute and substitute such Persons as you shall think fitt to entrust to take such Subscripcions as aforesaid and to collect or bring in the Moneys which shall be contributed bequeathed defigned or appointed for the Uses aforesaid to the Handes of the Treasurer or Receiver Generall hereafter appointed and to displace or discharge fuch Substitutes or Deputies or any of them and to appoint others in the Place of them or any of them from Time to and establish or Time as you shall see cause and to settle establish and the Treasurer, appoynt such Cheques Comptrolles and Orders as you shall think necessary or safe for the full and due chargeing of the

der for charging

May appoint

Subscriptions,

ceive.

Upon fuspicion of Fraud, &cc.

may examine Witnesses upon Oath.

Substitutes, and all and every other Person and Persons whatwith the Monies soever whoe shall receive or be chargeable with any Moneys or other Profittes for the faid Charitable Use or Purpose to answer pay or account for the same and that our said Commissioners or any seaven or more of you from Time to Time as often as you or any seaven of you shall suspect or doubt of any Concealment Fraud or any Deceitfull or Indirect Practice in reference to any Moneys or other Thinges fubscribed contributed given bequeathed or appointed to the faid Use shall and may enquire thereof by the Examinacion of Witnesses upon Oath (which you have hereby Power to administer) or by any other lawful Wayes and Meanes whereby the Truth of the Matters in all fuch Cases may

best

Treasurer and Receiver Generall and also the said Deputies

for

best be knowne and to proceed thereupon with Effect and our Pleasure is and wee doe hereby require and command That you our faid Commissioners or any seaven or more of you do from Time to Time certify to the Comissioners of to certify to the our Treasury now being or to the Treasurer or Commissioners Names of Subof our Treasury for the Time being the Names of the Per-Sums subscribed. sons Societies Bodies Politick or Corporate who shall subscribe or contribute give devise or appoint any Moneys or any Reall Estate or other Matters or Thinges towardes this Charitable Defigne with the Summes of Money Goodes Chattelles Estate or other Thinges by them respectively contributed given limitted appointed or devised To the End a perpetuall Memoriall may be made of fuch Welldisposed Persons whoe shall become Benefactors as aforesaid and whereby the Treasurer or Receiver Generall may be chargeth Exd. with more Certainty in his Accomptes and in Regard wee doe confide very much in the Ability and Faithfulnesse of our Trusty and Wellbeloved John Evelyn Senior Esquire Wee have nominated affigned and appointed and wee doe hereby nominate affigne and appoint him the faid John John Evelyn Evelyn Senior to be the Treasurer and Receiver Generall of furer, all the Monies and other Profittes which shall be subscribed contributed given bequeathed devised defigned or appointed to or for the Building Furnishing or Endowing of the faid Hospitall or for any Matter or Thing relateing thereunto To continue in that Trust during our Pleasure And in during Pleasure. Case of his Death or Removall Wee doe hereby Give full And upon his Death or Re-Power and Authority to you our faid Commissioners or any moval, feaven or more of you (whereof any one or more of you our Privy Councellors and any one or more of you the Commiffioners of our Treasury and any or more of you the Commisfioners for executing the Office of High Admirall of England

Commiffioners to app int one them.

for the Time being to be three at the leaft) from Time to Time to appoint one or more fitt Person or Persons to the or more fit Per-fons to be Trea- faid Place or Trust of Treasurer and Receiver Generall surer, and to di-place or remove And fuch Person or Persons from Time to Time to remove or displace as you shall see Cause and our Will and Pleafure is That the Treasurer or Receiver Generall for the Time being shall have full Power and Authority and he is hereby fully authorized from Time to Time upon the Re-Upon Receipt of Receiptes of any Summe or Summes of Money or

Money, Treaquittances.

compts to be subject to such Examination and Controul as Commissioners

shall appoint.

None of the Monies, &c. applicable to any other Use than the Charity.

sucr to give Ac- other Profittes for the Purposes aforesaid or any of them to give an Acquittance or Acquittances for the fame which shall be good and sufficient Discharges to all Intentes and Treasurer's Ac- Purposes whatsover and the said Treasurer or Receiver Generall for the Time being in his Receiptes Paymentesand Accomptes shall be subject to such Inspeccion Examinacion and Comptroll as you or any feaven or more of you (whereof such as are before appointed for a special Quorum to be three at the least) shall establish or appoint and wee doe hereby for us our Heires and Successors strictly command enjoyne and require that none of the Moneys or other Thinges which shall be given contributed devised bequeathed defigned or appointed as aforesaid shall be diverted issued or applied or be in any wife applicable to any Use or Purpose whatfoever other then to the Charitable Purposes before mencioned or fome of them or to defray necessary Charges relateing thereunto and to the End that the Building and Fitting of the faid Hospitall may be carried on with as much Speed as is possible Wee doe by these Presentes give full Power and Authority to you our faid Commissioners or any feaven or more of you (of which any one or more of you our Privy Councellors and any one or more of you the Commissioners. Commissioners of our Treasury and any one or more of you the Commissioners for executing the Office of our High after their Re-Admirall of England for the Time being to be three at the of, may take least) when and as soon after as wee shall have approved the Buildings under our Signe Manuall your Report or Certificate in that Behalfe to take downe and demolish or cause to be taken downe and demolished soe much of the Buildinges and Structures nowe standinge upon the Ground by us granted as aforesaid as shall be judged as aforesaid to be unfitt or as shall be unfit not ferviceable for the Use of the Hospitall hereby intended and alter such Parts as shall be as alsoe to convert alter and fitt such of the present Structures appointed to stand. as shall be appointed to stand as aforesaid in such manner as shall be appointed as aforesaid and also from and after fuch Time as wee shall have approved and allowed of such Modell or Modelles as you shall have presented as aforesaid under our Signe Manuall or otherwise shall have allowed or And after the approved of any Modell Scheme or Designe for building Models, &c. fhall be approv'd, fitting or furnishing the faid Hospitall To putt in hand are to carry on the Buildings, carry on and finish with such convenient Speed as the Na- &c. ture of the Thing and fuch Moneys as shall be in the Handes of the faid Treasurer or Receiver will admitt the Buildinges and Structures of the faid Hospitall and of all the Offices and Conveniencies belonging thereto and to furnish the same accordingly In the doing of which you are to purfue fuch according to fuch Models, &c. as Modelles Orders and Direccions as shall be approved or fhall be approved or by Sign Manual. appointed by us under our Signe Manuall as aforesaid and our Pleasure is That you shall proceed in the said Workes in fuch Order and Method and by fuch Waies and Meanes and according to fuch Rules and Orders as to you shall feem best and that you shall call to your Ayd and Affist- To call to their ance such skillfull Artistes Officers and Workmen as you Artists,

as they shall think fit.

shall think fitt and to appoint to them severally their respective Charge or Bufinesse And that you our faid Commisfioners or any feaven or more of you (whereof any one or more of you our Privy Councellors and one or more of your the Commissioners of our Treasury and any one or more of you the Commissioners for executing the Office of our High-Admirall of England for the Time being to be three at the And direct Pay- least) shall by Warrantes in Writing direct the Issuing Payment Allowances and Expenditure of the Moneys or Profitts to be contributed given bequeathed devised or appointed as

aforesaid to buy or pay for Timber Brick Stone and other Materialles and for furnishing the faid Hospitall with Bedds

mens

for Materials, &c. Furniture, &cc.

and other Necessaries and Conveniencies and to pay necessary. and Salaries, &c. and reasonable Salaries Wages and Rewardes to the said Artiftes Officers and Workmen which shall be employed in the Building as aforesaid and to reward those who shall be neceffarily employed in bringing in receiving paying or accounting for the Moneys of the faid Contribucions and to defray all other Charges and Expences incident to the -Execucion of this our Commission or any Part thereof in fuch Proporcions Manner and Forme as you shall from

for fafe keeping and iffuing the Money, Provi-

To make Orders fuch of you as are last mencioned shall and do consider advise agree upon and sett downe Particular Orders and Instrucfion, Stores, &c. cions as well for the fafe keeping of the Money from Time to Time to be brought into the Treasury and of the Materialles and Provisions from Time to Time to be brought into the Stores as for the Faithfull and Frugall Issueing out and disposeing of the same for the Publick Use intended and. none other and to direct and appoint by whom and in what Manner the Bookes and Accountes of both shall be-

Time to Time judge reasonable and meet. And that you or

And to direct how his Bo ks and Accompts thall be audited, Ec.

from

from Time to Time kept comptrolled audited and allowed and out of your owne Number and fuch other Persons of Sub Committees knowne Integrity and Ability as you shall choose from Time to Time and as often as you shall judge it expedient to appoint constitute and make such and so many Sub Committees as you shall think meet for the better manageing and carrying on of the faid Workes and to invest them with for carrying on the Works, and Power to make Contractes and to do any other Matters or to make Contracts. Thinges which you shall think fitt to entrust them with pursuant to the Power hereby given to yourselves and to revoke and make voyd the fame and to revive and make new the faid Sub Committees or any other when and as often as you shall find it needfull and you and such of you as are last mencioned are to advise treat consider and determine of And to consider all other Matters Wayes and Meanes for the Advancement all other Matters, &c. of this usefull and necessary Designe and to put the same in Execucion till the faid Hospitall shall be compleatly built finished and furnished with all Thinges necessary thereunto till the Hospital and further wee doe for us our Heires and Successors de-fhall be finished. clare and grant to you our faid Commissioners and every of Commissioners you that you our faid Commissioners and every of you shall their own Acts be only accountable and answerable to us our Heires and Succeffors for your owne respective Receiptes Actinges and. Doinges and not for the Receiptes Actinges or Doinges of one another or of the Treasurer hereby appointed or to be appointed Provided always And our Pleasure is and wee Treasurer may retain a yearly do hereby direct grant and appoint that the faid John Evelyn Salary of 2001. hereby appointed to be the Treasurer and Receiver Generall. as aforesaid shall and may during his Continuance in that Trust for his Paynes and Service in the Execucion thereof. have receive retaine and keepe out of the Moneys that shall from

Payable Quar-

from Time to Time be in his Handes by Virtue or Meanes of his Receipt the Yearly Sallary or Allowance of Two hundred Poundes of lawfull English Money at the Four most usuall Feasts in the Yeare by equall Porcions to commence from the Feast of the Annunciacion of the Blessed Virgin Mary one thousand six hundred ninety sive and to be from Time to Time allowed upon his Accomptes Any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding and these our Letters Patentes or the Entry Exemplificacion or Enrollment thereof shall be to you and every of you and all others herein concerned a sufficient Warrant in this Behalse In Ulithesse at Ulithesse ourself at Westmr the twelsth Day of March.

P. Bre de Privato Sigillo &c.

This is a true Copy from the original Record remaining in the Chapel of the Rolls having been examined.

John Kipling

## F A B R I C.

In pursuance of King William's first commission, the Commissioners met at Guildhall, London, on the 17th of May, 1695, and appointed a Committee to view the piece of ground granted by King William and Queen Mary; which Committee reported that they were of opinion, King Charles's building then unfinished, might, if an additional building should be erected on its west side, be rendered capable of receiving conveniently between three and four hundred Seamen (a). And at the same time desired that the Lords of the Treasury might be applied to for a Committee of Enquiry to restore and secure the water-springs and Conduits belonging to the ancient palace.

(a) Some persons were of opinion at this time that it would be better to take down the wing erected by King Charles the Second as part of his intended palace, and begin the Hospital upon a plan entirely new. The disputes on this subject ran very high, and it is reported that it had been mentioned to the Queen before her Majesty's demise, and that she was much displeased with the idea for several reasons: 1st, That the expence of this palace was very confiderable, and the materials after it should be destroyed would not be equal in value to a quarter of the fum it had cost originally. 2d, That it was the work of Mr. Webb after the defign of that eminent architect, Inigo Jones: and, 3d, That it was planned fo as to correspond with the Park which was laid out by Le Notre, a man of approved tafter. Several other places had also been proposed for an hospital for seamen. Among others, the Castle at Winchester, but the present situation of the hospital was preserred, on account of its being to very compicuous and in the very fight of London, to and from which port the great number of ships continually passing and repassing would afford constant entertainment to those who had retired from the business of a feafaring life.

King William's fecond Commission having passed the Great Seal in the month of September following, a general meeting of the Commissioners was soon after held at Guildhall, at which were present

The Lord Mayor, The Lord Keeper, Mr. Stephen Fox, Sir J. Lowther,

Sir Richard Onflow, Sir Christopher Wren, Mr. Priestman, &c.

When a grand Committee was chosen, consisting of fixty Persons, to whom the immediate conduct of the Foundation was intrusted. This Committee first met on the 23d of December following, and proceeded to resolve itself into three standing sub-Committees for the Fabric, the Revenue, and the Constitution. Those for the Fabric were

Capt. Jonathan Andrews Ant. Bowyer, Efq; Wm. Bridgeman, Efq; Capt. John Brumwell Sir Robert Clayton Dr. Salifbury Cade Capt. Robert Dorrel Wm. Draper, Efq; Edmund Dummer, Efq; Thomas Fermin, Efq;

Sir William Gore
Sir Thomas Grantham
Wm. Glanville, Sen. Efq;
Capt. Wm. Gatteridge
Sir Richard Haddock
Sir Joseph Herne
Sir Henry Johnson
Dr. John Mapletoft
Capt. Ralph Sanderson
Sir Christopher Wren

The Preparation of King Charles's Building, and the erection of an additional one as before mentioned being the first concern, certain powers for that purpose were given to the Committee by the Commissioners at a general meeting, when

when a plan of the intended alterations, which is preserved in the Record Room of the Hospital, was approved; and, being afterwards presented to King William, received his royal approbation also.

Before the Committee proceeded further, they fixed upon Mr. John Scarborough to be Clerk of the works, and Sir Chriftopher Wren, then the King's furveyor general, generously undertaking the conduct of this charitable work without any reward, the foundations of the new bass-building were laid in form by the Committee on the 3d of June, 1696.

This building being nearly compleated in 1698, Sir Christopher Wren submitted to the Committee a plan of a great dining-hall for the use of the officers and men (now called the Painted Hall) with an estimate of the expence, which meeting with the Committee's approbation, they ordered the ground to be set out for the purpose, and the work was prosecuted with so much industry, that the dome was erected, and the whole roofed in by the month of August, 1703.

In 1698 they also began to lay the foundations of the building, which answers to that of King Charles the Second, and is called Queen Ann's building; which name was given to it upon her Majesty's accession to the throne.

In 1699 great part of the foundations of the East Colonade and of the East Hall was laid.

In 1712 the north-west brick pavilion of the bass part of King Charles's building was ordered to be taken down, and rebuilt with stone in such manner as should correspond with the north-east pavilion of this building.

In 1725 the raising of the west front of Queen Ann's building was begun; and

In 1728 the state of the structure was as follows, viz. King Charles's building was compleated, except the stone pavilion at the southern extremity of its bass-building. Queen Ann's building, except the south pavilion, had been raised and covered in.

The Colonades, with the porticos at their extremities, were compleated, and the whole of King William's building, which contained the hall and the west and south dormitories, was also erected.

In 1752 Queen Mary's building, (b) in which is the Cha-

(b) On the 2d of January, 1779, a dreadful fire happened in the Hospital, which began in the north-east part of this building, and destroyed the chapel, with its dome, and part of the colonade. The conflagration was so rapid, that in the course of a sew hours it not only consumed the Chapel, &c. as aforesald; but also many of the wards adjoining.

Every means that could be devised was used to discover whether this missertune was occasioned by accident or design; but after a most strict and diligent investigation by the Directors, affished by Sir John Fielding, which lasted several days, and the offer of a considerable reward, nothing came out that could lead to a discovery.

An estimate of the expence of repairing the damages was then prepared, and orders were given for its being done with all possible dispatch, beginning with the re-construction of that part where the pensioners were lodged, which contained upwards of five hundred men.

pel, was finished, the rents and profits arising from the Derwentwater estate having, in the year 1735, been assigned by parliament for that purpose.

In 1769 a plan was approved, and afterwards carried into execution for rebuilding the fouth-west brick pavilion of the bass part of King Charles's building with stone, to correspond with the south-east pavilion of that building.

In 1778 the two small pavilions at the extremities of the terrace were erected and dedicated to their present Majesties.

Having thus traced the progress of this royal edifice from its foundation to this time, it now remains to attempt some description of it in its present state.

GREENWICH HOSPITAL is fituated about five miles from London-bridge, on the fouthern bank of the Thames. It is elevated on a terrace about 865 feet in length towards the river, and confifts of four distinct piles of building, distinguished by the names of King Charles's, Queen Ann's, King William's, and Queen Mary's. The interval between the two most northern buildings, viz. King Charles's and Queen Ann's, forms the grand square, which is about 273 feet wide.

From the entrance at the north gate, the eye, passing thro' the grand square between the two colonades to the Queen's House, is bounded by the Royal (c) Observatory erected on

<sup>(</sup>c) This observatory was begun to be erected on the 10th of August, 1675, by order of King Charles the Second.

an eminence in the park; the whole presenting the most magnificent and beautiful coup d' wil that can be imagined.

In the centre of the grand square stands a beautiful statue of his late Majesty King George the Second, executed by the samous Rysbrach, and carved out of a single block of white marble which weighed eleven tons. This block was taken from the French by Admiral Sir George Rooke, and the statue presented by Sir John Jennings, Kt at that time Master and Governor of the Hospital, as a mark of his respect and gratitude to his Royal Master. On the pedestal are the following inscriptions by Mr. Stanyan\*.

On the East side:

—— hic requies senectæ

hic modus lasso maris & viarum

militiæq;

---fessos tuto placidissima portuaccipit.

On the North:

bic ames dici pater atq; princeps

AND

Underneath the royal standard: Imperium pelagi.

\* Author of the Grecian History, &c.

On the South:

Principi potentissimo Georgio 11do

Britanniarum regi

Cujus auspiciis & patrocinio

Augustissimum boc hospitium

Ad sublevandos militantium in classe emeritorum

Labores—a regiis ipfius ante cessoribus

fundatum

Auctius indies et splendidius exurgit.

Johannes Jennings Eques

Ejustem hospitii præfectus
Iconem hanc pro debita sua

Erga principem reverentia

Et patriam charitate

posuit

Anno Domini

MDCCXXXV

We now proceed to give a particular description of each of the four distinct buildings before mentioned, all of which are quadrangular. The first, called King Charles's building, is on the west side of the great square; the eastern part of which was the residence of Charles the Second, and was erected by Mr. Webb, after a design of that celebrated architect, Inigo Jones; it is of Portland stone, and rusticated.

rusticated. In the middle is a tetrastyle portico of the Corinthian order, crowned with its proper entablature, and a pediment. At each end is a pavilion formed by four corresponding pilasters of the same order with their entablature, and surmounted by an attic order with a ballustrade.

In the tympanum of the pediment is a piece of sculpture confisting of two figures, the one, representing Fortitude, the other, Dominion of the Sea.

The north front, which is towards the river, presents the appearance of two similar pavilions, each having its proper pediment supported by a range of the same Corinthian columns before-mentioned, and their entablature. Over the portal, which joins these two pavilions, is an ornament of sessions and slowers. In the tympanum of the eastern pediment which was part of the palace, is a piece of sculpture representing the figures of Mars and Fame, and, in the frize, is the following inscription:

# Carolus TI REX

The South front of this building corresponds with that of the North, except the sculptures and inscription. The west front consists of a brick building, called the (d) bass-building. In the middle it has a pediment with carving, in the tympanum, consisting of the national arms supported by two Genii, with marine trophies and other ornaments. The carving of the pediment is allowed to be well executed in alto relievo; it is 30 feet in length, and 7 feet 7 inches in

<sup>(</sup>d) This bass-building is intended to be taken down and rebuilt in a style similar to the rest.

height. On the other fide of the square towards the East, is Queen Ann's Building, having its north, west, and south fronts nearly similar to King Charles's last described; but the sculptures in the pediments, as well as in the western pediment of the north front of the last-mentioned building still remain unfinished.

To the fouthward of these are the other piles of building, with a Doric Colonade adjoining to each. That to the West is called King William's, and that to the East Queen Mary's.

King William's building contains the great Hall, Vestibule, and Dome, designed and erected by Sir Christopher Wren. The tambour of the dome is formed by a circle of columns duplicated, of the composite order, with four projecting groups of columns at the quoins. The attic above is a circle without breaks covered with the dome, and terminated with a turret.

The west front of this building is of (e) brick, and was simished by Sir John Vanburgh, who was Surveyor of the Hospital. In the middle is a tetrastyle frontispiece of the doric order, the columns of which are nearly six seet in diameter, and proportionably high, with an entablature and trygliphs over them, all of Portland stone. At each end of this front is a pavilion crowned with a circular pediment, and in that at the north end is a piece of sculpture consisting of groups of Marine Trophies, and four large heads embossed representing the four winds; with a sea lion and unicorn.

<sup>(</sup>e) This part of the building is intended to be cased with stone.

The north and fouth fronts of this building are of stone; the windows of which are decorated with architraves and imposts rusticated, and the walls crowned with cornices. On the east stands Queen Mary's building, in which is the chapel, as beforementioned, with its vestibule; and a cupola corresponding to the other. These two buildings were named in honor of the Royal Founders, and were intended to have been alike; but in the latter, however, more regard has been paid to convenience than to ornament, and the whole front of it is of Portland stone and in a plain style.

The Colonades adjoining to these buildings are 115 feet assumer, and are composed of upwards of 300 duplicated Doric columns and pilasters of Portland stone, 20 feet high, with an entablature and ballustrade. Each of them is 347 feet long, having a return pavilion at the end 70 feet long.

The East and West entrances of the Hospital are formed by two rusticated piers, with iron gates, having the Porters lodges adjoining. On the rustic piers (f) of the west entrance are placed two large stone globes, each six seet in diameter, one coelestial, the other terrestrial.

On the former are inlaid with copper, in a very curious manner, twenty four meridians, the equinoctial, ecliptic, tropics, and polar circles; and a great number of stars of the first, second, and third magnitude, are represented ac-

<sup>(</sup>f) If these Piers and Globes were moved to the North Gate on the Terrace adjoining the River (as hath been proposed) they would be seen to must greater advantage than in their present situation.

cording to their relative positions. On the latter, the principal circles are inlaid in the same manner, with the parallels of latitude to every ten degrees in each hemisphere; the outline of the land and sea is also described, with the track of Lord Anson's voyage round the earth in his Majesty's ship Centurion. The globes are placed in an oblique position, agreeable to the latitude of the place in which they stand, and were delineated by Mr. Richard Oliver, formerly mathematical master at the academy at Greenwich.

In different parts of this extensive fabric, commodious apartments are provided for the Governor and principal Officers, and wards are properly fitted up for the Pensioners and Nurses; who (together with the Officers families, inferior officers and servants, resident within the walls,) amount to nearly 2500 persons.

When we confider the beauty, folidity, and magnificence of this superb structure, and the excellent uses to which it is appropriated, it must ever be contemplated with reverence and admiration, as a work of national grandeur, and at the same time the noblest monument of wisdom and benevolence,

The following Table shews the names of the wards contained in each building, with the number of beds in each ward.

	KING CHARLES' BUILDING.  BUILDING.  BUILDING.	N°s	Gr. Floor	zd Floor.		
	Monk Prince Wager Reftoration Orferd east wing 11   Jennings Wager Reftoration Barrington	wing	16			
	Coronation Success	ving	13 14 - 14 -	13.		
\	Royal Charles .  Royal Efcape and Greyhound .  Soldado	• !	40 23 23			
	Pallifer fouth wing	• •	17	> - 3		
	WING WILLIAM'S TO TO Cumber- BUILDING.		. 15	10 26		
	Boyne	• •	•	24 23 17		
	Royal William			15 15		
	Mary J.  Marlborough	Y's	Gr. Floor.	Floor.	4th Floor.	
	Sandwich Hardy Council Rodney		20 24 30 74	2d 3d	4th	
	Royal Charlotte Prince of Wales Anfon Duke		211	76 134		
	Townsend Queen King New Ward Duke of York		• •	82 210 82		
	King Charles's Building	No.	of Beds.			1092
	King William's ditto  Queen Ann's ditto  Queen Mary's ditto  T	otal	551 437 1092 2381	-		

### REVENUE.

HIS Majesty King William in his speech to Parliament
November 12th, 1694, said, (a) "He would be glad they A.D. 1694,
"would take into their consideration the preparing some 6 W. & M.

- " bill for the encouragement of feamen; adding, that they
- " could not but be fenfible how much a law of this nature
- " would tend to the advancement of trade, and of the
- " naval strength of the kingdom, which was the great in-
- " terest of the public, and ought to be their principal care."

His Majesty shortly afterwards granted 2000. per annum 1694-5. 2000. per Ann. towards the carrying on, perfecting and endowing of the granted by Hospital. And, incited by his gracious speech and encoucouraged by his munificent example, many individuals, consisting of the great officers of state and others chiefly of high rank, contributed also towards the prosecution of so laudable an undertaking; as appears by the following copy of the original Subscription Roll in the possession of the Hospital, the preamble of which was drawn up by a committee of the Commissioners (consisting of the undermentioned persons) at a meeting at Guildhall on the 31st of May, 1695.

(a). Journals of the House of Commons.—Vol. 11th. p. 171.

The Attorney General, Sir Thomas Travers
The Solicitor General, John Hawles, Efq;
The Surveyor General, Samuel Travers, Efq;

Sir Christopher Wren
Sir Robert Clayton
Sir Patience Ward
Sir John Fleet
Sir William Ashurst
Sir Humphry Edwin
Sir Francis Child
Sir William Gore
Anthony Bowyer, Esq.

Captain R. Sanderson. Mr. Thomas Fermina

"Whereas the King's most excellent Majesty being earneftly defirous to promote the Trade Navigation & naval Strength of this Kingdom & to invite greater Numbers of 44 his Subjects to betake themselves to the Sea hath deter-" mined to erect & establish an Hospital for all such English " Seamen & their Children as by Age Wounds or other 44 Accidents shall be disabled from further Service at Sea & for the Widows & Children of fuch as happen to be " flain in Sea Service; In order whereunto his Majesty, & " our late gracious Sovereign the Queen's Majesty of blessed Memory did by Letters Patents under the great Seal of " England bearing Date the twenty fifth Day of October " One Thousand six hundred ninety four give & grant " unto feveral Trustees therein named their Heirs and As-" figns for ever for the Use of the said intended Hospital a 4 Parcel of Ground in the Parish of East Greenwich in Kent: Kent with their royal Palace of Greenwich thereon erected " by King Charles the Second and feveral other Edifices " Buildings and other Things in the faid Grant particularly mentioned: And whereas his Majesty by Letters Patents bearing Date the 12th Day of March one Thousand six " hundred ninety four \* hath nominated constituted and appointed Commissioners for the better carrying on his 65 faid pious Intentions & therein is pleased to declare that the prefent Necessity of his Affairs not permitting him. " to advance fo confiderable Sums towards the faid Work as he defires; the Affistance of his good Subjects in it will be " most highly acceptable to him, and therefore among many other Powers & Authorities to the faid Commissioners " given & granted, his Majesty has authorized and imor powered them to take receive and collect all fuch voluntary "Gifts or Subscriptions of or for any Sums of Money "Goods or Chattels and of or for any Estate or Interest. in any Manors Lands Tenements or Hereditaments as " any Person or Persons shall be willing to give limit apor point or bestow towards the building or endowing the " faid Hospital His Majesty not doubting but that great "Numbers of his well disposed Subjects will chearfully " contribute towards this great and useful Design of pro-" moting Trade and Navigation and encouraging the Sea-" men of England who by their Skill & Industry their " constancy and courage in all Engagements & Hazards for " the Safety & Honor of their Country have from Time to "Time fignalized themselves throughout the World We: " therefore whose Names are underwritten do each for him-" felf subscribe and give for the Ends and Purposes aforesaid 66 as follows.

I subscribe £. 500 Tho Cantuar\*

500 J Somers CS

500 Leeds P

500 Pembrok CPS

500 Devonshire Ld. Steward of the Housbold

500 Shrewsbury Secretary of State

200 Romney Master of the Ordnance

300 Montague Master of the Wardrobe

500 Dorset Ld. Chamberlain

500 Portland Groom of the Stole

200 Monmouth

200 Godolphin Privy Counsellor

Will<sup>m</sup> Trumbull K<sup>t</sup> Secretary of State & P. Counsellor.

100 Chas Montague, Esq Lord of the Treafury & P Counsellor.

100 J Smith Esq. Lord of the Treasury & Privy Counseller.

200 Fox Kt Ld. of the Treasury

100 Ranelagh Paymaster of the Forces

100 J Trevor Kt Master of the Rolls & p. Counsellor.

100 J Holt La Chief Justice of England & p Counsellor.

100 J Louther Bt La of the Admiralty & privy Counsellor.

100 H Priestman Esq Lord of the Admiralty

100 T Lane Kt Ld Mayor of London.

100 R Austen Esq Ld of the Admiralty

100 Robt Rich Bt Ld of the Admiralty

I fub-

<sup>\*</sup> Dr. Thomas Tennison.

I subscribe £. 100 G Rooke K! Admiral of the Red, Ld of Admiralty.

100 Jnº Hublon Kt Alderman of London & Ld of Admiralty.

Geo. Treby Kt Chief Justice of the com:

50 H Goodricke Kt Lieut Gen. of Ordnance & P Counfellor.

100 Patience Ward Kt Alderman of London

100 Wm Ashura, Kt Alderman of Do

50 Thos Rokeby Kt Judge of King's Bench

100 Edw Ward Kt Chief Baron of Exchequer

f. o Joh Powell Kt Judge of C Pleas

50 Sam Eyre Kt Judge of King's Bench

50 W. Gregory Kt Baron of Exchequer

50 John Powell K. Baron of Do

40 Littleton Powys Kt Baron of Do

100 R, Onflow Bt Privy Counfellor

40 N Lechmere Kt Baron of the Exchequer

126 Richard Smith Kt Baron of Exchequer

40. H Hatfell Kt Baron of Do

50 Ed Nevill Kt Judge of the com Pleas

40 Jo Turton Kt Judge of the King's Bench

40 Jo Blencowe Kt Judge of the com Pleas

40. H. Gould Kt Judge of the K: Bench

40 R. Tracey Esq Baron of Court of Ex-

40 Tho. Barry Esq Baron of Exchequer

Tho. Trevor Kt La Cheif Jujice of com

I lub-

I subscribe f. 40 Ro. Price Esq Baron of Exchequer

I. Smith Efg Baron of Do 40

40 Isaac Loader of Deptford

Thomas Plume D. D. Vicar of Greenwich 20

A. D. 1695. 7 W. 3d.

The fecond Commission of King William having passed on the 25th of September, 1695, his Majesty, in his speech to Parliament at the opening of the Seffion in November following, faid, (b) "that he had recommended to the last

- " Parliament the forming some good Bill for the encou-
- " ragement and increase of Seamen, and that he hoped
- " they would not let this Session pass without doing some-
- " thing in it."

A.D. 1696. 7. & 8 W. 3d.

In consequence of his Majesty's Speech, an Act of Parliament (called the Register Act) passed this Session, by which it was enacted, that fixpence per man per month should be paid out of the wages of all mariners to the use of the Hospital. And power was therein given to the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing that office, to appoint Commissioners for receiving the said duty.

(c) In 1698 his Majesty was pleased to give to the Hospital one acre, two roods, and twenty-five perches of ground, A. D. 1698. 10 W. 3d. lying contiguous thereto.

(d) In 1699, in consequence of an Address from the A. D. 1699. 10 & 11 W. 3d. House of Commons to his Majesty, the Hospital received a

- (b) Journal of the House of Commons, Vol. 11th. p. 339.
- (c) Ditto, Vol. 1-3th. p. 54.
- (4) Ditto, Vol. 12th. p. 600.

confiderable

considerable pecuniary assistance, his Majesty having been pleased to give nineteen thousand five hundred pounds, which were fines laid by the House of Peers on certain merchants, simugglers, as follows:

				£.
****	-946	960	200	1,500
- 100	äe	-	**	500
et	**	se .		10,000
i	•	me	im	1,500
***	-	600	-	1000
***	-	) per	-	1000
Net	-	000		1000
-	-	=	ine	3000
			£	.19,500

And the same year a Lottery was projected for the A.D. 1699, benefit of the Hospital, which produced only six hundred pounds. This Lottery was called the *Charitable Adventure*; 2.nd it was excepted by special clause out of a Bill for suppressing of Lotteries, upon petition (e) of the Trustees, afferting that they had demonstrated to the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor and others, that the Lottery would raise 10,000. per ann. for the benefit of the Hospital.

By an Act passed in the 12th and 13th of King William, A.D. 1699. it was declared and enacted, that it was and should be lawful

<sup>(</sup>e) Journals of the House of Commons-Vol. 12, page 657.

for his Majesty, his heirs and successors to make any further grant of grounds and lands, or edifices, lying near or adjoining to the Hospital of Greenwich, as he or they should see necessary, and think sit to give for the aforesaid use.

A.D. 1700. In 1700, the Earl of Romney affigned to nine of the Commissioners in trust for the Hospital his grant of the Market, (f) with a Court of Piepoudre thereunto belonging; and, in the year following, the ground where the market is now kept, and the Mews and other Edifices adjoining, were granted by the Crown to the Hospital in perpetuity.

Samuel Travers, Efq. Surveyor General and others, as fmall piece of ground lying near the Hospital, in trust for the said Hospital.

of the effects of Kid the Pirate, amounting to fix thousand.

four hundred seventy-two pounds one shilling.

In 1707, Robert Osbolston, Esq. by will, devised a large estate to be equally divided between the two charities of Greenwich Hospital, and the Corporation of the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Ann for the augmentation of the Maintenance of the poor Clergy. A moiety of which estate (after paying certain legacies and

(g) Journals of the House of Commons, Vol. 13. p. 700.

annuities-

<sup>(</sup>f) This market is to be held weekly on Wednesday and Saturday.

annuities) accordingly became the property of the Hospital, and was valued at £.20,000. The unexpired term of his Grant of the North and South Foreland Lighthouses, was a part of this benefaction: At the expiration of which term, a further Grant of them was made by the Crown to the Hospital for ninety-nine years.

In the same year, Prince George of Denmark, then Lord High Admiral, by his warrant gave a piece of ground in length 660 feet, and in breadth 132, lying on the East side of Greenwich Park, to be used as a Burial-ground for the Hospital. And,

Anthony Bowyer, by Will dated November 3d, in the fame year, gave the reversion of a considerable Estate of manors, lands, and tenements to Greenwich Hospital, after the Estate En taille mâle given to his brother Edmund Bowyer, Esq. and Sir William Bowyer, of Denham-Court, in the County of Bucks.

In 1708, by an Act of Queen Ann, as well as by feveral A.D. 1708. fubfequent Acts, the forfeited and unclaimed shares of Prize and Bounty Money have been given to the Hospital; and by an Act of the 12th, and another of the 22d of his present A.D. 1771. Majesty, authority is given to the Directors to cause un-12 G. 3. c. 25. claimed shares to be refunded, in certain cases therein men-A.D. 1782. 22d G.3. c. 15. tioned, for a limited time after they shall have been paid into the Hospital.

In 1710, by an Act of the 9th of Queen Ann, a duty A. D. 1710. was laid upon Coals and Culm, which was to be appro- 25 G. 2. priated to building fifty new Churches, and towards finishing

H 2 the

the building of Greenwich Hospital and the Chapel, for which purpose £.6000 per Ann. was granted out of the said duty, which was afterwards continued for a longer time by 5 Geo. 1st.

In 1714, the General Court of Commissioners and Governors having granted an increase of salary to the Chaplains of the Hospital, their wages, with the value of their provisions and other allowances, as Chaplains of Woolwich and Deptford Dockyards, were directed to be paid to the Treasurer in aid of the Hospital's Revenues.

A D. 1724.. 11 G. 1. In 1724, George the 1st in his speech to Parliament, expressed himself to the House of Commons in the following manner (b). "There is one thing that I cannot but mention to you as deserving your particular consider— ation: It is too manifest that the sunds established for the sinishing the Works of Greenwich Hospital, and providing for a compleat number of Seamen there, cannot in time of peace be sufficient to answer the expences of this great and necessary work; it is therefore very much to be wished, that some method could be found out to make a surther provision for a comfortable support to our Seamen worn out in the service of their Country, and labouring under old Age and Instrmities."

The Commons in their (i) Address promised the King "to" give every encouragement to Navigation, and to assist him "in every thing that should tend to the security and gran-

A. D. 1724 11 G. 1.

(h) Journals of the House of Commons.—Vol. 20, p. 331.

(i) Ditto, p. 335.

e deur

deur of his Majesty and his Kingdoms." But it does not appear that any further provision was made, 'till

In 1728, George the 2d in his speech (k) to the House of Commons after his accession, told them, " That he thought " himself obliged to recommend to them a Consideration " of the greatest Importance, and that he should look upon A. D. 1728, " it as a great happiness, if at the beginning of his Reign " he could fee the foundation laid of fo great and necessary " a work, as the Increase and Encouragement of our Sea-" men in general; that they might be invited, rather than " compelled by force and violence, to enter into the service of their Country, as often as occasion should require. A " confideration, he faid, worthy of the Representatives of a " People great and flourishing in trade and navigation. He "then recommended to them the case of Greenwich Hosof pital, that care might be taken, by some addition to its " fund, to render comfortable and effectual that charitable or provision, for the support and maintenance of our Seamen,

provision, for the support and maintenance of our Seamen, worn out and become decrepit by Age and Infirmities, in

" the fervice of their Country."

In consequence whereof, the Commons, before the end of the Session, resolved for the greater encouragement of the Sea service, that ten thousand pounds should be granted in aid to the funds of the Hospital, which sum continued to 11. G. 2. f. 2. be annually granted for many years afterwards.

In the same year, the Commissioners and Governors having settled salaries on the Captains and Lieutenants of

(k) Journals of the House of Commons, vol. 21, p. 22.

the Hospital, the amount of their half-pay was directed to be paid to the Treasurer, in aid of its Revenues.

And in that year, and for some years afterwards, the Hospital received a rent of about forty pounds a year, for supplying several of the inhabitants of the Parish of Greenwich with water. This article of revenue has long since ceased, as the Hospital, on account of the encrease of men on the Establishment, had occasion for all the water their springs could supply.

A. D. 1730.

In 1730, a small piece of ground on the East side of the Hospital, close to the river, with a crane standing thereon, which had been reserved by the Crown in the original grant, was given by his Majesty to the Hospital.

In the same year, Mr. William Clapham of Eltham, by Will dated July 6th, gave to the Hospital an estate, consisting of certain wharfs and warehouses on the East side of London Bridge, after the death of William Skrine, Esq. and his sister Elizabeth Crane, without issue.

A. D. 1735. & G. 2. (1) In 1735, his Majesty sent a message to the House of Commons "recommending to them, to make some pro"vision for persecting a work of so much honor to this 
kingdom; and which had before received frequent marks
of the regard of that House."

Whereupon it was resolved in a Committee, (m) that the

(1) Journals of the House of Commons. Vol. 22, p. 432.

(m) Ditto, Ditto, 458.

rents

rents and profits of the forfeited (n) estates of the late Earl of Derwentwater should be applied towards sinishing and compleating the Hospital; and when that should be essected, towards maintaining the Pensioners; and an Act accordingly passed for that purpose, and for applying, in like manner, the money which had been received on account of the said estates, and then remained in the Exchequer, A.D. 1735-amounting to 71821. 135; after paying the interest and arrears of the incumbrances then due: and to Lord Viscount Gage 20001. for his attention and trouble in discovering the fraudulent sale of this estate, for which he received the thanks of the House of Commons, in 1732.

(n). The Rental of these Estates was at this time about 6000l. per Annum, encumbered with a mortgage of nearly 29,000l. and an annuity of 100l. the whole of which incumbrances was discharged by the Commissioners in 1749.

By an Act of Parliament passed in the 22d of G. 2d, 30.000l. was granted 2x G. 2. for the relief of James Bartholomew Radcliffe, and the other children of Charles Radcliffe, who was attainted for the Rebellion in 1715.

In 1775; the Commissioners and Governors of the Hospital were incorporated by Charter; and by an Act passed soon afterwards, all the above mentioned estates were vested in the said Corporation for ever.

In 1788, in consequence of a petition from the Earl of Newburg, fon of the above mentioned James Bartholomew Radcliffe, for the restoration of the 26th G. 30 above estate on certain conditions; an Act passed granting to his Lordship and his heirs male a rent-charge of 2,500 per annum, to be paid by the Treasurer of the Hospital.

In addition to the Public Grants and Donations abovementioned; the following is a List of Benefactions to the Hospital, from private Persons, by Legacies or otherwise.

			£.		5.		d.
Sir Josiah Child,	F Years	_	300	•	00		0
Capt. Robert Bitton,	-	Teles	20		00		0
Brooke Bridges, Esq.	-		350				
An unknown Hand in Mal	t Ticke	ts,	1,000	**	9	•	8
Mrs. Thorold,	-	-	50	:	00	:	0
Ralph Thursby, Esq.	199	-	500		00	:	0
Thomas Blackmore, Efq.	***	-	100		00	•	0
John De la Fontaine, Esq.		-6207	3,381	:	15	:	0
Benjamin Overton, Esq.	465	-	300	*	00	:	0
Sir James Bateman,	-	7400	103	•	00	:	0
James Taylor, Efq.	400	-	102	•	ΙÏ	:	5
Elizabeth Bridges, -	*400	*000	100	•	00	:	0
Mr. Evelyn, -	-	-	2,000	:	00	:	0
Mr. William Raphe,	1986	1988	250	:	00	:	0
Mrs. Waldron of Greenwi	ch,	-	500		00	•	0
Mrs. Waters, Widow,	-	-	100	:	00	:	0
J. Crosby, Esq.	relite	-	50	:	00	:	0
Admiral Long,	-	~	100	•	00	:	0
Captain Sharman,	4 <b>60</b> 	-	100	:	00	:	0

	02.	dv	vts.
Edmund Dummer, Efq. a Monteth and other Plate, containing	102	:	I
Plate, containing			
Captain William Sanderson, Plate,	65	:	I
Mr. Nicholas Hawksmore, Plate,	31	:	12
Mr. William Pate, and Mr. Abel Staney, Plate,	34	:	17
		]	Dr.

		02.		dwts.
Dr. Salisbury Cade, a large Tankard, &	cc.	65		
Mr. James Thornhill, Plate.		14	•	4
Rev. Dr. John Mapletoft, a Comm	nunion ]	96	:	14 gilt.
Mrs. Clements, widow of Lieut. Go Clements, a Silver Tankard and S	overnor dalver,	39	•	6
Hans Hendrick, a pensioner, a Chali	ce,	18	:	2 ½
Captain Wm. Holden, a Silver Cu Cover, for the service of the Cha	ip and I	21	•	9

We shall conclude this Chapter with giving an account of the respective sources from whence the whole Revenue of the Hospital is at present derived, and also the principal articles of its expenditure.

#### R E V E N U E.

1st, Sixpence per man per month for all seamen and marines belonging to his Majesty's ships, including those in ordinary.

2d, Ditto for all feamen employed in the merchants' fervice.

3d, The duties arifing from the North and South Foreland Lighthouses.

4th, The half-pay of several of the officers of the Hospital who are entitled thereto. 5th, The wages, with the value of provisions and other allowances, of the two Chaplains of Woolwich and Deptford Dock-yards.

6th, The rents and profits of the Derwentwater estates, including lead mines.

7th, The rents of the market at Greenwich, and of the houses there and in London.

8th, Interest of money invested in the Public Funds.

9th, Fines for fishing in the River Thames with unlawful nets, and other offences.

10th, Forfeited and unclaimed shares of prize and bounty money.

#### EXPENDITURE.

rst, Cloathing, Victuals, Necessaries of all kinds, and weekly allowance of money to the Pensioners and Nurses; together with salaries and allowances to the Officers and Clerks, and wages and allowances to cooks, scullery-men, and other inferior officers and servants.

2d, Ordinary works and repairs of the Hospital, including the Infirmary, Boys School, Brewhouse, and other buildings, and salaries to the officers, &c. in that department.

3d, Contingent expences for Directors attendances, Law charges, stationary and various other articles, including the Derwentwater estate.

4th, Pensions to Out Pensioners including salaries to clerks, and other expences incident to that service.

The following is a Form by which any Benefaction may be legally bequeathed to the Hospital.

I A. B. do hereby give and bequeath unto the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich in the County of Kent, the Sum of to be raised and paid by and out of all my ready Money, Plate, Goods, and personal Effects, which by Law I may, or can charge with the Payment of the same (and not out of any Part of my Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments) upon Trust, and to the Intent that they do apply the same towards carrying on the charitable designs of the said Hospital.

## CONSTITUTION.

A. D. 1703. Seven Commisfioners to compose a General

By Queen Ann's Commission (a) dated 21st day of July, 1703, seven Commissioners were to compose a General Court, whereof the Lord High Admiral, the Lord High Treasurer, or any two Privy Counsellors were to be a Quorum.

to be held! quarterly.

Officers to be recommended by the General Court.

The Commissioners were required and commanded to hold General Courts quarterly General Courts, which General Courts might also be called at any time, by order of the Lord High Admiral. They were also empowered and directed to recommend to the Lord High Admiral all Officers necessary to be employed in the Hospital; and his Lordship was empowered to appoint all fuch officers accordingly, except the Governor and Treasurer.

> (a) This Commission was opened, and read at Windsor Castle August 17, PRESENT, 1703.

His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, Lord High Admiral.

The Archbishop of Canterbury.

Sir Nathan Wright, Knt. Lord Keeper.

Earl of Godolphin, Lord High Treasurer.

Thomas Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, Lord Prefident.

John Duke of Buckingham, Lord Privy Seal.

Earl of Nottingham

Sir Thomas Littleton

Lord Granville

Mr. Draper

Sir George Rooke

Sir Christopher Wren

A standing (b) Committee, styled the Directors of the Hospital, consisting of twenty-sive persons, were first ap-Twenty-sive Directors appointed by this Commission, who were commanded to meet once a fortnight at least, or oftener if necessary, for the affairs of the Hospital. They were made accountable for their proceedings to the quarterly General Courts; and in consideration of their trouble and attendance, such as thought proper to demand it were to receive twenty shillings each out of the Hospital's revenue for every actual attendance.

By this Commission, either the Lord High Admiral, or Lord High Ad-General Court, when assembled, were empowered to fill up Court to fill up vacancies in the Board of Directors.

It was likewise ordered that the government of the Hospital should be performed by the Governor, and such a government of Council of the officers, as the Lord High Admiral should vernor and from time to time appoint.

(b) Names of the first Directors: Charles Bertie, Esq; Sir Stephen Fox, Sir Henry Shore, Sir Christopher Wren, Sir Jonathan Andrews, Sir Mat. Andrews, Sir John Morden, Sir Thomas Grantham, Sir Francis Child, Sir James Bateman, William Bridges, Esq; Thomas Coulson, Esq; James Craggs, Esq; Charles Godolphin, Esq; William Hewer, Esq; Robert Raworth, Esq; John Evelyn, Esq; William Draper, Esq; Edmund Dummer, Esq; John Vanburgh, Esq; Salisbury Cade, John Mapletost, John Clements, William Sanderson, Esq; John Brumwell, Esq;

### Copy of the first Warrant appointing a Council.

His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, &c. Lord High Admiral of England, Ireland, &c.

To the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Captain, three Lieutenants, Chaplains, Steward, and Surgeon, of her Majesty's Royal Hospital at Greenwich.

"WHEREAS I think it fitting that some persons

- " should be appointed to act as Council for the better ma-
- " nagement of her Majesty's Royal Hospital at Greenwich,
- " and repofing especial trust and confidence in the ability,
- " prudence, and circumspection of you the said Governor,
- " Lieutenant Governor, Captain, three Lieutenants, Chap-
- " lains, Phyfician, Steward and Surgeon; I do therefore
- "hereby direct and require you, or any three or more of
- " you, of which the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or
- " Captain, to be always one; to hold consultations, as often
- as need shall be, and you shall think proper for the good
- government of the aforesaid Hospital; and to cause to be
- " executed the orders and punishments prescribed for such
- er persons as shall be any ways disorderly therein; and to
- represent to me, as you shall see occasion, if any matter
- " offer for my further directions therein.
  - "Given under my hand the 12th of July, 1705.

"GEORGE,"

"By Command of his Royal Highness,
"G. CLARKE."

Several

Council ap-

Several other Warrants of the fame nature have fince that time been granted by the Admiralty, as the increase of Officers, or other circumstances have made it necessary. The present Council, appointed 11 March, 1774, consists of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, four Captains, eight Lieutenants, two Chaplains, Physician, Secretary, Auditor and Steward.

The Council is held regularly every Friday, and oftener if occasion requires; when Delinquents are punished either by mulct, wearing a yellow coat as a badge of disgrace, sufficient, or expulsion, conformable to the Bye-laws for the internal government of the Hospital.

The powers with which the Commissioners and Governors, Directors, and Council, are invested, are set forth in the Charter, by which the Commissioners and Governors were incorporated, and of which the following is a Copy, viz.

### C H A R T E R.

GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, To all to whom these presents shall come, greeting. WHEREAS their late Majesties King William

Recital of Letters Patent of William and Mary.

and Queen Mary did, by their Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand fix hundred and ninety-five, give and grant, to certain persons therein named, a certain piece of ground and a capital meffuage within the parish of East Greenwich in the county of Kent; together with certain edifices, buildings, and other things in the faid Letters Patent mentioned; to the intent that the fame should be converted and employed unto and for the use and service of an Hospital for the relief of Seamen, their Widows, and Children; and an encouragement of Navigation, as therein mentioned. AND WHEREAS their late Majesties Queen Ann, King George the First, and King George the Second, did grant to feveral persons certain Commissions enabling them to erect and build an Hospital at East Greenwich aforesaid for the purposes aforesaid, and

also granted several powers for the management thereof; BUT forasmuch as it hath been found that such powers have

not been competent for the collecting, receiving, and apply-

ing the revenues, rents, profits, and emoluments given, appropriated, and belonging, or which may hereafter be given, appropriated or belong, to or to the use of the said Hospital,

Recital of former Commissions.

Powers in fuch Commissions incompetent.

and

and have also been found insufficient for other necessary and beneficial purposes, whereby great inconveniencies and losses have happened to the faid Hospital: To the end, therefore, that fo good and necessary a design, undertaking, and work may be rendered effectual, and carried into better execution, for the encouragement of Navigation and benefit of the Realm, KNOW YE, that We, of Our especial grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have willed, ordained, constituted, appointed, and established, and, by these prefents, for Us, Our heirs, and fuccessors, do will, ordain. constitute, appoint, and establish, that Our most dear brother William Henry Duke of Gloucester, Our most dear brother Commissioners Henry Frederick Duke of Cumberland, the Archbishop of and Governors. Canterbury now and for the time being, Our Chancellor of Great Britain now and for the time being or Our Keeper of our Great Seal for the Time being, the Archbishop of York now and for the time being, Our President of our Privy Council now and for the time being, Our Keeper of our Privy Seal now and for the time being, Our Steward of our Household now and for the time being, Our Chamberlain of our Household now and for the time being, the Lords and others of our Privy Council now and for the time being, Our right trusty and right entirely beloved cousin and councellor Peregrine Duke of Ancaster and Kestevan Great Chamberlain of England and the Great Chamberlain of England for the time being, Our right trusty and right well beloved coufin and councellor Henry Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire, and Thomas Lord Viscount Weymouth, and the right honourable Lord George Sackville Germain, Our Principal Secretaries of State, and our Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, the Warden of our Cinque Ports now K

and for the time being, Our Treasurer of our Household now and for the time being, Our Treasurer of our Navy now and for the time being, Our Master General of our Ordnance now and for the time being, Our Lieutenant General of our Ordnance now and for the time being, the Speaker of the House of Commons now and for the time being, Our Chancellor of our Exchequer now and for the time being, Our Secretary at War now and for the time being, Our Master of our Rolls now and for the time being, Our Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of Great Britain and Ireland now being, and our High Admiral or our Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, Our Commissioners of our Treasury now being, and Our High Treafurer or Commissioners of our Treasury for the Time being, Our Chief Justice of our court of King's Bench now and for the time being, Our Chief Baron of our Court of Exchequer now and for the time being, Our Chief Justice of our Court of Common Pleas now and for the time being, Our Justices of our Court of King's Bench now and for the time being, Our Barons of our Court of Exchequer now and for the time being, Our Justices of our Court of Common Pleas now and for the time being, Our Attorney and Sollicitor General now and for the time being, Our Judge of our High Court of Admiralty now and for the time being, Our Advocate of our High Court of Admiralty now and for the time being, Our Secretary to our Commissioners for executing the office of our High Admiral of Great Britain and Ireland now being, and our Secretary or Secretaries to our High Admiral, or our Commissioners for executing the office of our High Admiral for the time being, Our Secretaries

taries to our Commissioners of our Treasury now being, and Our Secretaries to our High Treasurer or Commissioners of our Treasury for the time being, the Flag Officers of our Navy now and for the time being, Our Commissioners of our Navy now and for the time being, the Master and the five senior of the Elder Brethren of Trinity House at Deptford-strond now and for the time being, the Mayor and the three fenior Aldermen of our City of London now and for the time being, Our Governor, Deputy Governor, Treasurer and Receiver General, Auditor, and other Directors of our Royal Hospital at Greenwich now and for the time being, and the Surveyor-General of our Works now and for the Declared to be time being, shall for ever hereafter be, by virtue of these and corporate, presents, one body politic and corporate, in deed and in name, by the name of THE COMMISSIONERS AND Name. GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR SEA-MEN AT GREENWICH IN THE COUNTY OF KENT: and shall be Governors of the goods, revenues, rents, lands, tenements, and hereditaments already given, granted, appropriated, or belonging, or which shall hereafter be given, granted, appropriated, or belonging unto the faid Hospital. AND We do, by these presents, for Us, Our heirs, and To have perpefuccessfors, declare and establish, that, by the same name, and a common they and their fuccessors shall have perpetual succession and a common seal for the use of the business and affairs of them and their fuccessors, with full power to break, alter, and Power to break, alter, and make make new, their seal, from time to time, as to them shall new their seal. feem expedient; and, by the fame name, they and their fuccessors, from time to time, and at all times for ever hereafter, shall be a body politic and corporate in deed and in law, and be able and capable to have, take, purchase,

K 2

acquire,

acquire, receive, hold, keep, possess, enjoy, and retain-Power to pur-shafe effaces, &c. AND We do hereby, for Us, our heirs and fucceffors, give and grant full authority and free licence to them and their fuccessors by the name aforesaid, notwithstanding any statute or statutes of mortmain, to have, take, purchase, acquire, receive, hold, keep, posses, enjoy, and retain, to and for the use of the said Hospital, all or any manors, messuages, lands, rents, tenements, liberties, privileges, franchifes, hereditaments, and possessions whatsoever, and of what kind, nature, or quality whatfoever; and moreover to take, purchase, acquire, have, hold, enjoy, receive, possess, and retain, notwithstanding any such statute or statutes to the and goods, con- contrary, all or any goods, chattels, charitable and other contributions, gifts, and benefactions whatfoever; and also to fell, grant, demise, exchange, alien, or dispose of the same manors, messuages, lands, rents, tenements, liberties, privileges, franchises, hereditaments and possessions, goods, chattels, contributions, gifts, and benefactions, or any of them; and that, by the same name, they shall and may be able to fue and be fued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, in all or any court or courts of records. and places of judicature within this kingdom, in all and fingular pleas, actions, fuits, causes, matters, and demands whatfoever, of what kind, nature, or fort foever, in as large, ample, and beneficial manner and form as any other body politic and corporate, or any other our liege subjects, being persons able and capable in law, may or can have, take, purchase, acquire, receive, hold, keep, possess, enjoy, retain, fell, grant, demise, exchange, alien, dispose, sue, implead, or answer, or to be sued, impleaded, and answered unto in any manner whatfoever; and shall and may do and execute

Power to fell; demise, and exchange fiid estates, &c.

Commissioners and Governors may fue and be faed.

all and fingular other matters or things, by the name aforefaid, as to them shall or may appertain to do by virtue of these presents or otherwise. AND, to the end Our royal purpose and intention herein may the better take effect, Our will and pleasure is, and We hereby direct, order, and appoint, that the members of the faid Corporation, or fo many of them as conveniently can, shall, from time to time, meet together at some convenient place, and they, or any feven or more of them, shall, and are hereby appointed to, be a General Court, whereof Our High Admiral for the To'hold General time being, or any three of the Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral now and for the time being, Our High Treasurer for the time being, or any three Commissioners of our Treasury now and for the time being, or any three or more of the Lords of Our Privy Council; herein before appointed Commissioners and Governors, shall be a Quorum. And We do also by these presents give and Powers to finish grant unto the faid Corporation, or any feven or more of them (whereof Our High Admiral for the time being, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral now and for the time being, Our High Treasurer for the time being, or our Commissioners of our Treasury now and for the time being, the Lords of Our Privy Council, or any three or more of them, shall be part) full power and authority to proceed to finish the building of the said Hospital, according to the scheme and model already begun, or that shall hereafter be thought fitting to be carried To state the acon; and also to state the accounts for works of the said Hof- payments, and pital now and hereafter to be in hand; to make payment, fairs of the Hoffrom time to time, of the same, and to direct, manage, transact, conduct, and perfect all the business, affairs and effects,

To provide for feamen, either in or out of the Hospital, their widows and fons.

effects, matters and things what soever relating to the building, carrying on, and finishing the said Hospital, and the rents and revenues thereof; and also to provide for such Seamen, and fuch widows, and fons of Seamen, by penfions or provisions issuing from the said Hospital, either in or out of the faid Hospital, in such manner and numbers, and under fuch extent and limitations, as shall be thought necessary and expedient and most conducive to the encouragement of To execute leafes seamen; and also to execute leases for years, and make such bye-laws, rules, orders, and directions for the better go-

and make byelaws, &c.

Bye-laws to be observed. Bye-laws not binding till confirmed.

Method to be observed in repealing fame.

vernment of the faid corporation, as they, or the major part of them so assembled, shall, from time to time, think proper; which bye-laws, rules, orders, and directions, not being repugnant to the laws or statutes of this Our realm, shall be effectually observed, performed, and kept. PRO-VIDED nevertheless, and Our will is, that no such byelaws, rules, orders, or directions, fo to be made, shall be binding, until the same shall have been confirmed by some fucceeding General Court; and that the same method shall be, from time to time, observed in the altering or repealing any fuch bye-laws, rules, orders, and directions, after they shall have been so confirmed. AND Our further will and pleasure is, and We do hereby require the members of the faid Corporation, or any feven or more of them (whereof Our High Admiral for the time being, or our Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral now and for the time being, Our High Treasurer for the time being, or our Commissioners of our Treasury now and for the time being, the Lords of Our Privy Council, or any three or more of them, shall be part) aforesaid, to meet and hold a General Court twice in the year, or oftner (if our High

General Court to be held twice a year or oftner.

Admiral

Admiral for the time being, or our Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral now and for the time being, shall find it necessary) to consult concerning the business and affairs of the said Hospital, and the conduct and management thereof; and that the Governor or Deputy-Governor, Deputy-Governor, Governor, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Auditor of Treasurer, and Auditor of Auditor to assist the faid Hospital, now and for the time being, do affift at at all Meetings. all General Courts and Meetings of the Directors of the faid Hospital hereafter mentioned. AND We do hereby Admiralty to authorize and empower Our High Admiral for the time cers, except the being, or our Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer; and to displace, suf-High Admiral now and for the time being, to appoint all pend, or remove officers necessary to be employed in and for the faid Hospital, haviour, and apexcept the Governor, and Treasurer and Receiver General thereof; and to displace, move, or suspend any such officer or officers for his or their misbehaviour, and to appoint any other officer or officers in the room of him or them fo difplaced or removed. PROVIDED that all officers, to be employed in the faid Hospital, be seafaring men, or such All officers of who have lost their limbs, or been otherwise disabled, in beseafaring men. the sea-service. AND for that many of the members of the faild corporation cannot conveniently meet, in order to carry Our royal intentions in the premises into execution, and by reason thereof many delays and inconveniencies may ensue, We have thought fit, and do, by these presents, declare and appoint, that the Governor, Deputy-Governor, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Auditor of the said Directors of the Hospital, now and for the time being, together with Sir Hospital. John Major, Baronet, Timothy Brett, Esquire, Sir Merrik Burrell, Baronet, Zachary Philip Fonnereau, Robert Pett, James Stuart, Esquires, Sir Piercy Brett, Knight, John Clevland,

fortnight or oftner.

tend them.

the building.

contracts.

Clevland, Peregrine Cuft, John Tauxia Savary, Thomas Hicks, Esquires, Sir Peter Denis, Baronet, John Barker, George Marsh, William Wells, William James, Esquires, John · Cooke, Clerk, and John Campbell, Thomas Palgrave, and Joah Bates, Esquires, who are the present Directors of the faid Royal Hospital, shall be a standing Committee, and be stiled the Directors of the said Hospital. AND We do hereby give full power and authority, and require and command the Directors of the faid Hospital now and for the time being, or any five or more of them, to meet once in To meet once a every fortnight at least, or oftner if occasion should require, to confult concerning the affairs of the faid Hospital, and Secretary of the that the Secretary of the faid Hospital, or his fufficient Hospital, or his Deputy, do attend at fuch Meetings. AND Our will and Deputy, to atpleasure is, and We do hereby require and command the Directors of the faid Hospital, that at all fuch Meetings Directors to take they do take especial care of the carrying on the building of the faid Hospital, pursuant to the model already begun, or that shall hereafter be thought fitting to be carried on, and state the account for works of the said Hospital, now To flate the accounts and make and hereafter to be in hand, make contracts for provisions and all necessaries for the said Hospital, and put and place out the fons of seamen, to be, from time to time, educated To place out the in the faid Hospital, as apprentices, for any term not exceed-

Boys as apprening feven years, and do all other matters and things whatfotices, not exceeding 7 years. ever relating thereto. AND We hereby give to the faid

Proceedings of Directors o be neral Court;

Directors, or fuch five or more of them, fo affembled, all General powers. necessary and sufficient powers for the purposes aforesaid. PROVIDED always, that all proceedings whatfoever, laid before Ge- relating to the management of the affairs of the faid Hofpital, be laid before the General Court, to be held as herein

before

before mentioned, and the same are to be at all times subject to their controul, to whom We do, by these presents, give and subject to their controul. full power and authority to controul accordingly. AND We do hereby order and direct, that the fum of ten shillings a man be paid to fuch of the Directors of the faid Hospital, Directors (fuch as think reasonable to demand it, out of the revenues of the to be paid ten shillings each faid Hospital, by the hands of the Treasurer and Receiver for every attend-General thereof for the time being, for every actual attendance at every Board of Directors, and every General Court, fo holden as aforesaid. AND Our further will and pleasure is, and We do hereby give full power and authority to Our High Admiral for the time being, or our Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral now and for the time Admiralty, or being, or the members of the faid Corporation affembled may fill up the in a General Court, to fill up the numbers of Directors to rectors. twenty-four, including the Governor, Deputy-Governor, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Auditor of the faid Hospital, upon every vacancy by death, refignation, or refufal to act, and to nominate fuch perfons as Our High Admiral for the time being, or our Commissioners for executing the office of our High Admiral now and for the time being, shall think fit to be Directors in the room of such person or persons so dying, refigning, or refusing to act, as aforesaid. AND Our further will and pleasure is, and We Governor, or any do hereby expressly forbid the Governor, or any other Offi-the Directors, cers of the faid Hospital, (other than the Directors afore-contracts, &c. faid, or fuch as they shall appoint) to be concerned in purchasing or making any agreement for provisions, or any other necessaries, for the said Hospital; or to have any other powers, except the well government of the House, and Government of the House to be even that shall be performed by the Governor and such a by the Governor and such a by the Governor and such and Council.

Council of the Officers of the faid Hospital, as our High

tions ..

Admiral for the time being, or our Commissioners for executing the office of our High Admiral now and for the time being, shall from time to time appoint. AND we do hereby Power to receive authorize and empower the faid Corporation to take and receive from such of Our good subjects as shall be disposed to contribute towards erecting and endowing of the faid Hofpital, all fuch voluntary gifts or fubscriptions of or for any fum or fums of money, goods, or chattels, or of or for any estate or interest in any manors, lands, tenements, rents, hereditaments, or other matters or things whatfoever, which any person or persons, bodies politic and corporate, shall be willing to give, limit, appoint, or bestow, for or towards the building, finishing, or endowing the Hospital aforesaid, and for caufing to be collected and received whatever shall be given, contributed, defigned, or appointed for that use, by the hands of the Treasurer and Receiver General of the said Hof-Treasurer may for the time being. AND Our further will and pleasure is,

ses for lame.

that the Treasurer and Receiver General now and for the time being shall have full power and authority, from time to time, upon the receipt or receipts of any fum or fums of money, or other profits for the purposes aforesaid, or any of them, to give an acquittance or acquittances for the same, which shall be good and sufficient discharges to all intents and purposes whatsoever; and that the accounts of the Treasurer and Treasurer's ac-Receiver-General of the said Hospital now and for the time lowed in the fame being shall be examined, audited, adjusted, subscribed, and altofore, or in fuch lowed, in fuch and in the fame manner as the accounts of ral Court shall the present Treasurer and Receiver-General of the said Hospital, and his predecessors, have been heretofore examined, audited, adjusted, subscribed, and allowed, or in fuch

fuch other manner as may, from time to time, be directed by the members of the faid Corporation in General Court affembled. PROVIDED always, and Our pleafure is, Treasurer may that the Treasurer and Receiver-General of the said Hof-hands a yearly pital now and for the Time being, shall and may retain and falary of 2001. keep out of the moneys that shall from time to time come to or lie in his hands, as fuch Treasurer and Receiver General, the yearly falary or allowance of two hundred pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, to be paid and retained and the same to quarterly, at the four most usual feasts in the year, by even accounts. and equal portions, and to be, from time to time, allowed in his accounts. AND We do hereby fully authorize and empower the faid Corporation, at a General Court to be General Court held as aforesaid, from time to time, to appoint and chuse or more receiver one or more fit person or persons to be a collector or collec-or receivers; tors, receiver or receivers, of the rents, revenues, contributions, or other profits and emoluments given or belonging unto, or that shall at any time hereafter be given or belong- and may revoke ing unto, the faid Hospital, and to revoke and make void ments. fuch appointments as often as they may see cause so to do. Treasurer, and AND Our will and pleasure is, that the Treasurer and Re-entrusted with ceiver General of the faid Hospital for the time being, and fecurity. all and every other officer and officers, collectors, receivers, or agents whatfoever, appointed or created, or hereafter to be appointed or created, by Us, Our heirs, and fucceffors, or appointed or to be appointed by the Lrod High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral as aforefaid, for the receipt or collection of the rents, revenues, contributions, or other profits and emoluments as aforefaid, or any part thereof, or shall be trusted with the expenditure of any money for the use of the said Hospital

Hospital, shall, within such time and times, as shall be li-

All former commissions (repugmant to this

Charter) void.

to be fealed without fine, &c.

Promise of further powers.

mited by the faid Corporation, give and execute fuch fecurity for the duly accounting for and paying all money that shall come to their or either of their hands respectively, on account for, or for the use of, or belonging to, the said Hofpital, as shall be thought fit and reasonable by the said Corporation, in General Court affembled, having regard to the amount of the fum or fums of money that shall be usually and commonly in their or either of their hands respectively. AND We do, for Us, Our heirs, and successors, as much as in Us lies, determine, make void, revoke, annul all and all manner of commissions, charters, powers, and authorities, at any time heretofore given or granted by Us or any of Our progenitors, which any wife or in any kind are inconfistent with or repugnant to the grant, privileges, Charter, or the powers, or authorities hereby given or granted, or intended and effectual, &c. to be given or granted, to the faid Corporation. AND We do also, for Us, Our heirs and successors, grant and declare that these Our letters patent, or the inrollments or exemplifications thereof, shall be, in and by all things, good, firm, valid, and effectual in the law, according to the true intent and meaning of the same, and shall be taken, conftrued, and adjudged, in all Our courts or elfewhere, in the most favourable and beneficial sense, and for the best advantage of the faid Corporation, any non-recital, mif-recital, omission, defect, impersection, matter, or thing whatsoever notwithstanding. And that these presents shall be, in due manner, made and fealed with the feal of Great Britain, without fine or fee, great or fmall, to Us, in Our Hanaper or elsewhere, to Our use any ways to be rendered, paid, or made. AND lastly, We hereby promise and declare, for

Us,

Us, Our heirs and fucceffors, that We and They shall and will, at all times hereafter, give and grant to the said Corporation and their successors, such other reasonable powers and authorities as may be necessary for the better execution of the premises. IN WITNESS whereof We have caused these Our letters to be made patent. WITNESS Ourself at Westminster, the sixth day of December, in the sixteenth year of Our reign.

By Writ of Privy Seal,

WILMOT.

N. B. By an Act of the 16 Geo. 3. c. 24. all the estates held in trust for the benefit of the Hospital, were vested in the Commissioners and Governors incorporated by this Charter.

# ESTABLISHMENT.

A. D. 1696.

By the Register Act of the 7th and 8th of King William the Third, it was directed that those Seamen who were duly registered, and who by age, wounds, and other accidents, were disabled for further service at sea, and could not provide for themselves, should, upon certificate thereof, from the Captain, Master, &c. under his or their hands and feal, unto the Governor of the Hospital, be admitted into the fame; and that the Widows and Children of fuch as should be flain, killed or drowned in the service, should be received into the Hospital; and that the faid Children 8&9 W.c.23. should be educated at the charges of the said Hospital, till they were fit to be put out, or of ability to maintain themselves. And in the 9th of William the Third it was enacted, that the preference of admission should be given to fuch as had been the longest registered.

Admissions regulated by the Register Act. A. D. 1698.

But several doubts having arisen whether any disabled Seaman, otherwise than such as were expressly qualified by these Acts, might be admitted and provided for in the Hospital; an Act passed in the second year of Queen Ann, entitled, "An Act for the increase of seamen," &c. whereby it was enacted, that any disabled Seamen. their Wives and Children, and the Widows and Children of Seamen flain, killed or drowned in the fea fervice, should By the discretion be appointed and provided for in the Hospital, as the Lord of the Lord High be appointed and provided for in the Hospital, as the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, should think fit, or see occasion.

Admiral, 2 A.

By her Majesty's second Commission, dated the 8th A. D. 1704. day of April, 1704, it was directed, that for the future, to be sea-faringmen.

all persons to be recommended and admitted into the Hospital as Officers, or otherwise, should be sea-faring men, or such as had lost their limbs, or had been otherwise disabled in the sea-service.

By an Act of Parliament passed in the 6th year of Queen A. D. 1707. Ann, it was enacted that foreigners who had served for two 6 A. c. 37. years in her Majesty's ships of war, privateer, or merchantshi, should be invested with the privileges granted to the subjects of Great Britain.

By an Act passed in the 10th year of her Reign, any seaman A.D. 1710. in the merchant-service who had been disbabled in defend-Merchant Seading or taking any ship, as deemed qualified to be admitted 10 A.C.17. into the Hospital.

By the Act for the more effectual suppressing of piracy, A.D. 1714. passed in the 8th year of George the First, any seaman who was maimed in fight against any pirate in the defence in engagements of the King's or merchant-ships, or any other ship or vessel, was entitled to admission and provision in the Hospital in preference to any other seaman disabled for service, or from getting his livelihood merely by age.

Having shewn what description of persons are qualified by the Commissions, and the above Acts of Parliament, to be received into the Hospital, we proceed to give an account of their admission from the first establishment to the present time.

#### ESTABLISHMENT.

On the first of December, 1704, it having been reprefented to the Lord High Admiral by the Commissioners, that the Hospital was prepared for the reception of men, his Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, previous to their admission, appointed the following officers by warrant.

A Lieutenant Governor

A Captain

A First Lieutenant

A Second ditto

A Physician

A Surgeon

A Steward

A Cook

A Butler's Mate

Four Nurses.

And, in the month following he appointed

Two Chaplains, and

A Third Lieutenant.

In addition to the foregoing, the following Officers were afterwards appointed, viz.

In 1708, the First Master and Governor

1736, a Second Captain

1738, a Fourth Lieutenant

1748. Fifth and Sixth Lieutenants

1756, a Third Captain

1766, Seventh and Eight Lieutenants

1767, a Fourth Captain.

We will now give an account of the admission of the Pensioners, and their increase from time to time as the Hospital was able to receive them; observing at the same time, that, from the first establishment of the Hospital, Marines, as well as Seamen, if proper objects, were admitted without any distinction.

P E N S	I O	N	E R	S.
In January	-	1705	-	42
From 1705	to	1708		258
1708	to	1709		50
1709	to	1728	-	100
1728	to	1731	-	450
1737	to	1738	-	100
1748	to	1751	•	300
1752	to	1755		250
From June to I	ecember	1763	~	170
From February	to April	1764	-	63
1769	to	1770	-	217
1772	to	1782	~	350
			Total	2350

#### ESTABLISHMENT.

### Present Establishment of Officers,&c.

Trigette Ejettet	junion of	0,0000
	Salaries.	Clerks and Affiftants
	£.	
A Master and Governor	1000	—I Clerk at 501.
A Lieutenant Governor	400	
Four Captains, each	230	
Eight Lieutenants, each	B15	
A Treasurer and Receiver	200	-3* Clerks at 501.
A Secretary	160	-2 Clerks, 1 at 60% and 1 at 50%.
An Auditor	100	—I Clerk at 50%.
Two Chaplains, each	130	
A Physician, 10s. per diem,	182 10	os.
A Steward -	160	-4 Clerks, r at 60l. and 3 at 40l. each.
A Surgeon -	1502	-2 Affistants at 40%. each, I fervant at 30%.
A Clerk of the Checque.	260	-4 Clerks, 1 at 60%, and 3 at 40% each.
A Surveyor	200	
A Clerk of the Works, 53. per day	91 50	. 1 Clerk at 601.
A Dispenser	50	—1 Affistant at 30%
Three Matrons each	- 40	
A Schoolmaster -	- 150	
A Master Brewer -	60.	
An Organist	60	
A Butler	25	-2 Mates at 15/. each.
Two Cooks, each	30	4 Mates, viz. 2 at 20/. and 2 at 15/.

<sup>\*</sup> One of them was appointed on account of Out-penfioners—and the 1st Clerk has 50%. more on the same account.

A Scul-

### ESTABLISHMENT.

A Sculleryman

A Messer

A Messer

Two Porters, each

Salaries. Clerks and Assistants.

20—2 Mates at 151. each.

30

Barber

12

The Governor and Treasurer are appointed by Patent, the rest of the Officers by the Admiralty; except the Surveyor and Clerk of the Works, who are appointed by the General Court, the Schoolmaster and Messenger by the Board of Directors, and all the Clerks by their respective Superiors.

The Officers are allowed a certain quantity of coals and candles, and 14d. per day in lieu of a table with which they were originally accommodated; and most of the under Officers are allowed provisions in the same manner as the Pensioners.

There are also five days set apart for Festivals, viz.

### THE ROYAL FOUNDERS CORONATION.

THE KING's BIRTH-DAY.

... ACCESSION.

. . . CORONATION.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTH DAY.

# PENSIONERS.

The number of Pensioners now maintained in the Hofpital is 2350—every Boatswain is allowed 25. 6d, every Mate 1s. 6d, and every private Man 1s, per week for pocket money.

#### \*CLOTHING.

A Blue Suit A Hat Three Pair of Blue Yarn Hofe In two Years. Three Pair of Shoes Four Shirts

The Coats and Hats of the Boatswains and Boatswains-Mates are distinguished; the former by a broad, and the latter by a narrow, gold lace.

The Penfioners are also allowed Neckcloths, Nightcaps, and all necessaries for bedding, which are changed as worn out.

Great Coats are allowed for the old and infirm, and Watch-coats for those on guard.

20 G. 2.

\* By an Act of Parliament passed in the 20th year of George 2d, it was enacted, that persons taking to pawn clothes belonging to the Hospital, or changing the colour or marks thereof, should forfeit 51. upon conviction before one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace; or be committed to prison for three months: and that the Pensioner, or Nurse, going off with the same, should be committed for fix months. One moiety of this fum is directed to be paid to the informer, the other for the benefit of the Hospital.

TABLE

### TABLE of DIET.

Days.	Bread Loaves of 16 02.	Beer Quarts	Beef lb.	Mutton	Butter lb.	Cheese lb.	Pease Pints.
Sunday	I	2		I		<u>I</u>	
Monday	I	2	I	-	_	1 4	
Tuesday	1	2.	-	I-	_	14	_
Wednesd.	I	2	-		1 6	1/2	1/2
Thursday	I.	2	1	menung.	_	<u>I</u>	-
Friday	r	2	-	_	1.	1/2	1/2
Saturday	I.	2	I			<u>1</u>	
Total per Week	7	1.4	3	2	2 1 6	1. 24	I

The Hospital bake their own bread, and brew their own beer, for which purposes commodious buildings have been erected.

The Pensioners dine at 12 o'clock, when the Lieutenant on duty attends to see that good order be preserved during their meals.

N.B. The surplus of pease-soup, being a considerable quantity, is given away to the Pensioners families at the gates of the Hospital.

Persons desirous of being admitted pensioners, apply at the Admiralty Office, at least ten days before the day of Examination,\* where they receive letters directed to the proper Officer at the Navy-office, for Certificates of their time of service in the Navy, which Certificates are sent to the Admiralty prior to the day of examination, when the Candidates are seen by the Board (the Surgeon of the Hospital attending) and those who are found to be proper objects are minuted to be sent to the Hospital, and are sent accordingly as vacancies happen; the greatest objects in preference.

#### NURSES.

The number now employed is 147; they are appointed by Warrant from the Admiralty, and must all be Widows of Seamen; and under the age of 45 years, at the time of admission.

Their allowances are as follows, viz.

Wages, each, per annum, 81.

A grey serge gown and petticoat, yearly.

Provisions Bedding

the same as a Pensioner.

The Nurses are required to take out Certificates of their husband's service in the Navy in the same mode as the Pen-sioners; and to produce Certificates of their age and marriage to the Admiralty on the day of examination.

About 14,000 Pensioners, and 600 Nurses have been admitted into the Hospital from its first establishment to the present time.

<sup>\*</sup> The days at present appointed for that purpose are the first Thursdays in January, April, July, and October.

# The Establishment of Out-Pensioners.

On the 1st day of February, 1763, the Commissioners and Governors, at an extraordinary General Court, took into their confideration the state of the revenue and expence of the Hospital, and the difficulties and distresses to which great numbers of Seamen, worn out and become decrepit in the King's fervice in consequence of the war, must unavoidably be exposed, unless some provision could be made for their support during the remainder of their lives, and the Court being of opinion that they had no authority from Parliament to appropriate any part of the revenue towards making provision for those who could not be accommodated within the Hospital; it was resolved unanimously to make immediate application to Parliament for leave to bring in a Bill to empower the Commissioners and Governors\* (after defraying the necessary expences of the Hospital) to provide for such of the above-mentioned Seamen as could not be received into it; and a Bill for this purpose being presented by the late Mr. Grenville, re-3 G. 3. ceived the Royal affent on the 31st of March, 1763.

<sup>\*</sup> The funds of the Hospital are not applicable to the payment of Out-Pensioners, when the revenue is not more than sufficient for its proper establishment; and, in that case, Parliament has (on application) voted specific sums for that purpose.

In consequence of which 1400 Out-Pensioners were appointed at 71. per Ann. each; whose numbers gradually decreased in consequence of death, or admission into the Hospital, till the year 1782, when 500 additional ones were appointed, and in the year following as many more; the In-Pensioners who were desirous of it, were allowed to retire upon the Out-Pension, if they thought proper and there appeared to be no objection.

Persons desirous of becoming Out-Pensioners, apply at the Admiralty Office in the same manner as the others above-mentioned, and, when appointed, take their Warrants to the Treasurer's Office at the Hospital, where a ticket is delivered to them, by which they are empowered to receive their pension by quarterly payments, either at that place, or if, at a great distance, from the Collectors of the Customs or Excise, in consequence of Certificates signed and transmitted by the Treasurer, and attested by the Steward, or Clerk of the Checque.

About 2650 Out-Pensioners have been admitted from the passing of the above-mentioned Act to the present time.

N. B. By the above-mentioned Act, "All affirmments, bargains, jairs, orders, contracts, agreements, or fecurities what sever, which shall be given or made by any Out-Pensioner, for, upon, or in respect of, any sum or sums of money, to become due on any Out-Pension granted by

" by the Commissioners or Governors of the Hospital, shall be ab-

" folutely null and void to all intents and purposes."

Also, "the personating or falsely assuming the name and

" character of an Out-Pensioner of Greenwich Hospital in

" order to receive the Out-Pension, or procuring any other to

s do the same, is made felony without benefit of Clergy."

# PAINTED-HALL.

HE painting of this Hall, which is executed in a masterly manner, was undertaken by Sir James Thornhill, in 1708.

In the cupola of the vestibule is represented a Compass with it's proper points duly bearing. And in the covings, in chiaro oscuro, the Four Winds with their different attributes.

Over each of the three doors are compartments, in chiaro ofcuro, (supported by boys supposed to be the sons of poor Seamen) containing the names of the several Benefactors to the Hospital; and above, in a niche, is the figure of Charity.

In this vestibule is the model of an antique Ship, prefented by the late Lord Anson; the Original, which is of marble and was found in the Villa Mattea in the 16th centuary, now stands before the Church-of Sta. Maria in Rome, hence called Sta. Maria in Navicella.

From this vestibule a large slight of steps leads into the Saloon, or grand Hall, which is about 106 feet long, 56 wide, and 50 high; ornamented with a range of Corinthian

rinthian pilasters standing on a Basement, and supporting a rich Entablature above. Between them, on the South-side, are the windows, two rows in height, the jambs of which are ornamented with roses impanelled. On the North-side are recesses answering to the windows, in which are painted, in chiaro oscuro, the following allegorical figures, viz. Hospitalitas, Magnanimitas, Liberalitas, Misericordia, Generositas, Bonitas, Benignitas, Humanitas.

In the frize around the Hall is the following infcription:

Pietas augusta ut habitent secure et publice alantur qui publicæ securitati invigilarunt regia Grenovoci Mariæ auspiciis sublevandis nautis destinata regnantibus Gulielmo & Maria MDCXCIV.

Over the great arch, at the west end, are the British Arms supported by Mars and Minerva, which are very finely sculptured.

On the Cieling are the portraits of King William and Queen Mary, the Royal Founders, furrounded by the Cardinal Virtues, &c. and with the emblematical reprefentation of the Four Seasons of the Year; this Cieling is very well described by Sir Richard Steel in his Lover; of which the following is a Copy:

"In the middle of the Cieling is a very large Oval frame
painted and carved in imitation of gold, with a great
thickness rising in the inside to throw up the figures to the
N 2 "greater

"greater height; the Oval is fastened to a great Suffite adorned with roses in imitation of copper. The whole is supported by eight gigantic figures of Slaves four on each side,
as though they were carved in stone; between the figures,
thrown in heaps into a covering are all manner of Maritime
Trophies in Metzo-relievo; as Anchors, Cables, Rudders,
Masts, Sails, Blocks, Capitals, Sea-guns, Sea-carriages,
Boats, Pinnaces, Oars, Stretchers, Colours, Ensigns, Pennants, Drums, Trumpets, Bombs, Mortars, Small-arms,
Granades, Powder-barrels, Fire-arrows, Grapling-irons,
Cross-staves, Quadrants, Compasses, &c. all in stone-colours,
to give the greater beauty to the rest of the cieling, which

"About the Oval in the infide are placed the twelve figns of the Zodiac; the fix northern figns, as Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, Leo, Virgo, are placed on the north fide of the Oval; and the fix fouthern figns, as Libra, Scorpio, Sagittarius, Capricornus, Aquarius, Pisces, are to the south, with three of them in a groupe, which compose one quarter of the year: the Signs have their attitudes, and their drape-

\* Aries is of a turbulent aspect with little winds and rains hovering about him, his drapery of a blewish green, shadowed with dark russet to denote the changeableness of the weather. April, or Taurus, is more mild; May, or Gemini, in blue; June, a calm red; July, more reddish, and as he leans upon his Lyon veils a little from the Sun. Virgo almost naked, and flying from the heat of the Sun; Libra in deep red; Scorpio veils himself from the scorching Sun in a slame colour mantle; Sagittarius in red, less hot; December or Capricorn, blewish; Aquarius in a waterish green; Pisces in blue. Over Aries, Taurus, Gemini presides Flora; over Cancer, Leo, Virgo presides Ceres; over Libra, Scorpio, Sagittarius, Bacchus; and over Capricorn, Aquarius, Pisces, Hyems hovering over a brazen pot of sire.

" the cool, the blue, and the tender green to the Spring, the

" yellow to the Summer, and the red and flame colour to

" the Dog-days and Autumnal feafon, the white and cold to

"the Winter; likewise the fruits and the flowers of every

" feafon as they fucceed each other.

" In the middle of the oval are represented King William

" and Queen Mary fitting on a Throne under a great pavi-

" lion, or purple canopy, attended by the four cardinal virtues,

"as Prudence, Temperance, Fortitude, and Justice.

"Over the Queen's head is Concord, with the Fasces,

" at her feet two doves, denoting mutual concord and inno-

" cent agreement, with Cupid holding the King's Sceptre

" while he is prefenting Peace with the Lamb and Olive

" Branch, and Liberty expressed by the Athenian cap to Eu-

" rope, who laying her Crowns at his feet receives them

"with an air of repefct and gratitude. The King tramples

"Tyranny under his feet, which is exprest by a French per-

" fonage with his leaden Crown falling off, his chains, yoke

" and iron fword broken to pieces, Cardinal's cap, triple

"crowned mitres, &c. tumbling down. Just beneath is

"Time bringing Truth to light, near which is a figure of

" Architecture holding a large drawing of part of the Hof-

" pital with the Cupola, and pointing up to the Royal Foun-

" ders, attended by the little Genii of her art. Beneath her

" is Wisdom and Heroic Virtue, represented by Pallas and

"Hercules, destroying Ambition, Envy, Covetousness, De-

" traction, Calumny, with other vices, which feem to fall to

" to the earth, the place of their more natural abode.

"Over the Royal pavilion is shewn at a great height Apollo in his golden chariot, drawn by four white horses attended by the Horæ, and morning dews falling before him, going his course through the twelve signs of the Zodiac; and from him the whole plasond or cieling is ensulting high thened.

"Each end of the Cieling is raised in perspective, with a " ballustrade and eliptic arches, supported by groupes of stone " figures, which form a gallery of the whole breadth of the "Hall; in the middle of which gallery (as though on the " stock) going into the upper Hall, is seen in perspective the " Tafferil of the Blenheim man of war, with all her galleries, ort-holes open, &cc. to one fide of which is a figure of Vic-"tory flying with spoils taken from the enemy, and putting "them aboard the English man of war. Before the ship is "a figure representing the City of London, with the arms, " fword and cap of maintenance, supported by Thame and "Ifis, with other fmall rivers offering up their treasures to The river Tine pouring forth facks of coals. "the gallery on each fide the ship are the Arts and Sciences "that relate to Navigation with the great Archimedes, many old philosophers consulting the compass, &c.

"At the other end, as you return out of the Hall, is a gallery in the fame manner, in the middle of which is the fern of a beautiful galley filled with Spanish trophies. Under which is the Humber with his pigs of lead. The Severn with the Avon falling into her, with other leffer rivers. In the North end of the gallery is the famous Ticho Brahe, that noble Danish Knight, and great ornament of "his

" his profession and human nature. Near him is Copernicus "with his Pythagorean fystem in his hand; next to him is " an old mathematician holding a large table, and on it are "described two principal figures, of the incomparable Sir " Isaac Newton, on which many extraordinary things in that "art are built. On the other end of the gallery, to the fouth, " is our learned Mr. Flamstead, Reg. Astron. Profess. with "his ingenious disciple, Mr Thomas Weston. In Mr. "Flamstead's hand is a large scroll of paper, on which is "drawn the great Eclipse of the Sun that will happen in "April-1715; near him is an old man with a pen-"dulum counting the feconds of Time, as Mr. Flamstead " makes his observations with his great mural arch and "tube on the defcent of the moon on the Severn, which at " certain times form such a roll of the tides as the sailors " corruptly call the Higre, instead of the Eager, and is very "dangerous to all ships in its way. This is also expressed by "rivers tumbling down by the moon's influence into the "Severn. In this gallery are more Arts and Sciences relating " to Navigation.

"All the great rivers, at each end of the Hall, have their proper product of fish issuing out of their vases.

"In the four great angles of the Cieling, which are over the arches of the galleries, are the four elements, as Fire, Air, Earth, and Water, represented by Jupiter, Juno, Cybele, and Neptune, with their lesser Deities accompanying, as Vulcan, Iris, the Fauni, Amphitrite, with all their proper attitudes, &c. "At one end of the great Oval is a large figure of Fame descending, riding on the winds, and sounding forth the praises of the Royal Pair.

"All the fides of the Hall are adorned with fluted Pi-"lasters, Trophies of shells, Corals, Pearls; the jambs of the "windows ornamented with roses impanneled, or the opus "reticulamium, heightened with green gold.

"The whole raises in the spectator the most lively images of Glory and Victory, and cannot be beheld without much passion and emotion."

From this Saloon you ascend, by another flight of steps, into the upper Hall, the Cieling and Sides of which are adorned with different paintings. In the centre of the cieling is represented Queen Ann and Prince George of Denmark accompanied with various emblematical figures.

In the four corners are the Arms of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, between which are the four quarters of the world, Europe, Afia, Africa and America, with the emblems and productions of each.

On the left hand fide as you enter is a painting in imitation of Basso Relievo representing the landing of the Prince of Orange, afterwards King William. On the right hand over the chimney is the landing of King George the First at Greenwich.

At the further end of this Hall are painted the portraits of King George the First and his Family, with many emblematical figures; amongst which the Painter (Sir James Thornhill) has also introduced his own portrait.

On the right and left of the entrance are allegorical paintings representing The Public Weal, and Public Safety.

The whole of this celebrated work was not completed till 1727, and cost 6,685% being after the rate of 3% per yard for the Ceiling and 1% per yard for the Sides, agreeable to a resolution of the Directors, after consulting the following eminent Painters, viz. Vandervelt, Cooper, Richardson, Sykes, and Degard, who reported the performance to be equal to any of the like kind in England, and superior in number of figures and ornaments.

When Sir James had finished the Ceiling and Sides of the great Saloon in 1717, he delivered in a Memorial to the Directors, stating the prices which were given for paintings of the like kind at the Banqueting-House, Whitehall, the Duke of Montague's, the Palaces of Windsor and Hampton-Court, Bulstrode-Chapel, and other works at the Duke of Portland's, and at the Earl of Burlington's, which is too curious to be omitted, and the following copy of it is therefore inserted:

To the Right Honourable the Commissioners for building the Royal Hospital at Greenwich.

The Memorial of James Thornhill, History-Painter,

Sheweth,

That, in pursuance of an order of the 10th Inst. fignified to me by Mr. Corbet that I should make a demand and valuation of the Painting done by me at the said Hospital, I have made diligent enquiry into the prices of History Painting in this kingdom, and find, that when

money was at much greater value, greater prices were given, and beg leave to inflance in one, not prefuming to a parallel. Sir Peter Paul Rubens had 4,000% for the ceiling of the Banqueting-House, at Whitehall, which is little more than 400 yards of work, so was near 10% a yard.

The late Duke of Montague paid Mons. Rosso for his Salloon 2,000. and kept an extraordinary table for him, his friends and servants, for two years, whilst the work was doing, at an expence computed at 500. per Ann.; which is near 450 yards, amounting to about 71. per yard, ceiling and sides.

Sign<sup>r.</sup> Varrio was paid for the whole Palaces of Windsor and Hampton Court, ceilings, sides, stairs, and back-stairs, 8s. per foot, which is 3l. 12s. per yard, exclusive of gilding, had wine daily allowed him, lodgings in the Palaces; and, when his eye-sight failed him, a pension of 200l. per Ann. and allowance of wine for his life.

Sigr Rizzi had of the present Duke of Portland } 100	
for 3 Rooms 5	0.
For the little Chapel at Bulftrode - 60	00.
Of the Lord Burlington for his staircase - 70	00
Sign. Pellegrini of the Duke of Portland for work at his house 3	0.4
work at his house	, O, \
And for a small picture over a chimney - 5	0.
Of the Earl of Burlington for the fides of }	0.
his hall	.0.

All which prices are by measure, more than Signer Varrio's; and I was lately paid for a Ceiling at Hampton Court, upon a reference from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury to the Honourable Board of Works, 31. 15s. per yard, including gilding. And, although these painters were foreigners, yet fince the several ingenious Gentlemen painters and artists, to whom your Honours have been pleased to refer this for a parallel to be drawn, have not thought this inferior in performance, and more full of work, I have no reason to apprehend any discouragement from your Honours, but that you will be pleased to allow me as good a price as any of these modern painters, especially since I have spent six years of the prime of my life therein; and, tho' I have in that time done feveral small works, yet they have chiefly ferved to enable me by experience and money to carry on this great one, which must otherwise necessarily have required a confiderable imprest for which a large interest would have been paid.

And also hope that this being an Hospital will make no difference, since Royal Hospitals are as well embellished as Palaces, and with as much expense. Therefore humbly submit myself to your Honours justice herein, and am,

Your Honours

Most faithful, and

24th August,

Obedient humble Servant,

JAMES THORNHILL.

O 2 CHAPEL.

## C H A P E L.

THE interior part and roof of the former Chapel, which was executed under the direction of Mr. Ripley the Surveyor, being destroyed by fire on the 2d of January, 1779, has been restored in the most beautiful and elegant style of Grecian Architecture from designs of the late Surveyor, James Stuart, Esq. the celebrated publisher of the Antiquities of Athens, and under the superintendance of Mr. William Newton, Clerk of the works.

Immediately before the Entrance of the Chapel is an Octangular vestibule in which are four niches containing the statues of Faith, Hope, Charity, and Meekness, worked from designs made by West; from which vestibule you ascend, by a slight of 14 steps, to the Chapel; which is 111 feet long and 52 broad, and capable of conveniently accommodating 1000 Pensioners, Nurses, and Boys, exclusive of pews for the Directors, and for the several Officers, under officers, &c. Over the Portal or great Door of the Chapel is this inscription, in letters of gold:

"Let them give thanks, whom the Lord hath redeemed, and delivered from the hand of the enemy." Pf. 107.

The portal confifts of an Architrave, Frize, and Cornice of statuary marble, the jambs of which are twelve feet high in one piece, and enriched with excellent sculpture. The Frize

Frize is the work of Bacon, and confifts of the figures of two Angels with festoons supporting the facred Writings, in the leaves of which is the following inscription:

- " The Law was given by Moses;
- "But Grace and Truth came by JESUS CHRIST.

The great folding doors are of mahogany highly enriched, and the whole Composition, of this Portal is not, at this time, to be paralleled in this, or, perhaps, in any other country.

Within this entrance is a Portico of fix fluted marble columns fifteen feet high. The capitals and bases are Ionic, after Greek models. The Columns support the organgallery, and are crowned with an entablature and ballustrade enriched with suitable ornaments.

On the Tablet in the front of the gallery is a Basso-relievo representing the figures of Angels sounding the Harp; on the pedestals, on each side, are ornaments consisting of Trumpets and other instruments of music; and, on the tablet between, is the following inscription in letters of gold:

"Praise him with the sound of the trumpet:

"Praise him with stringed instruments and organs." Ps. 150.

In this gallery is a very fine Organ, made by Mr. Samuel Green.

On each fide of the Organ Gallery are four grand Columns; their shafts of Scagliola in imitation of Sienna marble, by Richter, and their Capitals and Bases of Statuary marble; At the opposite end of the Chapel are four others of the same sort, which support the arched Ceiling and Roof. These Columns are of the Corinthian order, and, with their Pedestals, are 28 feet high.

On the fides of the Chapel, between the upper and lower range of windows, are the two galleries, in which are pews for the Officers and their Families: those of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, which are opposite each other, are distinguished by ornaments confisting of the Naval Crown, and other fuitable Infignia. Underneath these galleries, and the Cantilivers which support them, are ranges of fluted Pilasters. The Cantilivers are decorated with antique foliage; the Entablature over the Pilasters with Marine Ornaments; the interval between them with Festoons, &c. and the Pedestals of the Ballustrade in the front of the Galleries with Tridents and Wreaths. The tablets in the middle of each Ballustrade. contain the Hospital's arms, and the Frize below is carved with foliage in the Greek mode. Over the lower range of Windows are Paintings, in chiaro ofcuro, representing some of the principal events in the life of our Saviour, which are accompanied with ornaments of Candelabra and Festoons.

Above

Above the Galleries is a richly-carved stone Fascia, on which stands a range of Pilasters of the Composite mode, their shafts being of Scagliola, corresponding with those of the eight great columns, and, jointly with them, appearing to support the Epistylium which surrounds the whole Chapel. This Epistylium is enriched with Angels bearing sessions of Oak-leaves, Dolphins, Shells, and other applicable ornaments. From this rises the curved Ceiling which is divided into Compartments and enriched with soliage, golochi, &c. in the antique style. Between the upper pilasters are recesses in which are painted, in chiaro-oscuro, the Apostles and Evangelists.

At each end of the Galleries are concave recesses, the coves of which are ornamented with Coffers and Flowers carved in stone; in these recesses are the doors of entrance to the Galleries, decorated with enriched Phlasters and Entablatures, and a group of ornaments, consisting of the Naval Crown, wreaths of Laurel and Tridents. Above the doors are circular recesses, containing paintings, in chiaro-oscuro, of the Prophets Isaiah, Jeremiah, Moses, and David.

The Communion Table is a femi-oval flab of statuary marble near eight feet long. The ascent to it is by three steps of black marble, on which is fixed an ornamental railing representing sestions of Ears of Corn, and Vine foliage. This Table is supported by fix Cherubin standing on a white marble step of the same dimensions.

Above is a Painting, by West, in a superb carved and gilt frame, representing the Preservation of St. Paul from shipwreck on the Island of Melita.

This picture is 25 feet high and 14 wide, and confifts of three principal groups. The first, which is at the lower part, represents the Mariners and Prisoners bringing on shore the various articles which have been preserved from the wreck; Near these is an elegant figure, supposed to be a Roman Lady of distinction, clasping with affection an Urn containing the ashes of her deceased husband who had fallen in the wars of Judea. Before her is an aged, infirm Man; who, being unable to affist himself, is carried in the arms of two robust young men.

In the middle part of the piece is the principal group, confifting of St. Paul shaking into the fire the Viper that had fastened on his hand, the Brethren who accompanied him, his friend the Centurion, and a band of Roman Soldiers with their proper infignia.

The figures above these, on the summit of the rocks, form the third group; and consist of the hospitable Islanders lowering down suel and other necessaries for the relief of the Sufferers.

The Sea and wrecked Ship, (which at this point of time are confidered as an episode) appear in the back-ground, and combine to exhibit a scene that cannot fail of having a proper effect on the minds of Sea-faring men, and of impressing them with a due sense of their past preservation,

vation, and their present comfortable situation and support in this glorious Asylum for naval misfortune and naval worth.

On either fide the arch which terminates the top of this picture, are Angels of statuary marble as large as life, by Bacon; one bearing the Cross, the other the emblems of the Eucharist. This excellent combination of the works of art is terminated above in the segment between the great cornice and ceiling by a painting of the Ascension, designed by West, and executed by Rebecca, in chiaro oscuro; forming the last of the series of paintings of the life of our Saviour which surround the Chapel.

The middle of the aile, and the space round the altar and organ gallery, are paved with black and white marble in golochi, frets, and other ornaments; having, in the centre, an Anchor and Seaman's Compass.

The Pulpit is on a circular plan, supported by fix fluted columns of Lime-tree, with an Entablature above richly carved and of the same material. In the fix Inter-columns are the following alto-relievos, taken from the Acts of the Apostles, executed after designs by West.

The Conversion of St. Paul, Acts, chap. ix.

Cornelius's Vision, x.

Peter released from Prison by the Angel, xii.

Elymas struck blind, xiii.

St. Paul preaching at Athens, and converting Dionysius the Areopagite, xvii.

Paul pleading before Felix, xxiv.

The Reader's Desk is formed on a square plan, with columns at the sour corners, and the Entablature over them similar to those of the Pulpit; in the sour Intercolumns are also alto relievos of the Prophets, copied after designs by the same artist.

Daniel.
Micah.

Zachariah.

Malachi.

The following paintings, in chiaro-ofcuro relative to our Saviour, are placed over the lower windows.

The first four of the series, painted by De Bruyn, are at the East end of the South-side of the Chapel, and represent

The Nativity.

The Angel appearing to the Shepherds..

The Magi worshiping.

The Flight into Egypt.

The four, which follow on the same side, are by Catton and represent

St. John baptizing.

Calling of St. Peter and St. Andrew,

Our Saviour preaching from a Ship to the People on Shore.

The Stilling of the Tempest.

The four, at the West-end of the North-side, are by Milburne and represent

Our Saviour walking on the Sea, and faving Peter from finking.

The Blind Man cured by a Touch.

Lazarus raised from the Dead.

The Transfiguration.

The next four on the same side are by Rebecca and represent

The Lord's Supper.

Our Saviour carried before Pilate.

The Crucifixion.

The Resurrection.

The Apostles and Evangelists in the recesses between the upper windows, and the four Prophets in the circles above the Gallery-doors are by the last-mentioned Artist, after designs of Mr. West.

The Principal Artificers who were employed in rebuilding the Chapel were:

Mr. John Deval, Mason.

Mr. Richard Lawrence, Carver.

Mr. Samuel Wyatt, Carpenter.

Mr. James Arrow, Joiner.

Mr. John Papworth, Plaisterer.

#### P 2

### COUNCIL-

N. B. The four statues in the vestibule of the Chapel—the medallions or alto-relievos in the Pulpit and Reading-desk—the pannel of Cherubims with the Harp, and the two pannels of the Hospital Arms in front of the Galleries—the Cherubims supporting the Communion-table—all the Pilaster Capitals, &c. are of artificial stone, executed at COADE's Ornamental Stone Manusactory, near Westminster-bridge.

## COUNCIL-ROOM.

ADJOINING to the Governor's Apartment in King Charles' Building is a Room fo called, where the Directors occasionally meet on the affairs of the Hospital; and a Council is held every Friday, (or oftner if necessary,) by the Officers intrusted with the internal Government of the Pensioners, &c.

In this Room are several paintings.

At the upper-end is a whole-length Portrait of King George the Second in his Robes, by Schakleton, the bequest of a former Governor, Admiral Townsend.

On each fide of it are two half-lengths, one of K. William, the other of Queen Mary, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, the gift of the late Sir John Van Hattem, Knight, of Dinton Hall, Bucks.

At the lower-end is a whole-length Portrait, by Gainfborough, of the present Earl of Sandwich, the gift of Sir Hugh Palliser, Bart. the present Governor.

On the right is a half-length Portrait, by Sir Peter Lely, of Edward the first Earl of Sandwich, who was killed in the engagement in Solbay in 1672, the gift of the present Earl.

On the left is a half-length of Lord Viscount Torrington, by Davison.

\*

Over

Over the Chimney is a whole-length Portrait of Robert Osbolston, Esq. (whose munificent benefaction has already been noticed) copied from an original in the possession of Lord Aylmer, a former Governor, at the expence of the Hospital, by Degard.

On the right hand of the chimney is a whole-length Portrait of Lord Viscount Torrington, by Davison, in 1734.

On the left a ditto, by Richardson, of Admiral Sir John Jennings, a former Governor.

Near the window at the upper end of the room is a three quarters Oval of Captain Clements, a former Lieutenant Governor, by Greenhill, pupil of Sir Peter Lely, the gift of the Captain's Widow.

At the lower-end the Head of a venerable old Man, faid to have been the first Pensioner who was admitted into the Hospital.

In the Pannel opposite the Chimney is a Spring-Clock, by Holmes, ornamented with the Signs of the Zodiac, beautifully carved and gilt, from a design of the late Mr. Stuart, when Surveyor of the Hospital.

Under several of the above Pictures are some of Sir James Thornhill's original sketches, for the Paintings in the Great Hall, presented by the said Mr. Stuart, and Mr. Cox of Badbey, Northamptonshire.

#### ANTI-CHAMBER to the COUNCIL-ROOM.

Near the Door is a Month Equation Clock with a double Pendulum, by Quire; And, in different parts of the Room, the following Paintings, viz.

Two large Sea Pieces, given by Philip Harman, Efq; representing the Naval exploits of his Ancestor, Captain Thomas Harman, in the Reign of King Charles II; One, at the upper-end of the Room, being an engagement between the Tyger Frigate commanded by Captain Harman and eight Dutch Privateers, in opposition to which he conducted a large Fleet of Colliers into the River Thames, without the loss of one, when there was the greatest want of Coals in London; The other, over the Door at the lower-end, being an engagement between the same Captain, in the same Frigate and a Dutch Man of War, in the Bay of Bulls; in which the latter was taken and towed into the Harbour of Cadiz, in fight of a Squadron of Dutch ships riding there.

In other parts of the Room are fix small Pictures representing the Loss of the Luxemburgh Galley, commanded by William Kellaway (which was burnt in the year 1727, on her passage from Jamaica to London) and the subsequent distresses of part of her crew; the gift of Mr. Parker, Executor to Captain Maplesden, late Lieutenant-Governor of the Hospital. As the circumstances of this disaster are interesting and extraodinary, we are induced to give the following short account as related by Captain Boys himself, late Lieutenant-Governor of the Hospital, who was second Mate of the ship at that time.

"On the 23d day of May, 1727, we failed from Ja-" maica, and on Sunday the 25th day of June were in "the latitude of 41°, 45' N. and in the longitude of 20°. " 30' E. from Crooked Island, when the galley was per-"ceived to be on fire in the Lazaretto. It was occasioned "by the fatal curiofity of two black boys, who, willing "to know whether fome liquor spilt on the deck was "rum, or water, put the candle to it, which rose into " a flame, and immediately communicated itself to the "barrel from whence the liquor had leaked. It had "burned fome time before it was perceived, as the boys were too much intimidated to discover it themselves... "Having tried all possible means to extinguish the fire in "vain, we hoisted out the yaul, which was soon filled. " with 23 men and boys, who had jumped into her with "the greatest eagerness. The wind now blowing very " fresh, and she running 7 knots and a half by the log, we expected every moment to perish, as she was loaded "within a streak and a half of her gunnel. We had. " not a morfel of victuals, nor a drop of liquor; no mast, " no fail, no compass to direct our course, and above a "hundred leagues from any land. We left 16 men in "the ship, who all perished in her: they endeavoured to " hoist out the long-boat, but, before they could effect 66 it, the flames reaching the powder-room, she blew up, " and we faw her no more. A little before this we could "distinguish the First Mate, and the Captain's Cook "in the mizen-top, every moment expecting the fate "that awaited them. Having thus been eye-witnesses " of the miserable fate of our companions, we expected every moment to perish by the waves, or, if not by them, "them, by hunger and thirst. On the two first days it " blew and rained much, but the weather coming fair on " the third day, viz. the 28th, as kind providence had " hitherto wonderfully preserved us, we began to contrive " means how to make a fail, which we did in the follow-"ing manner: we took to pieces three mens' frocks and " a shirt, and with a sail-needle and twine, which we "foun d in one of the black boy's pockets, we made shift " to few them together, which answered tolerably well. "Finding, in the fea, a fmall flick, we woulded it to a " piece of a broken blade of an oar that we had in the "boat, and made a yard of it, which we hoisted on an "oar with our garters for halyards and sheets, &c. A "thimble, which the fore-sheet of the boat used to be " reeved through, ferved at the end of the oar or mast to " reeve the halyards. Knowing, from our observations, that "Newfoundland bore about North, we steered as well " as we could to the northward. We judged of our course, " by taking notice of the Sun and of the time of the "day by the Captain's watch. In the night, when we " could fee the North-star, or any of the Great Bear, we " formed the knowledge of our course by them. "were in great hopes of feeing fome ship, or other, to "take us up. The 4th or 5th night a man, Thomas " Craniford, and the boy that unhappily fet the ship on "fire, died, and, in the afternoon the next day, three more " men, all raving mad, crying out miserably for water. "The weather now proved fo foggy, that it deprived us "almost all day of the fight of the Sun, and of the " Moon and Stars by night. We used frequently to holloo as loud as we coud, in hopes of being heard by fome " ship.

thip. In the day-time our deluded fancies often imagined " ships so plain to us, that we have hollooed out to them "a long time before we have been undeceived; and, in the " night, by the fame delufion we thought we heard men "talk, bells ring, dogs bark, cocks crow, &c. and have "condemned the phantoms of our imagination (believing "all to be real ships, men, &c.) for not answering and "taking us up. The 7th day we were reduced to 12 in "number, by death. The next night, the wind, being about "E. N. E, blew very hard, and the fea running high, "we scudded right before it with our small fail about " down, expecting every moment to be fwallowed up by "the waves. July the 5th, Mr. Guishnet died, and on " the 6th died Mr. Steward, (fon of Dr. Steward, of Spa-" nish-Town, in Jamaica) and his servant, both passengers. "In the afternoon we found a dead duck which looked " green, and not fweet; we eat it however very heartily, " (not without thanks to the Almighty) and it is impossible " for any body, except in the like unhappy circumstances. " to imagine how pleasant it was to our taste at that time, "which, at another, would have been offensive both to our " taste and smell. On the 7th day of July, at one in the after-" noon, we faw land about fix leagues off. At 40'clock another " man died, whom we threw overboard to lighten the boat. Our number was then reduced to feven. We " had often taken thick fog banks for land, which as often " had given us great joy and hopes that vanished with "them at the same time; but when we really saw the land, " it appeared so different from what we had so often taken " for it, that we wondered how we could be so mistaken, er and

" and 'tis absolutely impossible for any man, not in our circum-" stances, to form an idea of the joy and pleasure it gave us "when we were convinced of its reality. It gave us strength " to row, which we had not for four days before, and must " infallibly most of us, if not all, have perished that very " night, if we had not got on shore. Our fouls exulted "with joy and praises to our Almighty Preserver. About "6 o'clock we faw feveral shallops fishing, which we " steered for. Having a fine gale of wind right on shore, "we went with fails and oars, about three or four knots: "when we came so near that we thought one of the " shallops could hear us (being just under fail and going in " with their fish) we hollooed as loud as we could; at length "they heard us, and lowered their fail. When we ap-" proached pretty near them, they hoisted it in again, and " were going away from us; but we made so dismal and " melancholy a noise, that they brought to and took us in "tow. They told us our aspects were so dreadful, that "they were frightened at us. They gave us some bread "and water; we chewed the bread small with our teeth, " and then by mixing water with it, got it down with " difficulty.

"During our voyage in the boat, our mouths had been for for for want of moisture for several days, that we were obliged to wash them with falt water every two or three hours to prevent our lips glewing fast together. We always drank our own water, and all the people drank falt water, except the Captain, Surgeon, and myself. In foggy weather the fail having imbibed some moisture, we used to wring it into a pewter bason which

we found in the boat. Having wrung it as dry as we could, we fucked it all over, and used to lick one another's " clothes with our tongues. At length we were obliged " by inexpressible hunger and thirst to eat part of the " bodies of fix men, and drink the blood of four; for we " had not fince we came from the ship saved, only one " time, about half a pint, and, at another, about a wine " glass full of water, each man in our hats. A little food " fufficing us, and finding the flesh very disagreeable, we " confined ourselves to the hearts only. Finding ourselves " now perishing with thirst, we were reduced to the me-" lancholy, distressful, horrid act of cutting the throats of " our Companions, an hour, or two, after they were dead, " to procure their blood, which we caught in a pewter " bason, each man producing about a quart. But let it " be remembered in our defence, that without the affift-" ance this blood afforded to nature, it was not possible " that we could have furvived to this time. At about "8 o'clock at night we got on shore at Old St. Lawrence "Harbour in Newfoundland, where we were kindly re-"ceived by Captain Lecrass of Guernsey, or Jersey, "then Admiral of the Harbour. We were cautioned to " eat and drink but little at first, which we observed as " well as the infirmity of human nature, fo nearly starving, " would allow. We could fleep but little, the transports " of our joy being too great to admit of it. Our Captain, "who had been speechless 36 hours, died about 5 o'clock " the next morning, and was buried with all the Honors "that could be conferred upon him at that place. The " names of those persons who were burnt in the ship, " who were starved in the boat, and who lived to get on " shore, are as follow, viz.

 $Q_2$ 

" Ralph

#### Burnt in the Ship.

Ralph Kellaway, 1st Mate. Charles James, 7 Mac Holroide, 3d Mate. Jerald Hedge, Gunner. James Crook, Cooper. John Johnson, William Coats, Seamen. William Day, James Ambrose,

Francis Mitto, Thos Hind, Quarter Master. Edward Thicker, \Seamen. Evander M. Avy, J Sharper, Black Boys. lemmy; Coffea,

Seamen:

#### Starved in the Boat.

Thomas Steward, Passenger. Mr. Stewards, Servant. William Piggs, Paffenger. John Horn, John East, Seamen. Henry White, Thos. Croniford, Simon Emar,

William Walker, John Simenton, Seamen. William James, Thos. Nicholson, Henry Guishnett, Clerk. Caufor Black Boys. Hamose, Merry Winkle,

### Lived to get on Shore:

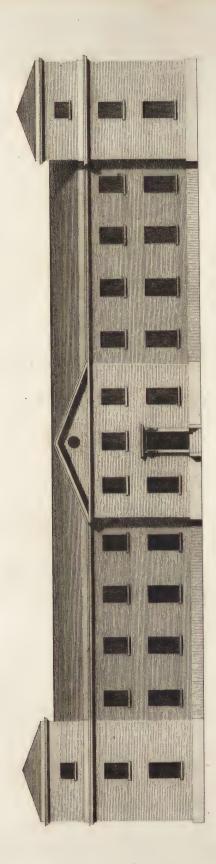
William Gibbs, Carpenter. William Kellaway, Captain. Robert Kellaway, a Boy. William Boys, 2d Mate. George Mould, Seaman. Thomas Scrimfour, Surgeon. William Batten, Boatswain.

"The boat in which we got to Newfoundland, distance "100 leagues, was only 16 feet long, 5 feet 3 inches broad, " and two feet 3 inches deep. It was built for the Luxburgh Galley, by Mr. Bradley, of Deal."

N. B. Lieut. Governor Boys was accustomed to pass annually in prayer and fasting the number of days the ship's, crew were in diffress as above-mentioned; in commemoration of his wonderful deliverance.

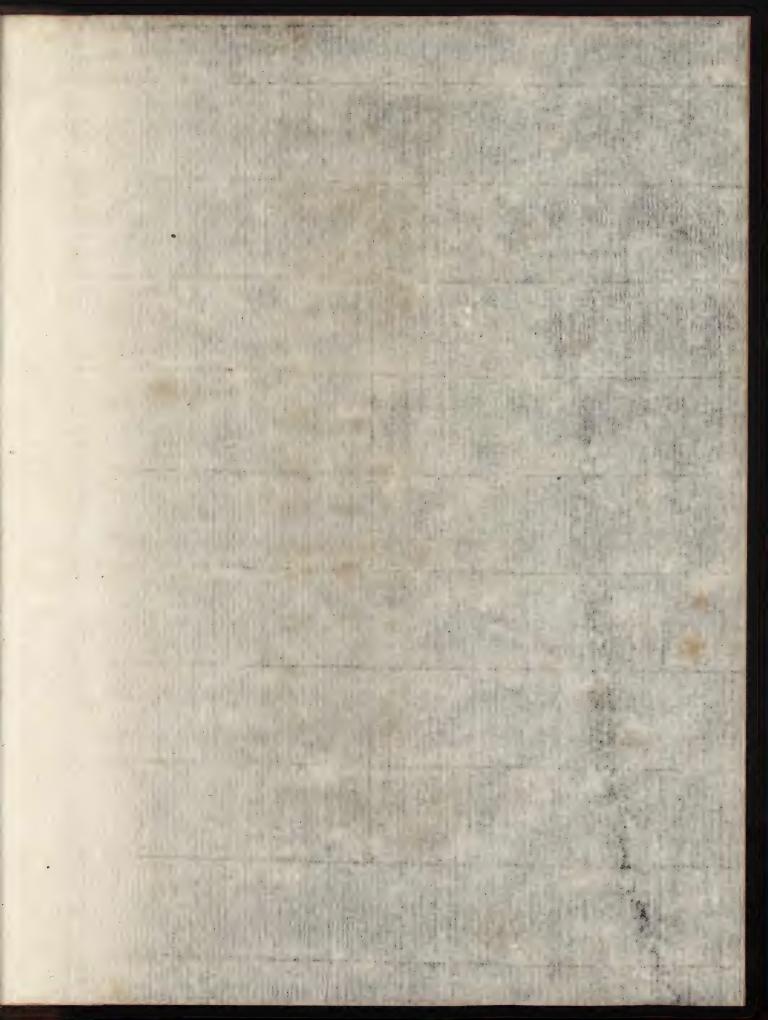
INFIRMARY.

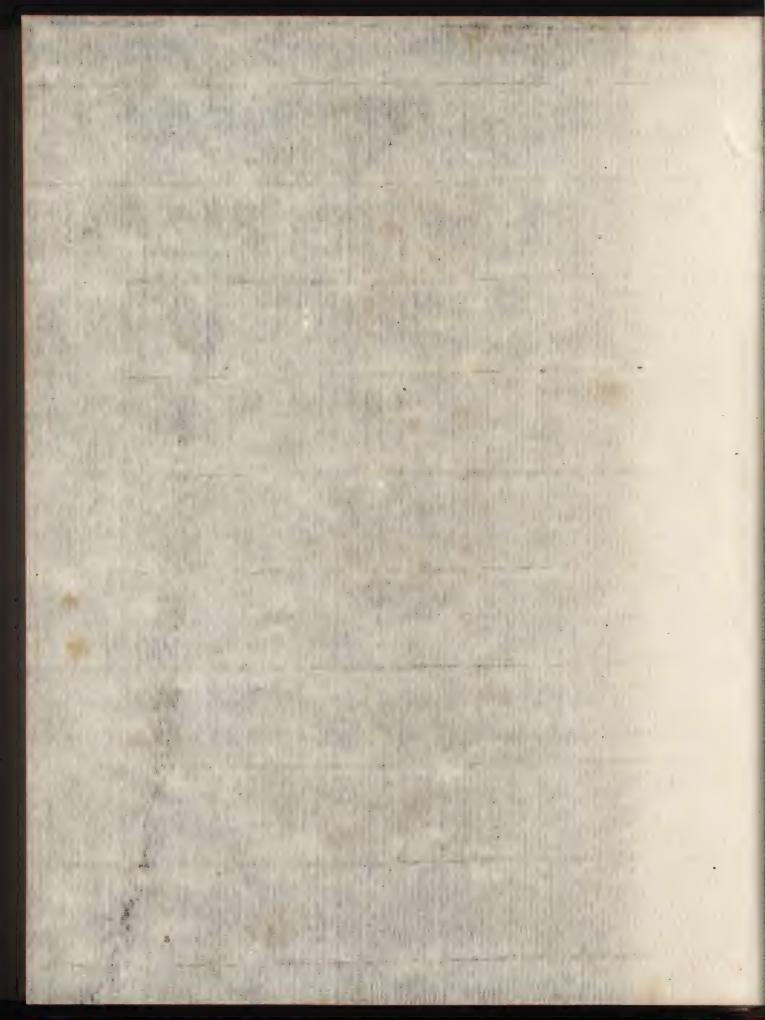




Clevation of the Cast-front of the Informary.

Emgressid by J. Newtons.





# INFIRMARY.

IN 1763 it was submitted to the General Court by the Directors whether it would not be adviseable to build an Infirmary without the Walls of the Hospital; in order that more Pensioners might be added to the establishment, and the sick taken care of with greater convenience and more comfort to themselves.

A work fo necessary was immediately concluded upon; and a Building ordered to be erected for that purpose; which was designed by Mr. Stuart the late Surveyor, and completed under the direction of Mr. Robinson then. Clerk of the Works.

It is a quadrangular brick Building 198 feet in length, and 175 feet in breadth; and divided into two principal parts, one for the Patients under the care of the Phyfician, and the other for those whose Cases require the attendance of a Surgeon.

Each part is two stories in height, containing a double row of rooms being altogether in number 64, calculated to hold 256 Patients; each room has a Chimney-place, with an aperture near the Ceiling for the purpose of ventilation, and will accommodate four Patients.

In the fore-part of this Building, which confifts of the Physician's division, is the Hall; opposite to it, in the back part which belongs to the Surgeon, is the Kitchen; and, in the upper story, is a small Chapel, where prayers are read by the Chaplains, twice a week, for the benefit of the Patients.

In the four angles and other parts of the building, are the Difpenfary and Surgery and apartments for the Physician; for the Surgeon and Difpenser, with their respective Affistants; and for the Matron; and adjacent, within the walls, are hot and cold Baths.

As nothing has been omitted which was judged neceffary to render this building convenient and comfortable to the Patients, so all possible care is taken that the Diet (a scheme of which is annexed) is adapted to their particular Cases; the Drugs and Medicines are bought of the Apothecaries Company in order that they may be the best of their kinds; and, when it is necessary for any of the Patients to go to Bath, or the salt-water, or, in Cases of Insanity, to Bethlem or other places of confinement, they are immediately sent thither; the Hospital paying all necessary expences.

### TABLE of DIET.

	Days.	Bread.	Beer. Quarts		Muttn lb.	Beef.	Milk. Quarts	Butter lb.	Eggs.	Sugar. lb.	Rice.
2	Sunday	I	I	3 4		_	_		bee mit 1000		No. 400 and
	Monday	I	I		-	-	I	7	2	6	~
	Tuesday	I	I	_	3/4	_	_				
	Wednesd.	I	I	_	-			<u>6</u>	2	1/6	90 ay no
	Thurfday	I	1	-		34	_				
	Friday	I	I		_		I	<u>F</u>	2	7 6	1/4
	Saturday	I	I		<u>3</u> 4	-	-				
	Total per } Week }	7	7	3/4	I ½	34	2	<u> </u>	6	7/2	14

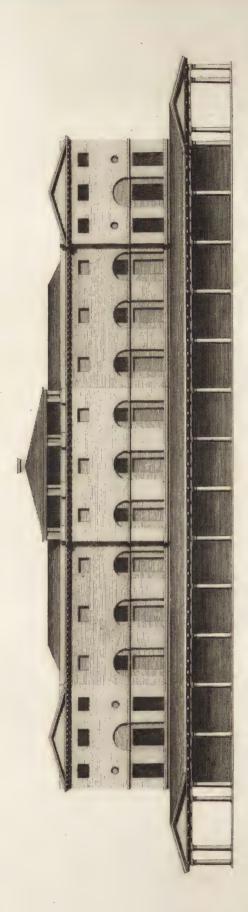
N.B. Water-gruel for breakfast and milk-pottage for supper on meat days; panada for breakfast and rice-milk for supper on banyan days. Wine, asses milk, &c. are supplied according to the demands of the Physician and Surgeon.

The following TABLE shews the Number of Penfioners who died in the last twelve Years.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	O.A.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
1777		13	15	13			11	15	19	16	21	15	185
1778	18	II	II					19	16	16	21	14	194
1779	19	.18	25	22	1		16	15	19	19	15	18	215
1780	30	19	17	21	15		15	13	17	25		20	224
1781	14	15			22		15	18	16	23		23	
1782	16	19		21	24		18	16	16	16			228
1783			17	14	12		13	15	16	17	15	19	188
1784	17	25	21	25	22	14	13		6	10	10	17	186
1785	20	16	14		14		21	19	15	15	10	17	195
1786	11	20	20	12	13	20	8		15	7	24	8	176
1787		14	12	20	II	16	14	ΙI	14	16	27	21	212
1788	13	15	2.2	20	13	II	16	15	15	14	12	25	191
Total	230	200	205	224	189	205	171	180	184	194	202	216	2400

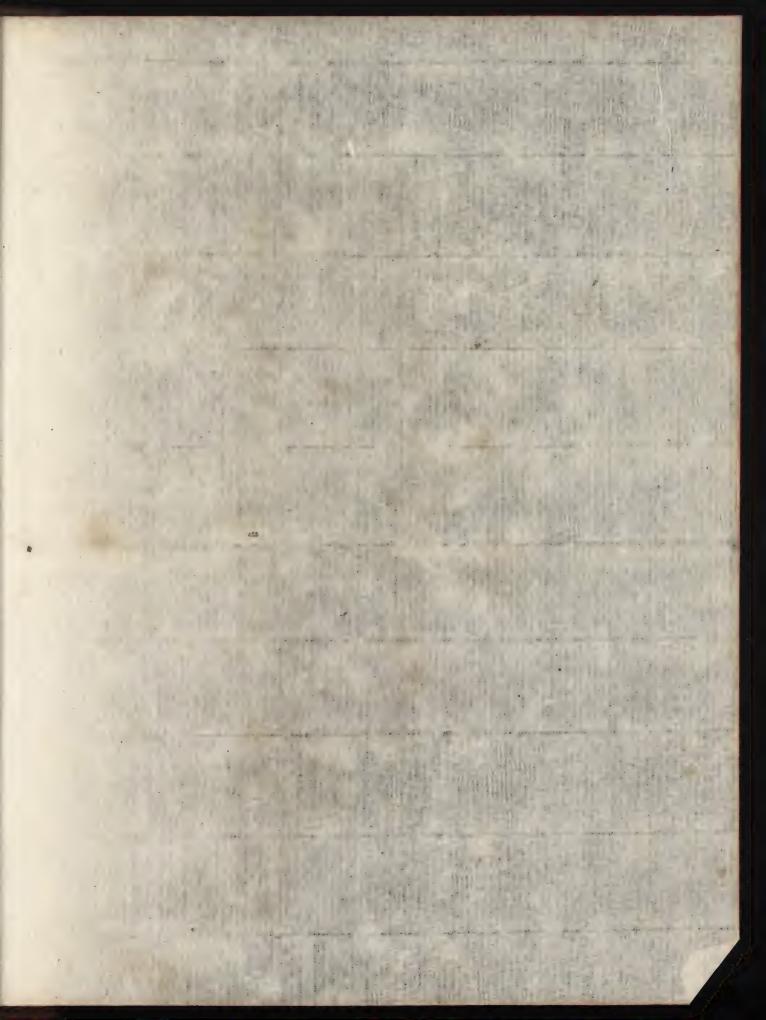
N. B. By this Table it appears that a number exceeding the whole of the prefent complement, viz. 2350, has been buried in the above-mentioned period.

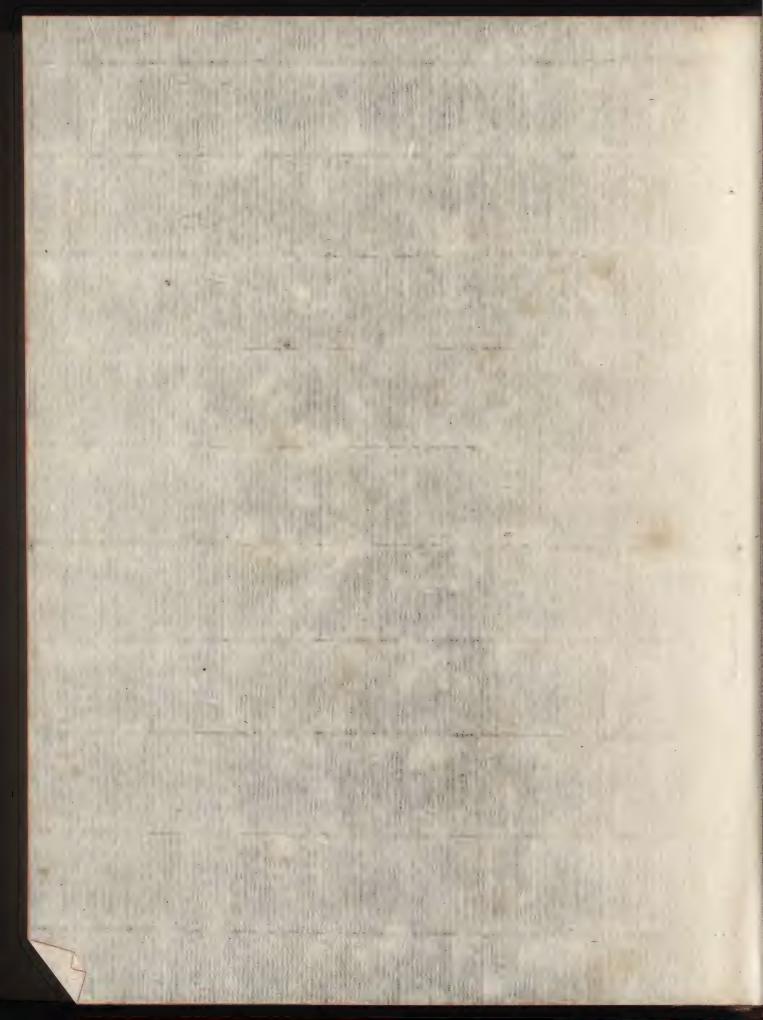




Theration of the Cast-front of the Boys Achool and Dormitory.

ingrove tby f Voutore





## S C H O O L.

AGREEABLE to the tenor of King William's Commission, and the Register Act, which direct some Provision to be made for the Maintenance and Education of the 7 & 8 W. Sons of Seamen, it was ordered by the Governor and Council, in the year 1715, that 10 Boys should be instructed in Reading, Writing, and Navigation, by Mr. Weston, Mathematical Master in the Town of Greenwich; and put out Apprentices to Masters of ships or others.

In 1719, Rules were fettled by the Directors, and afterwards confirmed by a General Court, for the admission, maintenance, and education of Seamens Sons.

In 1731, their number amounted to 60 and has from time to time been further augmented to 150, (the present complement) as the increasing state of the funds appropriated for them has admitted of it.

This Establishment is solely under the management of the Directors, who in rotation nominate the boys for admission; prior to which it must be made appear, by proper Certificates, that they are

Sons of Seamen.

Between eleven and thirteen years of age.

Objects of Charity.

Of found body and mind, and able to read.

And their Parents or Friends must give security that they shall be at the Directors disposal, and to indemnify the Hospital for the value of their clothes &c. if they should run away with them.

The Boys are lodged, clothed, and maintained, at the expence of the Hospital, for three years.

Five Nurses are appointed to keep them clean, to take care of their clothes, to make their beds, attend at their meals, &c. And a Guardian and four Assistants, are appointed to superintend them when out of School.

They are instructed in the principles of Religion by the Chaplains, and in Writing, Arithmetic and Navigation by a School Master appointed for that purpose; who also instructs those in Drawing who shew a genius for it.

Each Boy, on his admission, is supplied with a Bible and Common Prayer Book, and with all necessary Books and Instruments for his instruction, which he is allowed to take with him when he is bound out.

All the Boys attend the Directors, once a year to be viewed, when they bring specimens of their several performances; and three of them who produce the best Drawings after nature, done by themselves, are allowed the following premiums, according to their respective degrees of merit, viz.

A Hadley's

A Hadley's Quadrant, 1st Prize.

A Case of Mathematical Instruments, 2d Ditto.

Robertson's Treatise on Navigation, 3d Ditto.

They are bound out for seven years, to the sea-service only, for the better improvement of their talents, and that they may become able Seamen and good Artists.

In 1783, it was recommended by the Directors to the General Court, to build a School, and Dormitory, for the Boys, without the walls of the Hospital, that they might be better accommodated, and the rooms which they occupied in the Hospital converted to Wards for the reception of more Pensioners, whenever it might be found necessary to take in an additional number.

Accordingly a Building, defigned by Mr. Stuart, the late Surveyor, was erected near the Hospital, under the superintendance of Mr. Newton, Clerk of the Works.

This Building is 146 feet in length, and 42 in breadth, exclusive of its Tuscan Colonade intended for a play-place and shelter for the boys in bad weather, which is 180 feet long, and 20 feet broad.

In this Building is a School-Room 100 feet long, and 25 broad, capable of containing 200 Boys; in the two stories above are Dormitories of the same size, fitted up with Hammocks for the Boys to sleep in. Adjoining are Rooms for R 2

the Guardian, Nurses, and other necessary attendants; and, at a small distance, a good House for the School-master.

This excellent Charity, which is calculated for the double purpose of providing for the sons of poor Seamen and making them useful to their country, by training them up to a Seafaring life, has been, and is solely supported by money arising from the following incidental funds, viz.

Shewing the Painted Hall, Chapel, and other parts of the Hospital.

Mulcts, absences, Cheques, &c. of Pensioners, and Nurses.

Profits on Provisions purchased of the Pensioners. \*

Sale of old Houshold stores.

Unclaimed property of deceased Pensioners and Nurses.

Interest of Money in the Stocks, being savings from the above-mentioned funds.

The Clothing of the Boys, as well Linen as Woollen, is of the fame quality as that of the Penfioners, and they are newclothed as often as the Directors think fit; and when bound out, are supplied with two complete suits, and other necessaries.

They

<sup>\*</sup> By this excellent plan, those who find it more convenient for their familes to have money in lieu of their provisions, are prevented from exposing them to sale elsewhere; and though the Hospital derives a profit, are allowed full as much if not more than they can otherwise make of them.

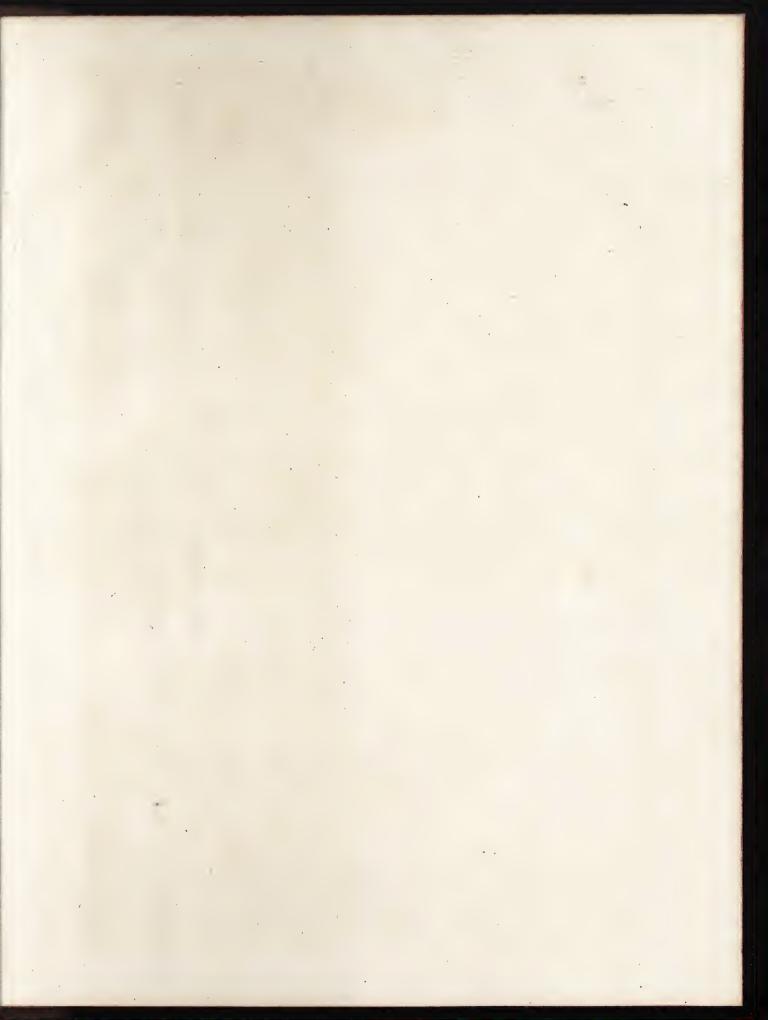
They eat altogether at a Table provided for them within the Hospital; and the following is a scheme of their diet for every day in the week, viz.

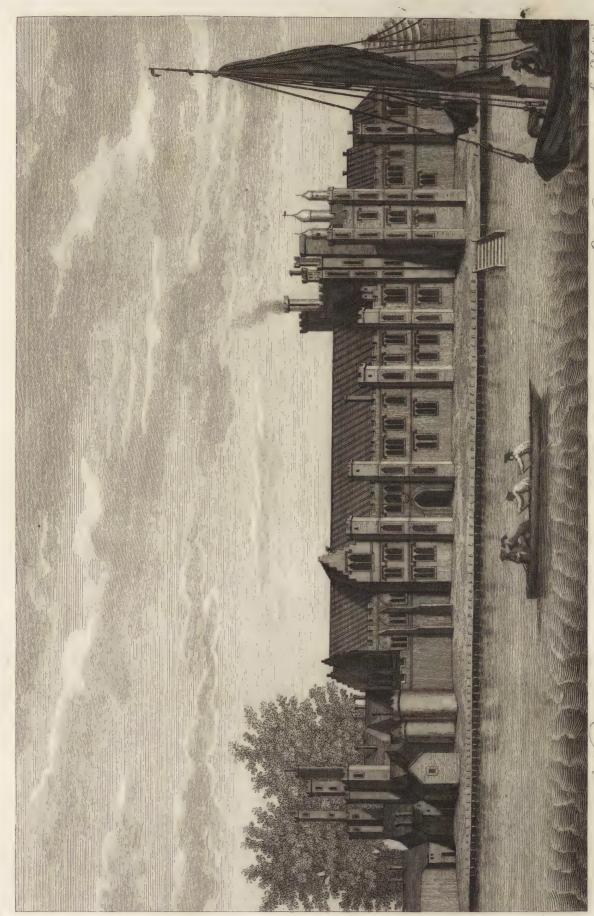
Days.	Bread.	Beer. Quarts		Mutt <sup>n</sup> lb.		Plumb Pudds lb.		Butter oz.	Cheefe oz.
Sunday	14	I		1			-		2
Monday	14	1			I			I	2
Tuefday	14	I.		<u> </u>	Continue and		ş <del></del>		2
Wednesd.	14	E				3 4	· —	I	2
Thursday	14	ī	<u>ī</u>						2
Friday	14	I					I	I	2
Saturday	14	I		土					2
Totalhan									
Total per Week.	98	7	1/2	I 1/2	I	3/4	I	2	14

Broth is allowed on each Meat day.

About 2,650 Boys have been admitted from the first Establishment to the present time,

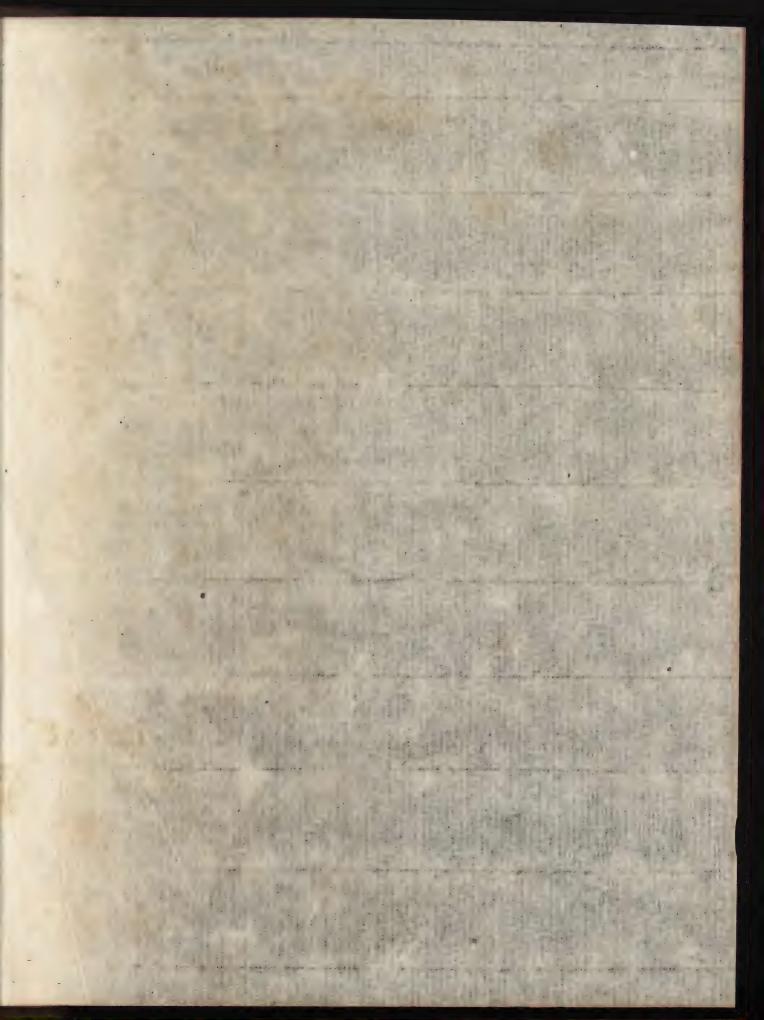
After the foregoing account of the present state of the spot whereon several of our former Monarchs have resided, it may not be unacceptable to our Readers to see a Description and View of the old Palace, which, by the Favour of the Antiquarian Society, we are enabled to annex.

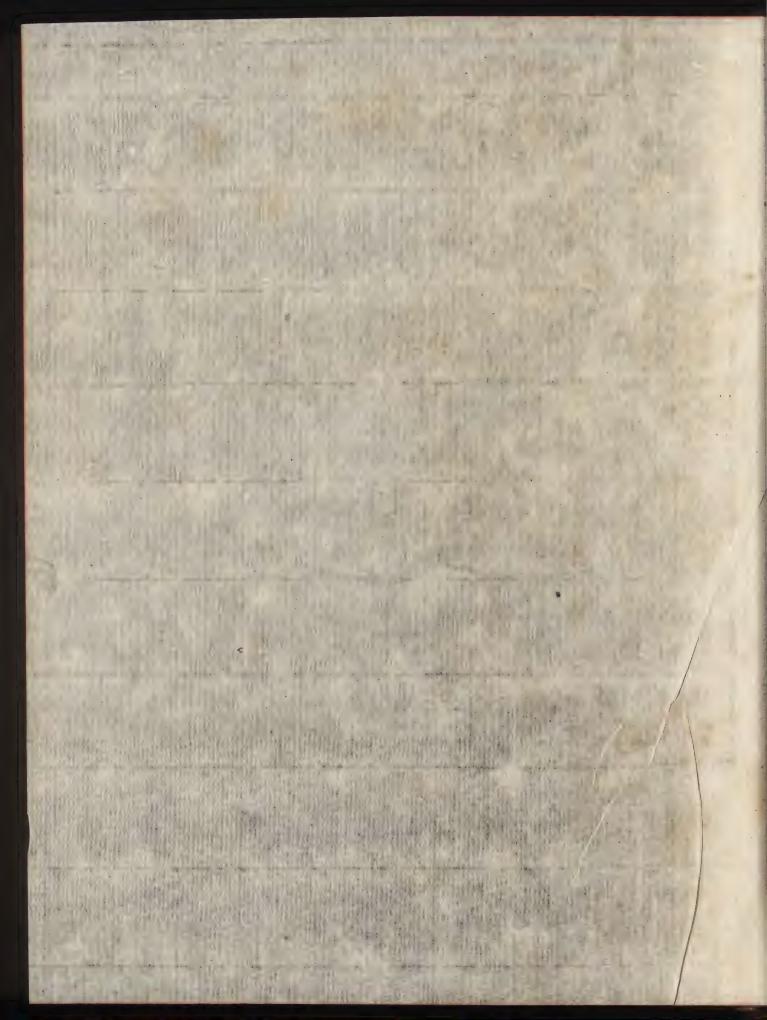




Of New of the & ANCIENT ROXAL PALACE, call's, PLACENTIA, in Cast Greenwich.

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#### AN ACCOUNT OF THE

## Ancient ROYAL PALACE of PLACENTIA,

r N

#### EAST-GREENWICH.

GREENWICH, or Grenewick, vicus viridans, called, in ancient Deeds and other Writings, East-Grenwick, in order to distinguish it from Deptford, which was here-tofore called West-Greenwick, probably from its Situation on the verdant Banks of the Thames.

Before we mention the Palace, it may not be improper to give some Account of the Lands on which it was erected. They, together with Lewisham, Woolwich, and other Appendages, were given to the Church of St. Peter, in Ghent, by Elstrude, Niece to King Edgar, and Wife to Baldwin, Earl of Flanders, for the Health of her Soul, and the Souls of her Husband and his two Sons, Arnulf and Adenulf.

Dunstan, Archbishop of Canterbury, who had been Abbot of St. Peter's, at Ghent, is said to have prevailed upon King Edgar to renew and confirm the aforesaid Grant by his Charter, dated 964. The same Grant was renewed by Edward the Confessor, William the Conqueror, Henry I, II, and King John. Pope Eugenius and his Successor Alexander.

ander confirmed these Royal Grants; but a Dispute arising between the Abbot and Convent of Ghent, and the Bishop of Rochester, concerning the Churches of East Greenwich and Lewisham, the same Claim was by Pope Clement referred to Baldwin, Archbishop of Canterbury, whereupon those Churches were appropriated to the Abbey of Ghent, Anno 1218, which Sentence was confirmed by Richard, Bishop of Rochester, Anno 1239.

By Domesday Book it appears, that, soon after the Conquest, the Manor of Greenwich, as Parcel of the Possessions of the Bishop of Lisieux, paid Service to Odo, Bishop of Bayeux, and Earl of Kent.

King Edward I, by Letters Patent, bearing Date at Westminster, the 5th of May, Anno Regni 3°, granted a Licence to the Abbot and Convent of St. Peter's at Ghent, to sell the said Manors of Lewisham and Greenwich, with their Apurtenances, to Walter, Bishop of Rochester, to be held by him and his Successors of the King of England, and his Heirs in capite.

The Alien Priories being, by Parliament, given to King Henry V, in the Second-Year of his Reign a, this Prince, the Year after, granted the Manors of Lewisham and Greenwich, &c. formerly belonging to the Abbey of St. Peters at Ghent, to his new erected Carthusian Abbey of Sheene.

a Rot. Parl. 2º 2 do Hen. V. n. 19.

The Palace, of which a View is engraven, from a Drawing in the Possession of Dr. Ducarel, was begun by Humphrey, Duke of Gloucester, in the Reign of Henry VI, who also granted his Royal Licence to the Duke and Alienora his Wife, to inclose the Park, and afterwards to build a Tower or Castle, which was finished by Henry the Seventh. The Duke is faid to have given the Name of Placentia to this Palace and District, on Account of their agreeable Situations; but Stow afferts that this Name was given by Henry the Seventh. King Edward IV, enlarged the Edifice; and in the 5th Year of his Reign, granted it to Elizabeth, his then Queen b. Henry VII, added a Brick Front towards the Water-fide, and built a House adjoining to the Palace, probably the low Building, which is at the East End thereof for the Reception of certain Observant Fryers, who came to Greenwich about the latter End of the Reign of K. Edward the Fourth, from whom they had obtained a Chauntry there, together with a small Chapel of the Holy Cross. This House, together with the Manors of Lewisham and East Greenwich, being conveyed, and affured, to King Henry VIII, his Heirs, and Successfors, in the Twenty-second Year of his Reigne; he spared no Cost to render it a splendid and magnificent Palace. Queen Elizabeth made feveral Additions to these Buildings; another Front towards the Gardens was built by Queen Ann, Wife of K. James I, who also laid the Foundation of the House, next the Park, where the Governor of the Hospital afterwards refided, which House was

Pat. 5 Edw IV. p. 1. m. 15. Rot. Clauf. 22 Hen. VIII. m. 13.

finished and adorned in a superb Manner by Henrietta Maria, Queen to King Charles the First.

In this fair Palace, in which the Kings and Queens of England heretofore have taken so great a Delight, were born many Royal Persons; amongst others, Henry VIII, and his brother Edmund, and Edw. VI, Queen Mary, and her Sister Queen Elizabeth, and several Children of K. James I. Here also died that most amiable and ever lamented Sovereign Edward VI.

Henry Howard, Earl of Northampton, founded an Hofpital here, by the Thames, and enlarged and beautified the Edifice, which was then called the Castle, being a more eminent Part of the King's Old Palace; from whence was a most delightful Prospect towards the River.

An Ordinance<sup>d</sup> of Parliament passed July 16, 1649, for the Sale of the Crown Lands, in which was a Clause, providing, that the same should not extend, inter alia, to the Manor of East Greenwich, nor to the House, Park, Castle, or any Buildings thereunto belonging: in Consequence whereof they were permitted to remain in the Hands of the State.

The Necessities of the Commonwealth, some time after, requiring Monies to be raised for defraying the Expences of the Navy; the House of Commons, on the 27th of November, 1652, took that Matter into Consideration,

Scobel's Acts.

and came to the following Resolution; viz. That Green-wich House, Park, and Lands, should be immediately sold for ready Money. On the sixth of December sollowing they ordered Surveyors to be sworn for the due Valuation of the Premisses, in like manner as had been prescribed for surveying other Estates of the late King, Queen, and Prince; and on the 31st Day of the same Month, the House passed an Ordinance for carrying the Survey and Sale into Execution. The Survey was accordingly taken, and Particulars made out for the Sale of the Hoby Stables, and some trisling Parts of the Royal Garden and Palaces, but no further Proceedings appear to have been had at that Time.

In the Year 1654, the Sub-Committee, for the Revenue, finding that the House and Park of East Greenwich, together, with Hampton-Court House and Park, Somerset House, &c. and other the King's Palaces, had been surveyed, and the Buildings valued at 25,969l. 6s. 6d. but that the same then remained unfold, after solemn Debates, declared, as their Opinion, that they are sit Places for the Accommodation of the Lord Protector, therefore not to be valued at any gross Sum, yet, that they might be allowed toward the Revenue as they are returned in the Survey, at the Rent of 1254l. 13s. 4d.

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Journals of the House of Commons, Vol. VII. p. 222.

Ibid.

Records in the Augmentation Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Report of the Sub-Committee of Parliament for the Revenue, Anno 1654.
MS. in the Possession of Lord Godolphin.

King Charles the Second, finding the Old Palace greatly decayed by Time, and the Want of necessary Reparations during the Usurpation, soon after his Return to England, began to erect a New Palace in this Place; but it being left unfinished at his Death, remained in that Condition until King William III. and Queen Mary, by Letters Patent, bearing Date the 25th of October, in the Sixth Year of their Reign, granted to Sir John Sommers, then Keeper of the Great Seal, and divers others, a Piece or Parcel of Ground, Part of the Manor of Greenwich, containing Eight Acres, Two Roods, and Thirty-two square Perches, and which, as described in those Letters Patent, is bounded by the River Thames on the North, and contained, by Admeasurement, along the River, from a House in the Occupation of Nicholas Smythys, to the East End of the Edifice called the Vestry, Six Hundred Seventy-three Feet, abutting in Part, East, on the public Way, leading from the Crane to the Back Lane, South on the Old Tilt-Yard and the Queen's Garden, and West on the Fryer's Road and other Lands belonging to the Crown, together with the Capital Messuage, then lately in building by King Charles the Second, and still remaining unfinished, commonly called by the Name of the Palace at Greenwich, and there standing upon Part of the aforefaid Ground: To hold, forever, as of the Manor of East Greenwich, in free and common Socage, by Fealty only, to the Intent that the Premisses should be converted (as they have accordingly been) into an Hospital for Seamen.

# A LIST of the present DIRECTORS of the HOSPITAL.

Sir Hugh Palliser, Bart. James Ferguson, Esq. Sir Alexander Hood, K. B. Right Honourable William Eden. Timothy Brett, Efq. John Cleyland, Efq. John Tauzia Savary, Esq. George Marsh, Esq. William Wells, Efq. Reverend John Cooke. John Campbell, Efq. Joah Bates, Esq. Sir Richard Bickerton, Bart. William Allen, Efq. Martin Fonnereau, Esq. Josiah Hardy, Esq. William Palmer, Efg. William Thornton Astell, Esq. George Rogers, Esq. Richard Hulfe, Efq. Christopher Mason, Esq. Richard Preston, Esq. John Yenn, Esq. William Bellingham, Efq.

A LIST of the Lords High Admirals, and First Lords of the Admiralty, and also of the Masters and Governors, Lieutenant-Governors, Captains, Lieutenants, and other Civil and Military Officers of the Hospital, from the Institution to the present Time.

# LORDS HIGH ADMIRALS and FIRST LORDS of the ADMIRALTY.

In 1694, Edward Ruffel, Efq;

1697, Edward Russel, Earl of Orford

1699, John Egerton, Earl of Bridgwater

1701, Thomas Herbert, Earl of Pembroke

1702, His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, Lord High Admiral

1708, Thomas Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, Lord High Admiral

1709, Edward Russel, Earl of Orford

1710, Sir John Leake, Knt.

1712, Thomas Wentworth, Earl of Stafford

1714, Edward Ruffel, Earl of Orford

1717, James Berkeley, Earl of Berkeley

1727, George Byng, Viscount Torrington

1733, Sir Charles Wager, Knt.

1742, Daniel Earl of Winehelsea and Nottingham

1744, John Duke of Bedford

1748, John Montagu, Earl of Sandwich

1751, George Lord Anson

1756, Richard Earl Temple

1757. Daniel Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham

1757, George

#### LORDS HIGH ADMIRALS.

In 1757, George Lord Anson

1762, George Montagu Dunk, Earl of Halifax

, Right Hon. George Grenville

1763, John Montagu, Earl of Sandwich

-, John Percival, Earl of Egmont

1766, Sir Charles Saunders, K. B.

, Sir Edward Hawke, K. B.

1771, John Montagu, Earl of Sandwich.

1782, Augustus Viscount Keppel

1783, Richard Viscount Howe

-, Augustus Viscount Keppel

-, Richard Viscount Howe

1786, John Pitt, Earl of Chatham.

## MASTERS and GOVERNORS.

In 1708, Sir William Gifford, Knt.

1714, Mathew Aylmer, Esq.

1720, Sir John Jennings, Knt.

1744, Sir John Balchen, Knt.

1746, Right Hon. Lord Archibald Hamilton

1754, Isaac Townsend, Esq.

1765, Sir George Bridges Rodney, Bart.

1771, Francis Holbourn, Esq.

, Sir Charles Hardy, Knt.

1780, Sir Hugh Pallifer, Bart.

# LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS.

In 1704,	Captain John Clements
1705,	Robert Robinson
1718,	Thomas Cleafby
<del></del> ,	— Joseph Soanes,
1737,	—— Teudor Trevor
1740,	——— Charles Smith
1750,	- Francis Danfays
1754,	— James Lloyd
1761,	William Boys
1774,	Thomas Baillie
1778,	— Jarvis Maplesden
1781,	Broderick Hartwell
1784,	— James Ferguson

## CAPTAINS.

In 1704, Robert Robinson 1705, Benjamin Hoskins

1712, Thomas Monk

1714, Thomas Cleasby

1717, Edmund Clark

1718, Thomas Smith

John Smith

1722, William Paulkner

1725, Charles Chamberlain

1728, Baron Wylde

—, Charles Smith

1736, Teudor

In 1736, Teudor Trevor

1737, Robert Mann

1740, Edward Gregory

1743, Thomas Lawrence

1745, Francis Danfays

1747, James Lloyd

1750, Peter Osborne

1753, Cotton Dent

1754, James Rycaut

\_\_\_, Justinian Nutt

1758, Elliot Smith

1759, Richard Clements

1761, Thomas Baillie

1767, James Hobbs

1769, Henry Marsh

1770, Jarvis Maplesden

1772, Thomas Allwright

1774, Francis Lynn

1775, James Cook

1776, James Chads

1779, George Robinson Walters

1781, John Gore

## LIEUTENANTS.

In 1704, Pierce Welch

---, John Constable

1705, Edward Smith

1709, Thomas Grimstone

T

1724, Heary

In 1724, Henry Power

1728, John Lambert

1736, William Carr

1739, Alexander Barclay

1743, Isaac Power

1745, Henry Osborn

1747, John Bray

1748, Alexander Gordon

----, Henry Moyle

1749, Charles Stuterville

1750, George Grant

1754, James Cummings

1759, Charles Besson

1766, Robert Kerr

----, William Lefebvre

1772, Joseph Neville

1773, Henry Smith

1774, William Ansel

1778, Anthony Fortye-

1780, George Spearing

1782, William Lurcock

1783; Henry Masters

1786, William Hunter

1787, Patrick Stuart.

#### TREASURERS.

In 1695, John Evelyn

1704, William Draper

1714, Galfredus Walpole

1721, Philip Cavendish

1736, Hercules Baker

1745, James Gunman

1754, Charles Saunders

1766, Alexander Hood

### SECRETARIES.

In 1695, William Vanburgh

1716, Thomas Corbett

1736, William Corbett

1751, John Corbett

1753, Daines Barrington

1756, Philip Stephens

1759, John Milnes

1762, John Ibbetson

## AUDITORS.

In 1707, Sidney Godolphin

1733, James Hunter

1741, Charles Clarke

T 2

1742, Heneage

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In 1742, Heneage Legge

1747, Swinfen Jervis

1757, Richard Huffey

1770, Edward Thurlow

1771, William Eden

#### CHAPLAINS.

In 1705, Philip Stubbs

----, Robert Barry

1716, Thomas Pocock

1738, Nicolas Tindal

1745, David Campbell

1772, John Cooke

1773, John Maule

## PHYSICIANS.

In 1704, Salisbury Cade,

1713, William Maundy

1714, William Oliver

1716, Richard Morton

1730, Peter Jouneau

----, Stephen Hall

1731, David Cockburn

1762, Montague Bacon

1766, James Hoffack

#### STEWARDS.

In 1704, Joseph Gascoigne

1717, William Bell

1761, John Ellis

1772, John Izard

1774, John Godby

#### SURGEONS.

In 1704, James Christie

1714, Isaac Rider

1754, Charles Allen

1763, Henry Tom

1764, John Holden

1765, Benjamin Denham

1766, William Taylor

## CLERKS of the CHEQUE.

In 1718, Edward Smith

1736, John Maule

1776, Stephen John Maule

#### DISPENSERS.

In 17<sup>12</sup>, Henry Blakey

1757, John Pocock

#### SURVEYORS.

In 1696, Sir Christopher Wren, Knt.

1716, Sir John Vanbrugh, Knt.

1726, Colin Campbell

1729, Thomas Ripley

1758, James Stuart

1788, Sir Robert Taylor, Knt.

John Yenn

## CLERKS of WORKS.

In 1696, John Scarborough

----, Henry Symmons

1698, Nicholas Hawkesmore

1705, John James

1746, William Robinson

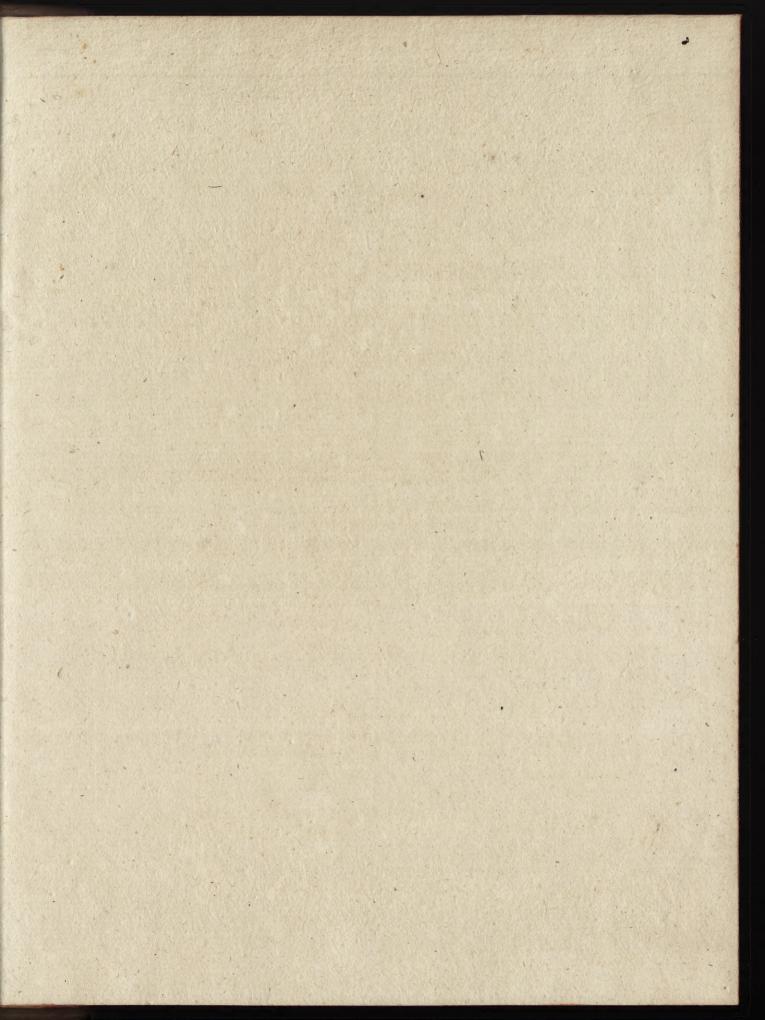
1775, Robert Mylne

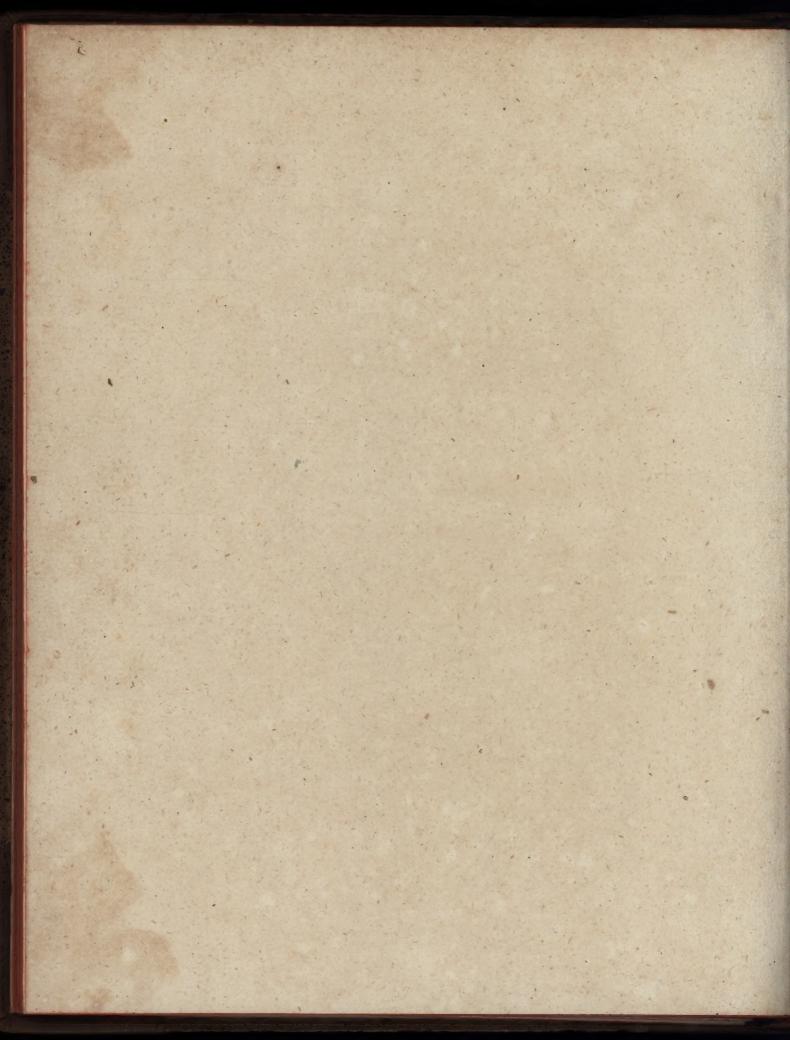
1782, William Newton

#### THE END.

ERRATA

Page 101, line 18, for between, read beneath.
In the Lift of Directors, for Richard, read Robert Preston, Esq.





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